Aisys Anesthesia Machine Technical Reference Manual



Datex-Ohmeda, Inc., a General Electric Company, doing business as GE Healthcare.

Datex-Ohmeda products have unit serial numbers with coded logic which indicates a product group code, the year of manufacture, and a sequential unit number for identification. The serial number can be in one of two formats.

AAA X 11111	AAA XX 111111AA
The X represents an alpha character indicating the year the product was manufactured; $H = 2004$, $J = 2005$, etc. I and O are not used.	The XX represents a number indicating the year the product was manufactured; 04 = 2004, 05 = 2005, etc.

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Aisys Anesthesia Machine

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Important

The information contained in this Technical Reference manual pertains only to those models of products which are marketed by Datex-Ohmeda as of the effective date of this manual or the latest revision thereof. This Technical Reference manual was prepared for exclusive use by Datex-Ohmeda service personnel in light of their training and experience as well as the availability to them of parts, proper tools and test equipment. Consequently, Datex-Ohmeda provides this Technical Reference manual to its customers purely as a business convenience and for the customer's general information only without warranty of the results with respect to any application of such information. Furthermore, because of the wide variety of circumstances under which maintenance and repair activities may be performed and the unique nature of each individual's own experience, capacity, and gualifications, the fact that customer has received such information from Datex-Ohmeda does not imply in anyway that Datex-Ohmeda deems said individual to be gualified to perform any such maintenance or repair service. Moreover, it should not be assumed that every acceptable test and safety procedure or method, precaution, tool, equipment or device is referred to within, or that abnormal or unusual circumstances, may not warrant or suggest different or additional procedures or requirements.

This manual is subject to periodic review, update and revision. Customers are cautioned to obtain and consult the latest revision before undertaking any service of the equipment. Comments and suggestions on this manual are invited from our customers. Send your comments and suggestions to the Manager of Technical Communications, Datex-Ohmeda, Ohmeda Drive, PO Box 7550, Madison, Wisconsin 53707.

▲ CAUTION Servicing of this product in accordance with this Technical Reference manual should never be undertaken in the absence of proper tools, test equipment and the most recent revision to this service manual which is clearly and thoroughly understood.

Technical Competence

The procedures described in this Technical Reference manual should be performed by trained and authorized personnel only. Maintenance should only be undertaken by competent individuals who have a general knowledge of and experience with devices of this nature. No repairs should ever be undertaken or attempted by anyone not having such qualifications.

Datex-Ohmeda strongly recommends using only genuine replacement parts, manufactured or sold by Datex-Ohmeda for all repair parts replacements.

Read completely through each step in every procedure before starting the procedure; any exceptions may result in a failure to properly and safely complete the attempted procedure.

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Notes

1 Introduction

In this section	This section provides a general overview of the Aisys anesthesia machine.		
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1.1 What this manual includes

This manual covers the service information for the Aisys line of anesthesia machines. It covers the following components:

- Display Unit
- Integral electronics
- · Gas delivery components
- Electronic vaporization
- Breathing system components
- Frame component
- Optional suction regulator
- Optional auxiliary O₂ flowmeter
- **Other equipment** Other equipment may be attached to the system on a display mount, the top shelf, or on the side dovetail rails. Consult separate documentation relative to these items for details.

1.2 User's Reference manuals

Some sections of this manual refer you to the User's Reference manual for the Aisys Carestation. To expedite repairs, you must have, and be familiar with, the User's Reference manuals for this product.

Refer to the Aisys Carestation User's Reference manual if you need further information about the operation of the system.

1.3 Overview

The Aisys Carestation for anesthesia is a scalable, flexible, and functionally integrated system, featuring advanced design ventilation, respiratory monitoring, and breathing system.

Module bays allow for the integration of Datex-Ohmeda patient monitors. Optionally, the open architecture design supports mounting of non-Datex Ohmeda patient monitors, record keeping, and connections to the hospital information system.

Aisys Carestation uses SmartVent ventilation technology offering Volume Control Ventilation with tidal volume compensation, Pressure Control Ventilation, and electronic PEEP. It also features optional Pressure Support Ventilation with an Apnea Backup (PSVPro) that is used for spontaneously breathing patients, Synchronized Intermittent Mandatory Ventilation (SIMV), Pressure control ventilation-volume guarantee (PCV-VG), and VCV cardiac bypass.

The Aisys Carestation is not suitable for use in a MRI environment.

Note Configurations available for this product depend on local market and standards requirements. Illustrations in this manual may not represent all configurations of the product.



Figure 1-1 • Aisys Carestation

1.4 Anesthesia system components



- 1. Airway module (optional)
- 2. Datex-Ohmeda patient monitoring modules (optional)
- 3. Dovetail rails
- 4. Light switch
- 5. Alternate O_2 control
- 6. Mains indicator
- 7. Brake
- 8. Aladin cassette storage bay
- 9. O_2 flush button
- 10. System switch
- 11. Integrated suction (optional)
- 12. Advanced breathing system
- 13. Auxiliary O_2 flow control (optional)
- 14. Aladin cassette and bay
- 15. Anesthesia display
- 16. Datex-Ohmeda patient monitoring display (optional)
- Figure 1-2 Front view



- 1. Display Unit system interface connections (refer to Section 2.5.1)
- 2. Collection bottle connection (optional)
- 3. Cylinder wrench (key) storage
- 4. Cylinder yoke
- 5. AGSS (Anesthesia Gas Scavenging System)
- 6. Pipeline connections
- 7. Mains inlet
- 8. System circuit breaker
- 9. Equipotential stud
- 10. Isolated electrical outlet
- 11. Auxiliary connector board

Figure 1-3 • Rear view

1.5 Breathing system components



- 1. Expiratory check valve
- 2. Inspiratory check valve
- 3. Inspiratory flow sensor
- 4. Expiratory flow sensor
- 5. Absorber canister
- 6. Absorber canister release
- 7. Leak test plug
- 8. Manual bag port
- 9. Breathing system release
- 10. Adjustable pressure-limiting (APL) valve
- 11. Bag/Vent switch
- 12. Bellows assembly

Figure 1-4 • Advanced breathing system

1.5.1 Optional system components





- 1. Bag support arm
- 2. Auxiliary Common Gas Outlet (ACGO) switch
- 3. ACGO port
- 4. EZchange Canister system (CO₂ bypass)
- 5. EZchange Canister release
- 6. Condenser drain button
- 7. Condenser

Figure 1-5 • Breathing system options

1.6 Display controls



1.	Alarm Silence key	Push to silence any active, silenceable high and medium priority alarms or to suspend/acknowledge any non-active medium or high priority alarms. Alarm is silenced for 120 seconds or alarm is suspended for 90 seconds.
2.	Menu keys	Push to show corresponding menu.
3.	ComWheel	Push to select a menu item or confirm a setting. Turn clockwise or counterclockwise to scroll menu items or change settings.
4.	Normal Screen key	Push to remove all menus from the screen.
5.	Quick keys	Push to change corresponding gas setting or ventilator setting. Turn the ComWheel to make a change. Push the ComWheel to activate the change.
6.	Timer keys	Push to start or stop the timer. Push to reset the timer back to zero.
7.	MV/TV Alarms key	Push to turn off the MV and TV alarms. Push again to turn the MV and TV alarms back on.

Figure 1-6 • Display controls



1.7 Anesthesia system display

- 1. Electronic gas flow indicators
- 2. Alarm silence countdown
- 3. Alarm message fields
- 4. Waveform fields
- 5. General message field or timer field
- 6. Clock
- 7. Battery indicator field
- 8. Measured values field
- 9. Pipeline and cylinder supply or respiratory data
- 10. Ventilator settings
- 11. Ventilation mode
- 12. Gas and agent settings

Figure 1-7 • Normal view



When a menu key is selected, the menu field overlays the gas flow tubes and the waveform fields start at the right edge of the menu.

- 1. Menu
- 2. Waveform fields

Figure 1-8 • Menu view

1.7.1 Using menus

Push a menu key to display the corresponding menu. Use the ComWheel to navigate through the menu.



- 1. Menu title
- 2. Present selection
- 3. Adjustment window
- 4. Indicates submenu
- 5. Short instructions
- 6. Menu selections

Figure 1-9 • Example menu

- 1. Push the menu key to display the corresponding menu.
- 2. Turn the ComWheel counterclockwise to highlight the next menu item. (Turn the ComWheel clockwise to highlight the previous menu item.)
- 3. Push the ComWheel to enter the adjustment window or a submenu.
- 4. Turn the ComWheel clockwise or counterclockwise to highlight the desired selection.
- 5. Push the ComWheel to confirm the selection.
- 6. Select *Normal Screen* or push the **Normal Screen** key to exit the menu and return to the normal monitoring display. (Select *Previous Menu* to return to the last displayed menu, if available.)

1.8 Symbols used in the manual or on the equipment

Symbols replace words on the equipment, on the display, or in Datex-Ohmeda manuals. No one device or manual uses all of the symbols.

Warnings and Cautions tell you about dangerous conditions that can occur if you do not follow all instructions in this manual:

- Warnings tell about a condition that can cause injury to the operator or the patient.
- Cautions tell about a condition that can cause damage to the equipment.

Read and follow all warnings and cautions.

I	On (power)	×	Alarm silence
0	Off (power)	\mathbf{X}	Alarm silence
	Standby	ά	Type B equipment
Ċ	Standby or preparatory state for part of the equipment	Ϊ	Type BF equipment
\odot	"ON" only for part of the equipment	¥	Type CF equipment
Ò	"OFF" only for part of the equipment	\land	Caution, ISO 7000-0434
	Direct current		Attention, refer to product instructions, IEC 60601-1
\sim	Alternating current	4	Dangerous voltage
(Protective earth ground	(C)-	Electrical input
Ŧ	Earth ground	\bigcirc	Electrical output
, ,	Frame or chassis ground	<	Pneumatic input
\bigtriangledown	Equipotential	\square	Pneumatic output

1 Introduction



Aisys





Systems with this mark agree with the European Council Directive (93/42/EEC) for Medical Devices when they are used as specified in their User's Reference manuals. The xxxx is the certification number of the Notified Body used by Datex-Ohmeda's Quality Systems.



Indicates that the waste of electrical and electronic equipment must not be disposed as unsorted municipal waste and must be collected separately. Please contact an authorized representative of the manufacturer for information concerning the decommissioning of equipment.



Electrical input/output



Sample gas inlet to scavenging



Refer to product instructions, ISO 15223



Agent level unknown



Enhanced temperature sensing

Notes

2 Theory of Operation

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2.1 Electrical system

The electrical system consists of two main computing units: the Display Unit and the Anesthesia Control board. Additional subsystems interact with these computing hosts to perform various gas delivery, ventilation, and monitoring functions.

The Display Unit handles the main user interface functions and connections to external devices. The Display Unit software runs on the Windows CE operating system.

Therapy functions are handled by the Anesthesia Control board. The Anesthesia Control board is based on the Motorola Coldfire processor with a Nucleus operating system.

Embedded controllers are used to perform specific machine functions on subsystems like the Power Controller board and the Mixer board.

The processors communicate through serial bus channels.

The various functions of the electrical system are accomplished on the following:

- Display Unit (HPDU) CPU (A)
- Display Unit System Interconnect assembly (B)
- Display Connector board (C)
- Power Controller board (D)
- Anesthesia Control board (E)
- Pan Connector board (F)
- Electronic Mixer board (G)
- Electronic Vaporizer (H)
- Ventilator Interface board (I)
- ABS Filter board (J)
- Vent Engine Connector board (K)
- MGAS Power Supply board (L)
- Light Strip board (M)
- Auxiliary Connector board (N)
- Inrush board (0)
- Toroid (P)



2.2 Power subsystem

Mains power enters the system through the AC Inlet module (**A**), which includes a line filter and the system circuit breaker. Mains power is routed through the Inrush (**B**) board to the isolation transformer (**C**).

The Inrush board protects against voltage spikes and conditions the AC mains.

The isolated secondary output of the transformer (approximately 180 VAC) is routed through two, 5-amp fuses (**D**) to the universal power supply (**E**). The DC output of the power supply feeds into the Power Controller board (**F**). The transformer also supplies isolated power to the electrical outlets through individual circuit breakers.

The Power Controller board interfaces with the system through:

- the Anesthesia Control board connector (G),
- the Display Connector board connector (H),
- the battery connector (I) and fan connectors (J),
- the Auxiliary Connector board connector (K).



Figure 2-10 • Power subsystem
2.2.1 U-Frame Power Supply

The power supply provides a regulated voltage of approximately 28 VDC input to the Power Controller board.

The supply has three electrical connections:

- P1 is the 180 VAC inlet,
- P2 is the output to the Power Controller board of approximately 28 VDC.
- P3 is a four conductor (white wires) that provides feedback between the U-Frame Power Supply and the Power Controller board.



2.2.2 Power Controller board overview

- The system uses a distributed power bus. The Power Controller board contains:
 - a DC/DC converter that converts the input from the universal power supply to the 12.5 VDC system bus voltage.

The Power Controller contains supervisory circuitry that performs:

- battery charge control (battery switch circuits provide a minimum of 30 minutes of system power in the event of AC power failure);
- current, voltage, and temperature monitoring;
- AC sensing;
- fan control;
- monitor battery backup.

Two 12-volt batteries, wired in series, provide the back-up power.

The Power Controller communicates with the Display Unit through a RS-422, 9.6 kB channel. It receives the On/Standby signal from the system switch through the Anesthesia Control board.



Figure 2-11 • Power subsystem

2.2.3 Power The Power Controller board provides outputs to the Anesthesia Control board and the Display Connector board. These boards provide distribution of power supplies required by the system.

The Anesthesia Control board interfaces with the Mixer board, the Ventilator Interface board, and the Agent Delivery board through the Pan Connector board.

The Display Connector board interfaces with the Display Unit and the Module assembly.



Figure 2-12 • Power distribution

2.2.4 Power Controller Board

This board is a self-monitored and self-controlled by an on-board microcontroller. Much of its circuitry is used to monitor things like operating temperature of the board, battery status, battery charging, and communication to the Display Unit.

Its primary function is to distribute voltages to other subsystems and to keep the batteries charged.

The Power Controller Board has eight (8) connectors (populated):

- J1 is the battery connector
- J2 is not used
- J3 is Power Out to the Display Controller (Display Unit)
- J4 is the Power Out to the Anesthesia Control Board
- J5 is Fan 2
- J6 is the 28 VDC in from the U-Frame Power Supply
- J7 is Fan 1
- J8 is the optional Battery Backup for the Anesthesia Monitor
- J9 is the voltage adjust connector for the U-Frame Power Supply

Connector J9 connects the U-Frame Power Supply to the Power Controller



Board where circuits on the Power Controller Board monitor the battery charge requirements. Signals sent through J9 can "boost" or "reduce" (adjust) the 28VDC output of the U-Frame Power Supply when the batteries need charge or they are fully charged.

The Power Controller Board has seven LEDs: three indicate battery charge status:

- OVER: When in "Over Charge" mode, a high voltage (+ 16 VDC), but current limited, is applied to the batteries. This is used to 'top-off' the batteries. This also breaks-down the oxidation that happens with lead acid batteries.
- FLOAT: Trickle charge used to maintain fully charged batteries.
- CHG: Also known as Bulk Charge. Used to charge the batteries with constant current.



The remaining LEDs are status indicators:

- Battery Connected: is turned on and off by a time-delay circuit on the POWER CONTROLLER BOARD. Evidence of this is to disconnect AC Mains and place the unit in the Standby position. The fans will run for several seconds (on battery) until the battery is disconnected.
- CPU: The CPU Led should flash at a 2 Hz rate when application is running in the Power Controller Board. It will be dimly lit (or fast flashing) when Boot Code is running. If the CPU LED is not lit, then either NO power (28 VDC from U-Frame and Battery) or No Boot Code in the board. In the event of absence of Boot Code, the board needs to be replaced.
 - Note: The CPU Led flashing at the 2 Hz rate indicates the watchdog circuit is functioning.
- XMIT: Flashing of the XMIT LED indicates communication is being sent to the Display Unit (DU). The Power Controller Board only communicates to the Display Unit when asked to by the Display OR the Power Controller has encountered an error or alarm. It will mostly remain off.
- RCV: The RCV LED flashes when the Display Unit communicates with the Power Controller Board. RCV LED will be on solid if not connected to or not communicating with the Display Unit.



There are four field replaceable fuses on the Power Controller Board. They are automotive type fuses and can be purchased locally.

- FH1: 15 A (32 VDC) Battery Backup for the AM Monitor (Smart Switch for S/5 Monitor).
- FH2: 15 A (32 VDC) Machine Battery charging circuit.
- FH3: 15 A (32 VDC) Machine Battery.
- FH4: 5 A (32 VDC) Display Power (Note: Silk screening indicates "15A")



The Power Controller board produces other voltages.

- The 28 VDC that is generated by the U-Frame comes on the Power Controller board and is used to charge the machine batteries in one of three (3) modes. The charge voltage varies depending on the condition of the batteries.
- The 28 VDC is regulated down to +12 VDC, +12.5 VDC and 3.3 VDC.
- The 12 VDC and 3.3 VDC remain local on the Power Controller board and are used by on-board circuits and the onboard processor.
- The +12.5 VDC, created by the circuit (Brick) under the large heat sink, is a high current output. It supplies power to subsystems remote from the Power Controller board (Display Unit and Anesthesia Control board).
- Fan 1 and Fan 2 are capable of running at one of two speeds (high and low). They are controlled by the Power Controller board's microcontroller as it monitors temperature by circuitry also on the Power Controller board.

There are four conditions the Power Controller board can be placed into:

- 1. **OFF**: System unplugged from AC Mains or the AC Mains Circuit Breaker open and the On/Standby Switch in the Standby position.
 - In this condition, the Power Controller board is truly OFF. This is indicated by No Fans and No illuminated LEDs. There is no Battery Charging.
- 2. **Standby**: The system is plugged into AC Mains and Mains Circuit Breaker closed (receiving 28 VDC from U-Frame Power Supply) and the system switch in the Standby position.
 - In this condition, 180 VAC is sent to the U-Frame Power Supply, which converts it to approximately 28 VDC and sends a signal "AC_GOOD" to the Power Controller board (along with the 28 VDC). A "green" AC Mains LED on the front panel of the machine will illuminate because of this signal.
 - Even though the On/Standby Switch is in the Standby position, the Power Controller board will receive the 28 VDC and create from it a +12 VDC, a battery charge voltage, and a +3.3 VDC (for microprocessor, ROM, RAM, etc).
 - The microprocessor will run its Boot Code. During this brief time, the CPU LED may be dimly lit (or fast flashing). Soon it will begin flashing at a 2 Hz rate (indicating it is running application program). Almost immediately, the fans should turn on. One or more of the battery status LEDs should illuminate and the battery connected LED should also illuminate. The XMIT LED will remain OFF (indicating no communication to the Display Unit). The RCV LED will be on solid (indicating no communication to the Display Unit).
- 3. **ON**: system is plugged into AC Mains and Mains Circuit Breaker closed (receiving 28 VDC from U-Frame Power Supply) and the system switch in the ON position.
 - The movement of the System Switch to the ON position will trigger the CPU (via On/Standby Logic circuitry) to enable the +12.5 V DC/DC Brick to send +12.5 VDC to the Display Unit and the Anesthesia Control Board. Notice a 12.5v LED under connector J4 (Anesthesia Control Board connector) illuminates solid. Within approximately one minute, the XMIT and RCV LED's will be mostly off but will briefly and randomly flash indicating communication with the Display Unit.
 - Recap LED Status: CPU flashing at 2 Hz rate, XMIT/RCV flash randomly, 12.5v constant illuminated, BATTery CONNected constantly illuminated, battery status LEDs illuminated depending on the battery condition.
- 4. **ON** (no AC mains) **Batteries ONLY**: The system is <u>NOT</u> plugged into AC Mains or the Mains Circuit Breaker is Open and the On/Standby Switch in the On position. The system will switch to battery operation for up to 30 minutes (with AM Monitor backup, longer if not connected to AM Monitor).
 - There should be no interruption of operation and the "green" AC Mains LED on the front panel of the machine will <u>NOT</u> be illuminated. The LEDs that indicate battery condition will turn off (this may not happen immediately).

2.3 Display Unit

The Aisys anesthesia machine uses the High Performance Display Unit (HPDU).

The Display Unit handles most of the machine's user interface functions through the front panel controls and the LCD screen. It is the primary interface to external peripherals.

The main components of the Display Unit include:

- An active matrix thin film transistor liquid crystal display (A)
- The CPU board (B)
- The System Interconnect assembly (C)

The CPU board includes a host processor and three coprocessors to handle display, front panel, and monitoring interfaces.

The Display Unit includes a Compact Flash interface (**D**) to handle software upgrades and to load the Special Functions diagnostics.

The HPDU uses a lithium battery to power the real time clock when the machine is in Standby or Off states. The HPDU also uses the lithium battery to retain the BIOS setup. If the battery is removed or becomes disconnected, the BIOS setup needs to be restored by booting the system off the Software Download Card.



Figure 2-13 • Display Unit (HPDU)

2.4 System communications

RS-422 serial communication is used between the two main processors — Display Unit and Anesthesia Computer — and the subsystem processors. Various baud rates accommodate data requirements between subsystem and host. External communication uses the standard RS-232 interface.



Figure 2-14 • System communications

2.4.1 Software Power On Self Tests (POST)

Off State:

 AC Power is not connected to the machine and the On/Standby Switch is in the "Standby" position.

Standby State:

 AC Power is connected to the the machine while the On/Standby Switch is in the "Standby" position.

On State:

 AC Power is connected to the machine and the On/Standby Switch is set to the "ON" position. When the machine is in the "Off" state, there is no machine activity. Circuitry on the Power Controller Board (PCB) and on the Anesthesia Control Board ACB) monitors the On/Standby Switch for movement.

If the On/Standby switch is moved to the "On" position while the machine is in the "Off" state (machine not connected to AC mains supply), the circuitry on the PCB engages the batteries to power the CPU on the PCB. Standard CPU tests are performed and the PCB application starts. Once the PCB has passed its CPU tests and the application is running, it activates the +12 VDC circuit to power the DU and the ACB. The DU and ACB simultaneously begin powering on. The PCB evaluates the battery capacity.

If the machine state changes from the "Off" state to the "Standby" state (machine connected to AC mains supply), the hospital AC (stepped to approximately 180 VAC by the isolation transformer) enters the U-frame Power Supply. The AC voltage is converted to +12 VDC. Standard CPU tests are performed (including but not limited to RAM, ROM, Watchdog, and application CRC) and the PCB application starts. The PCB evaluates the battery capacity and charges the batteries, if necessary.

If the machine state changes from the "Standby" state to the "On" state, the +12 VDC circuit to power the Display Unit (DU) and the ACB is activated. The DU and ACB simultaneously begin powering on.

Both the ACB and the DU begin by converting the incoming +12 VDC to local needed power (+3.3 V, +4 V, +5 V, +8 V, and others) and perform standard CPU tests. Each board loads their software (that resides locally) and begins their appropriate self tests described below:

- Once the ACB passes all CPU tests and application is loaded, independent circuitry turns on 10 VA limited (+12 VDC) power to the Gas Mixer, the Ventilator Interface Board, the Agent Delivery Board (eVap) and the M-Gas Power Supply Board. These boards convert the incoming +12 VDC into locally need power supplies and simultaneously begin to power up. The ACB energizes the Alt O₂ Selector Valve, which closes the valve. The ACB begins testing the GIV.
 - The processor on the Gas Mixer board performs standard CPU tests, checks communication link with the ACB, reports to the ACB that it has begun to perform Power-On Self Tests (POST). The Gas Mixer tests the O₂ and Balance Gas channels for leaks and flow delivery from both channels. Once completed, reports to the ACB that all Self-Tests have been completed and the Gas Mixer compatibility information (serial number, hardware revision, and software revision).
 - The processor on the Ventilator Interface Board (VIB) performs standard CPU tests and begins to download application software and ventilator calibration constants from the ACB. The VIB works in conjunction with the ACB to perform the Gas Inlet Valve (GIV) test (ACB provides valve status information to the VIB, the VIB calculates the voltage necessary to open the valve to the desired value). Once completed, the VIB reports to the ACB that the Self-Tests have been completed and the VIB compatibility information (serial number, hardware revision, and software revision).

- The processor on the Agent Delivery Board performs standard CPU tests and establishes communications with the Anesthesia Control Board. The Anesthesia Control Board directs other POST activities including valve conditioning (full power for 15 seconds), reading and integrity checking of sensor calibration data, and reporting on serial number, hardware revision, and software revision.
- There is no processor on the M-Gas Power Supply. Local voltages are produced for the M-Gas and available if a M-Gas is installed. The M-Gas module performs its own POST.
- Once the DU passes all the CPU tests, the DU application is started. Part of this application is software that enables the DU CPU to communicate with the M-Gas module. These applications take longer to start than any other system in the machine. When the applications have completely loaded and communication has been established with the ACB, all the systems compatibility information is transferred to the DU for comparison with the compatibility table created during the last software download. If the compatibility does not match, the machine enters the System Malfunction mode.

2.5 System connections

2.5.1 Display Unit

The Display Unit accommodates the following connections:

- System Power Interface (1).
- System Signal Interface (2).
- Serial Port standard interface for external communication (3).
- Remote monitor On/Standby (4).
- Network connection Standard Ethernet port for network connectivity (5).
- USB port standard USB 2.0 interface (6).
- USB port standard USB 2.0 interface (7).



2.5.2 Display Connector board

The front side of the Display Connector board accepts the following cables:

- System Power Interface to Display Unit (1).
 - System Signal Interface to Display Unit (2).
 - Airway Module (M-Gas) Power Supply board (8).
 - Not used (9).
 - The back side of the Display Connector board accepts the following cables:
 - Power Controller board (10).
 - Anesthesia Control board (MGAS power) connector (11).
 - Anesthesia Control board (signal) connector (12).
 - I/O to Auxiliary Connector board (13).



2.6 Power Controller and Anesthesia Control board connections

The Power Controller:

- Distributes 12.5 VDC power and communicates with the Display Unit (by way of the Display Connector board) through connector (**10**).
- Distributes 12.5 VDC power to the Anesthesia Control board through connector (14).

The Anesthesia Control board:

- Receives power from the Power Controller board through connector (14).
- Distributes 10VA power supplies to the Pan Connector board through connector (15).
- Communicates with Pan assemblies through connector (16).
- Communicates with Display Unit through connector (12).
- Distributes 10VA power supplies to the Display Unit through connector (11).



Power Controller board



Anesthesia Control board

2.7 Anesthesia Control board

2.7.1 Overview

The Anesthesia Control board (**A**) uses a Motorola MCF5407 Coldfire microcontroller with 4M Flash and 16M error correcting DRAM. The Anesthesia Control board includes 6 UARTs with a 64 byte FIFO and RS-422 communications to interface with the Display Unit, an accessory port, and anesthesia delivery subsystems located in the pan electronic enclosure. These include the Gas Mixer, Electronic Vaporizer, and the Ventilator Interface board.



Figure 2-15 • Anesthesia Control board



Figure 2-16 • Anesthesia Control board block diagram

2.7.2 Anesthesia Control Board details

The 12.5 VDC power enters the Anesthesia Controller Board via connector J6 (see item 14 in Section 2.6). This 12.5 VDC is further regulated down to five additional voltages used by the Anesthesia Controller Board. These include:

- 3.3VDC VR2
- 1.8VDC VR3
- 5.0VDC VR1: Used for Pipeline and Cylinder Pressure Transducers
- 2.5VDC
- 5.0VDC

These voltages are self-monitored for out-of-range.

The Anesthesia Controller Board also supplies 10VA-limited power (+12.5VDC & +5.0 VDC) to External subsystems and Pipeline and Cylinder Pressure Transducers.

Valve Drivers The Anesthesia Controller Board contains logic circuits and valve drive circuits for the following devices that reside on subsystems:

- 02 Select Valve (Gas Mixer Board)
- N₂O Select Valve (Gas Mixer Board)
- AIR Select Valve (Gas Mixer Board)
- Alt O₂ Select Valve (Gas Mixer Board)

Status LEDs The Anesthesia Controller Board contains 2 sets of 4 each (8 total) status LEDs. They are located on the board at approximately the 6 and 9 o'clock positions, near connectors J5 and J6 respectively. Each set contains the following four LEDs:

- RXD (CR19 and CR35) yellow Indicating Display Unit communication activity
- TXD (CR20 and CR34) yellow Indicating Anesthesia Controller Board communication activity
- RESET (CR21 and CR36) Red Watchdog Reset
- RXD (CR22 and CR33) yellow Software LEDs
- **Connectors:** The Anesthesia Controller Board has five populated connectors:
 - J1 50-pin connector to (signal) Pan Connector Board.
 - J3 24-pin connector to (power) Pan Connector.
 - J4 10-pin connector (JTAG). This is used by Engineering. Not Used by Service.
 - J6 16-pin connector power in from Power Controller Board.
 - J7 12-pin connector to (10VA power) display connector (M-Gas)
 - **Alarms** The Anesthesia Controller Board has a backup audio alarm. This is sounded in the event of communication loss between the Anesthesia Controller Board and Display Unit.

The Anesthesia Controller Board provides power and communication to:

Power and Communication to other Subsystems

Ventilator Interface Board (VIB):

- Power = 12.5VDC
- Communication = RS422

Gas Mixer:

- Power = 12.5VDC
- Communication = RS422

Agent Delivery Board (ADB):

- Power = 12.5VDC
- Communication = RS422

M-Gas Power Board:

- Power = 12.5VDC
- Note: Communication to and from the M-Gas is via the Display Unit

Gas PressureGas Pressure Transducers monitor the Pipeline pressures of all gases connected to the
system. Gasses measured can include O2, Air, and N2O. Their measurement range is
form 0 to 697 kPa (101 psi). Though these transducers are located near the machine
pipeline connection points, they are maintained and monitored by the Anesthesia
Controller Board.

Pressure transducers also monitor all cylinder pressures. Gasses measured can include O_2 , second O_2 , Air, and N_2O . Their range is:

- from 0 to 27580 kPA (4000 psi) for O_2 and Air
- from 0 to 9805 kPa (1422 psi) for N20

The transducers are located on each cylinder yoke; they are maintained and monitored by the Anesthesia Controller Board.

Alt 0₂ Switch The Anesthesia Controller Board monitors the position of the Alt 02 Switch.

Display Unit The Display Unit receives power from and has limited communication with the PCB. This limited communication allows for data like power supply status and voltage readings to be displayed in service mode.

The MAJOR communication responsible for getting clinical settings to the system and the ability to display parameters occurs between the Anesthesia Controller Board and Display Unit. The Anesthesia Controller Board and Display Unit communicate via RS422.

External Peripheral power (10VA) circuitry

This circuitry sends 10VA limited 12.5 VDC power to the following subsystems:

Note:These subsystems do not receive power directly from the PCB. Only the Anesthesia Controller Board and Display Unit receive power directly form the PCB.

- Ventilator Interface Board (VIB)
- Electronic Gas Mixer (Mixer)
- Agent Delivery Board (ADB)
- M-Gas Power Board
- External Peripheral #1
- External Peripheral #2
- Accessories (Task Light)

Hardware Reset will happen if:

- Watchdog is not reset
- During Anesthesia Controller Board Power-up (Normal)
- If the voltages produced on the board become out-of-range (3.3, 2.5, or 1.8VDC).

If the system evokes a Hardware Reset, all the peripheral devices, which is controlled by the Anesthesia Controller Board, loose power. All communication with these peripherals devices will cease to continue.

Summary of the Anesthesia Controller Board

The Anesthesia Controller Board is the central controller for the system. It provides the following services:

- Monitors pressures form the pipeline and cylinder transducers.
- Drives some of the valves located on the Electronic Gas Mixer.
- Monitors the Alt 02 Switch.
- Provides 10VA limited power and communication to the following subsystems:
 - Ventilator Interface Board (VIB)
 - Electronic Gas Mixer
 - Agent Delivery Board (ADB)
- Provides 10VA limited power (no communication) to the M-Gas Power Board

The Anesthesia Controller Board receives power from the PCB on connector J6.

The Anesthesia Controller Board creates internal voltages that remain local to and are used exclusively by circuits on the Anesthesia Controller Board. These voltages are:

- 3.3 VDC
- 1.8 VDC (Processor and Digital)
- 2.5 VDC
- 5 VDC (Gas Pressure Transducers)

The Anesthesia Controller Board also creates fourteen independent 12VDC 10VA limited power sources used by the following subsystems:

- 10VA M-Gas
- 10VA Mixer
- 10VA eVap ADB Power
- 10VA eVap Outflow, Scavenging Power
- 10VA eVap Proportional Valve Power
- 10VA eVap Inflow, Zero Valve Power
- 10VA 0₂ Bypass Valve
- 10VA Ventilator Interface Board
- 10VA Vent Valve Power
- 10VA Accessories
- 10VA Mixer / Pan Fan
- 10VA External Peripheral # 1
- 10VA External Peripheral # 2

The Anesthesia Controller Board has eight status LEDs. Each LED Status is duplicated on the board. Six are yellow status and two are red reset.

The TXD and RXD flash to indicate communication to and from the Display Unit. A RED LED would indicate a CPU watchdog (RESET) condition.

The Anesthesia Controller Board receives communication from the Display Unit, Electronic Vaporizer, Electronic Gas Mixer, and Ventilator Engine Board. It has a hand in virtually all-major decisions about the delivery of gas, ventilation, and agent to the patient.

2.8 Ventilator Interface board

The Ventilator Interface board (A) provides the electrical and/or pneumatic interface to the following:

- Inspiratory (B) and expiratory (C) flow sensors (transducers)
- Patient airway (D) and manifold (E) pressures (transducers)
- Oxygen sensor (in breathing system)
- Inspiratory Flow Valve
- Gas Inlet Valve
- SCGO solenoid, SCGO/CGO position switches (if SCGO installed)
- Canister release switch
- ABS On switch
- ACGO position switch (if ACGO installed)
- 0₂ Flush switch
- Bag/Vent switch
- Accessory Power (for task lights)

The Ventilator Interface board functions are managed locally by a microcontroller. The microcontroller communicates data values to the controlling CPU via an RS-422 serial interface.



Figure 2-17 • Ventilator Interface board



Figure 2-18 • Ventilator Interface board block diagram

2.9 Electronic Gas Mixer

The Gas Mixer receives its pneumatic inputs from the pipeline and cylinder supplies and sends mixed gas to the vaporizer manifold. The Gas Mixer interfaces to the Anesthesia Control board for power and communications.

The Gas Mixer consists of the following subassemblies and main components:

- Gas Mixer board (A)
- Control Manifold (B) manifold, selector valves, proportional valves
- Flow sensor assembly (C)
- Mixed gas manifold and exit check valve (D)





Figure 2-19 • Electronic Gas Mixer

Desired gas flows are sent from the Anesthesia Control board to the Gas Mixer.

Gas Mixer operation is controlled through a microcontroller which:

- Sends requests for the Anesthesia Control board to open and close selector valves for $\rm O_2, \rm N_2O$ and Air.
- Regulates flow control valves for O₂ and balance gas (N₂O or Air).

Closed-loop flow control is accomplished through a hot-wire anemometer in concert with the flow control valves. Gas flow, based on a calibration table, is on target when the reference measurement equals the flow measurement.

Pressure measurements across each of the flow sensor channels are used as checks on the flow measurement for hazard mitigation, ambient pressure compensation, and compensation for back pressure downstream of the Mixer.

In case of certain failures or errors, Alternate O_2 control activates automatically to delivers O_2 and agent through an alternate pneumatic path to the patient circuit. Alternate O_2 can be activated manually through a front panel control. Agent delivery cannot be activated in case of certain Gas Mixer failures



Figure 2-20 • Electronic Gas Mixer block diagram

2.9.1 Electronic Gas Mixer (details)

The function of the Electronic Gas Mixer is to deliver a combination of Oxygen and a Balance Gas (N_2O or Air) at a set percentage and flow rate as set by the user.

Total flow range for the system is 0.20 to 15 l/min of O_2 or mixed O_2 concentration that is greater than or equal to 25%. The system can flow Air only. The minimum flow though any single flow channel must be greater than or equal to 0.1 l/min.

- 02 flow range is zero or 0.1 to 15 l/min
- N₂O flow range is zero or 0.1 to 12 l/min
- Air flow range is zero or 0.1 to 15 l/min

The flow accuracy of the Electronic Gas Mixer is +/- 20 ml/min or 5% of setting.

Diameter specific tubing ($N_2O = 4mm$; $O_2 = 6mm$; Air = 8mm; Mixed Gas = 1/4 inch) brings supply gasses O_2 , Air, N_2O to the Electronic Gas Mixer control manifold.

The Electronic Gas Mixer contains 6 solenoid valves.

Electronics located on the Electronic Gas Mixer board and flow sensor assembly control and monitor the flow of gas delivered to the Electronic Gas Mixer output connection.

The Electronic Gas Mixer receives 12.5 VDC Accessory power from several of the 10VA power modules located on the Anesthesia Control Board Bd. Circuitry on the Electronic Gas Mixer board further generates internal voltages required for systems local to the Electronic Gas Mixer board. These voltages include: 3.3VDC and 5.5 VDC. The Electronic Gas Mixer also controls the pan fan speed (Hi/Low). All these voltages can be viewed in the service screens.

The microcontroller on the Electronic Gas Mixer has seven activity indicators. They are failcode, Mixer Code, CPU, XMIT, and RCV. Under normal operation, the CPU Activity LED will flash a 2 Hz (once per second) rate. The Red Fail LED should not be lit and the XMIT and RCV LEDs should flash briefly and randomly to indicate communication with the Anesthesia Control Board.

Two additional LEDs (Valve 1 and Valve 2) light to indicate when Channel 1 (O_2 Channel) or Channel 2 (Balance Gas Channel) Mixer Proportional Valves are opened.

Control of the Channel 1 and Channel 2 Proportional Valves is provided by circuitry on the Electronic Gas Mixer. Closed loop feedback for these valves is provided by the Hot-Wire Anemometers located on the flow sensor assembly (part of the Electronic Gas Mixer).

Three pressure transducers; located at distal of the O_2 Proportional Valve (P1), distal of the Balance Gas Proportional Valve (P2), and proximal of the Outlet Check Valve, are used to verify the accuracy of the flow in the gas channel. Hot-Wire Anemometer Selector Valves (O_2 , N_2O , and Air) are controlled by signals that originate on the Anesthesia Control Board.

Summary Shortly after Power-Up, the Anesthesia Control Board will generate fourteen independent 10 VA Power Circuits, two of which will be used to power the Electronic Gas Mixer.

The Electronic Gas Mixer will generate two local voltages: 5.5 VDC and 3 VDC.

The CPU LED will flash at a 2 Hz rate and the XMIT and RCV LEDs will flash randomly indicating communication with the Anesthesia Control Board.

As the system cycles through its self-tests, the six LEDs may cycle on and off throughout this process. It should also be observed the Valve 1 and Valve 2 LEDs cycle On and Off during Checkout. More detail on the timing and operation these valves will be covered later.

 $\rm O_2$ and Balance Gas Mixer Valves (Valves 1 and Valves 2) are controlled by circuitry on the Electronic Gas Mixer.

Anesthesia Control Board controls the O₂, Air, and N₂O Selector Valves.

The Sintered filters and check valves play critical roles in generating backpressure for delta pressure signals for flow verifications. Since the check valves play critical roles in generating backpressure for delta pressure signals for flow verifications, they are not field replaceable.

Three normally closed gas selector valves, two Proportional Valves, and one normally open Alt O_2 Valve makeup the valves that control gas flow on the Electronic Gas Mixer.

The Electronic Gas Mixer is a field replaceable unit and comes pre-calibrated. The valves are field replaceable, as well as the cables that interconnect the Electronic Gas Mixer assemblies.

The ONLY field calibration is the pressure transducers zero. Basic flow checks can be done in the service application.

Mixer Service / Diagnosis and Troubleshooting

Mixer CPU POST tests:

- Memory and CPU tested
- · Communications tested
- Sensor validity tested
- Reference Voltage tested

Gas Tests:

- Alt O₂ Valve Leak Test
- Prop Valve Leak Test
- Flow Verification Tests
- Selector Valve Leak Tests
- Balance Gas Check Valve Leak Test

Failure of any POST Test will render the Electronic Gas Mixer as failed and the Alt O_2 will be enabled if the case is started.

CPU Tests include:

- EEPROM holds the flow and pressure calibrations (this is CRC tested);
- RAM stores Temp calculations;
- Registers arithmetic operations

Communication tests include:

- Serial communication check between Electronic Gas Mixer CPU and TSI Flowmeter board;
- Serial communication check between Electronic Gas Mixer CPU and Anesthesia Control Board.

2.10 Electronic Vaporizer

The electronically controlled vaporizer consists of the internal electronic vaporization subsystem and the Aladin agent cassette. The agent cassettes are color coded, have indexed filling ports, and are magnetically coded for each agent. The electronic control unit governs the flow through the agent cassette and the agent concentration in the fresh gas flow.

Both the Aladin₂ and the Aladin cassettes can be used on this system.

2.10.1 Agent Aladin DES and all Aladin₂ cassettes have electronic agent level sensing. The agent level shows graphically in the agent settings area of the screen. cassette ? ?

If the agent level is not available electronically, the agent level unknown symbol shows on the screen. In this case, refer to the liquid level indicator.

Some Aladin₂ cassettes have internal temperature sensing. If available, an enhanced temperature sensing symbol shows on the front of the cassette and the symbol shows in the agent settings area of the screen.



There are three types of Aladin₂ cassette filler systems. Enflurane, and isoflurane use a color-coded, Easy-Fil mechanism. Sevoflurane cassettes are available with a colorcoded, Easy-Fil or Quik-Fil mechanism. The desflurane cassettes have a filling mechanism that is compatible with Saf-T-Fil desflurane bottles.

Note Sevoflurane Quik-Fil Aladin₂ cassettes are not available in all countries.

Anesthetic agent	Filling system	Color code
Enflurane	Easy-Fil	Orange
Isoflurane	Easy-Fil	Purple
Sevoflurane	Easy-Fil or Quik-Fil	Yellow
Desflurane	Compatible with Saf-T-Fil	Blue



- 1. Handle with release trigger
- 2. Lock
- 3. Agent filling port
- 4. Liquid level indicator





- 1. Handle with release trigger
- 2. Lock
- 3. Agent filling port
- 4. Liquid level indicator



2.10.2 Electronic Vaporizer subsystem (eVap)

The Aisys system uses an integrated, electronic vaporization subsystem to add agent to the fresh gas flow. The main function of the Electronic Vaporizer subsystem is to mix the requested amount of anesthetic agent into the fresh gas stream.

Additional functions facilitated by the Electronic Vaporizer subsystem include cassette type detection, agent level detection, cassette overfill/overpressure handling, and safety features. Vaporization control algorithms depend on external reported parameters: user interface (agent setting, fresh gas composition), Mixer measured flow, and patient airway pressure information. (Patient airway pressure measurement is a combination of reading from gauge sensor and ambient pressure sampled at machine startup.)

Agent is delivered from the subsystem in one of two configurations depending on whether cassette pressure is below or above Mixer output pressure. If cassette pressure is above Mixer output pressure, all fresh gas is routed through the Backpressure Regulator and agent is metered out of the pressurized cassette. If cassette pressure is below Mixer output pressure, some fresh gas is routed through the cassette, where it picks up agent vapor. The remaining fresh gas passes through the Backpressure Regulator. The mixed fresh gas and agent vapor from the subsystem is sent to the CGO.

To meet the requested agent concentration, outflow from the cassette (or flow through the cassette) is controlled with a proportional valve. This means the main subsystem control loop is on cassette flow, not agent concentration directly. If all fresh gas flow is through the Backpressure Regulator, the control loop depends strongly on Mixer reported flow and the cassette flow reading. It depends weakly on reported fresh gas composition, manifold temperature reading, and reported patient airway pressure. If fresh gas flow is split between the cassette and the Backpressure Regulator, the control loop depends strongly on Mixer reported flow, cassette flow reading, cassette pressure reading, and cassette temperature reading. It depends weakly on reported fresh gas composition, manifold temperature reading. It depends weakly on reported fresh gas composition, manifold temperature reading, and reported patient airway pressure.

Electrically, the subsystem interfaces to the Anesthesia Control board via the Pan Connector board for power (10VA limited) and communications (RS422). Power and communications to the Aladin cassette is supplied by the subsystem. While the subsystem contains a microcontroller, the vaporization control algorithms and safety functions run on the Anesthesia Control board. The subsystem microcontroller and other electronics simply handle the low-level tasks of sensor data gathering and command outputs to the actuators.

Cassette ID (type) is sensed by Hall Effect sensors that detect magnets embedded in the cassette.

Cassette temperature is read from the cassette (Aladin $_2$, if so equipped) or sensed with the Cassette Temperature assembly.

For Aladin DES and Aladin₂ cassettes, agent level is read from the cassette.

Refer to section 2.11.2 for detailed description of pnuematic operation.



Figure 2-23 • Electronic Vaporizer electrical block diagram



Figure 2-24 • Electronic Vaporizer electrical block diagram



Figure 2-25 • Electronic Vaporizer power and grounding diagram

2.10.3 Agent Delivery board LED indicators

LED indicators are provided on the Agent Delivery Board to convey information about subsystem operation. Refer to the following table and to Figure 2-26.

Item	Marking	Indicates	Color
1	WDG	Blinks if microcontroller active	Yellow
2	TXD	Blinks if subsystem sending to Anesthesia Control Board	Yellow
3	RXD	Blinks if subsystem receiving from Anesthesia Control Board	Yellow
4	SCV	Lit if Scavenge Valve open	Yellow
5	OFV	Lit if Outflow Valve open	Yellow
6	OFZ	Lit if Outflow Zero Valve is performing zero measurement	Yellow
7	IFZ	Lit if Inflow Zero Valve is performing zero measurement	Yellow
8	IFV	Lit if Inflow Valve open	Yellow
9	CPWR	Lit if Cassette powered	Green
10	P1	Lit if voltage present on +12VP1 power rail	Green
11	P2	Lit if voltage present on +12VP2 power rail	Green
12	Р3	Lit if voltage present on +12VP3 power rail	Green
13	P4	Lit if voltage present on +12VP4 power rail	Green
14		All segments lit immediately after reset. Segments flicker during subsystem POST. Segments extinguished upon communications established with ACB.	Red

Note: When a failure has been detected in the eVap, only the +12VP1 power rail will be powered. The rest are shut off.



Figure 2-26 • Agent Delivery board LED indicators

2.11 Gas flow through the anesthesia machine

2.11.1 Overview	Refer to Figure 2-27 and Figure 2-28.
Gas supplies	Gas comes into the system through a pipeline (1) or cylinder (6) connection. All connections have indexed fittings, filters, and check valves (one-way valves). Pressure transducers monitor the pipeline (2) and cylinder (7) pressures.
	The $\rm O_2$ supply failure alarm is derived from the $\rm O_2$ pipeline and the $\rm O_2$ cylinder pressure transducer inputs.
	A primary regulator (8) decreases the cylinder pressures to approximately pipeline levels. A pressure relief valve (3) helps protect the system from high pressures.
	To help prevent problems with the gas supplies:
	 Install yoke plugs on all empty cylinder connections. When a pipeline supply is adequate, keep the cylinder valve closed.
Gas flow	Pipeline or regulated cylinder pressure supplies O_2 or Air directly to the ventilator engine (4a or 4b) and as pilot pressure (4) for the SCGO assembly (E). Connection points are also available for venturi suction (5a or 5b) drive gas supply. An additional O_2 regulator (18) decreases the pressure for the O_2 Flush valve (19) and the auxiliary O_2 flowmeter (24).
	The O_2 Flush valve supplies high flows of O_2 to the fresh gas outlet (22 or 23) through the SCGO/ACGO assembly (E/F). The flush pressure switch (20) monitors activation of the flush valve.
Gas mixing	Under normal conditions, with the system switch (10) in the On position, the Alternate O_2 Disable valve (13) is energized to block alternate O2 flow. Normal gas flows are enabled through their respective selector valves (11). The system controls gas flow through the flow control valves (12) and derives the individual flow rates through the hot-wire anemometers (14).
	Under system failure conditions (or if Alt O_2 is selected), the normally-open Alternate O_2 Disable valve (13) allows delivery of O_2 through the Alternate O_2 Flowmeter when the system switch is in the On position.
Mixed gas	The mixed gas (15) flows through the electronic vaporizer (D) to the SCGO/ACGO assembly (E/F). A pressure relief valve (17) on the electronic vaporizer limits the maximum outlet pressure.
	The SCGO assembly (E) directs the mixed gas to the selected circuit: 22 (ABS-circle) or 23 (to Inspiratory port of ABS). On SCGO assemblies, a relief valve (21) limits pressure in the breathing system to approximately 150 cmH ₂ O.
	The ACGO assembly (F) directs the mixed gas to the selected circuit: 22 (ABS-circle) or 23 (external ACGO port).



Figure 2-27 • Pneumatic circuit

2.11.2 Electronic vaporizer

Agent is delivered from the subsystem in one of two configurations depending on whether cassette pressure is below or above Mixer output pressure. If cassette pressure is above Mixer output pressure, all fresh gas is routed through the Backpressure Regulator and agent is metered out of the pressurized cassette. If cassette pressure is below Mixer output pressure, some fresh gas is routed through the cassette, where it picks up agent vapor. The remaining fresh gas passes through the Backpressure Regulator. The mixed fresh gas and agent vapor from the subsystem is sent to the CGO.

A Backpressure Regulator (**16**) builds a pressure at the input to the vaporizer to drive gas through the cassette, if necessary. It is not needed to check flow in the reverse direction. A pressure relief valve (**17**) limits the maximum outlet pressure.

The Inflow and Outflow Flowmeters (**26**, **27**) measure flow by developing a pressure drop across a flow restrictor. The Outflow Flowmeter is used for control, while the Inflow Flowmeter is used for safety. Each Flowmeter includes a zeroing valve that temporarily shorts a pressure transducer's ports together for an accurate zero measurement. The zeroing valves may be energized during Standby to heat the Flowmeter Manifold to prevent agent condensation.

An Inflow Check Valve (**28**) prevents unmetered agent vapor from flowing backwards and entering the fresh gas stream.

Inflow and Outflow Valves (**29**, **30**) direct flow in the subsystem, opening for agent delivery and closing for other system states, including safety conditions. The Outflow Valve must open for agent delivery, while the Inflow Valve opens if cassette pressure is lower than Mixer output pressure.

The Scavenge Valve (**31**) opens periodically during system checkout and, when a cassette is not installed, to automatically sample ambient pressure.

A liquid prevention valve (**32**) blocks liquid from entering the subsystem in the event that an overfilled cassette is present. This valve can also become temporarily blocked if cassette temperature exceeds Flowmeter Manifold temperature significantly, causing agent condensation. Clearing the blockage depends on the rate of agent evaporation.

Variable control of flow from the cassette is accomplished with a Proportional Valve **(33)** under software direction.

Connection Valves (**34**) open and close automatically when a cassette is installed into or removed from the cassette bay.



Figure 2-28 • Electronic vaporizer circuit



Figure 2-29 • Pneumatic circuit
Refer to Figure 2-29.

Key to Numbered Components

- 1. Pipeline inlet
- 2. Pipeline pressure transducer
 - 3. High-pressure relief valve (758 kPa / 110 psi)*
 - 4. Supply connections for the ventilator and pilot pressure for SCGO
 - a. O_2 drive gas
 - b. Air drive gas
 - 5. Venturi suction supply connection
 - a. O_2 drive gas
 - b. Air drive gas
 - 6. Cylinder inlet
 - 7. Cylinder pressure transducer
 - 8. Primary regulator (cylinder pressure)
 - 9. Test port (primary regulator)
 - 10. System switch
 - 11. Selector valve
 - $a = 0_2$; $b = Air; c = N_20$
 - 12. Flow controller
 - $a = 0_2$; b = balance gas
 - 13. Alternate O_2 disable valve
 - 14. Hot-wire anemometer
 - $a = O_2$ flow sensor channel; b = balance gas flow sensor channel
 - 15. Mixed gas
 - 16. Backpressure regulator
 - 17. Low-pressure relief valve (38 kPa / 5.5 psi)*
 - 18. O2 flush and auxiliary flowmeter regulator (241 kPa / 35 psi)*
 - 19. 0₂ Flush valve
 - 20. Pressure switch (used with the ventilator)
 - 21. Breathing system pressure relief valve (SCGO only $-150 \text{ cmH}_2\text{O})^*$
 - 22. To Port 3 of ABS interface (circle)
 - 23. For SCGO, to Port 2 of ABS interface (non-circle Inspiratory port) For ACGO, to external 22-mm ACGO connector
 - 24. Auxiliary O₂ flowmeter (optional)
 - * Approximate values

Key to Symbols

- $\not\vdash \rightarrow \vdash \land$ Pneumatic Connection
- ↔ Filter
- Direction of Flow
- Check Valve



Figure 2-30 • Typical (O₂) tubing connections - pictorial



Figure 2-31 • Typical (N₂O and Air) tubing connections - pictorial

2.11.5 Suction Pipeline vacuum

regulators The suction regulator (shown in Figure 2-30) uses an external vacuum source.

Venturi Drive vacuum

The suction regulator (shown in Figure 2-32) uses an internal, venturi derived vacuum source.

Drive gas (internally plumbed **Air** or O_2) enters the Venturi Module (**VM**) at the drive port (**A**). As the drive gas passes through the venturi module, a vacuum is created at port **B**. The drive gas exits the venturi module at port **C** and is exhausted outside the machine through the muffler (**D**).

The control port (**E**) on the venturi module responds to pneumatic signals from the front panel switch on the Suction Control Module (**SCM**) to turn the venturi vacuum drive gas on or off. The check valve (**CV**) helps prevent pressurization of the suction circuitry if the exhaust is occluded or the venturi unit fails.



Figure 2-32 • Venturi suction

2.12 Flow through the breathing system

2.12.1 Overview of flow paths

This section looks at four types of flow paths.

- Ventilation paths: How gas flows from the drive source (bag or bellows) to and from the patient.
- **Fresh gas paths:** Fresh gas can flow from the machine interface directly to the patient through the inspiratory check valve, or through the absorber into the expiratory flow, or directly to an external circuit through the optional auxiliary common gas outlet.
- Scavenged gas paths: APL or Pop-off.
- Flow through the optional EZchange Canister and Condenser: EZchange ON and EZchange OFF (CO₂ bypass).

2.12.2 Manual ventilation

Manual inspiration The Bag/Vent switch closes the ventilator path (**B**).

Gas flows from the bag (**1**), through the absorber (**2**), into the breathing circuit module, and through a unidirectional valve (inspiratory check valve) to the patient (**3**).

During inspiration, fresh gas (**FG**) flows from the machine into the inspiratory limb, upstream of the inspiratory check valve.



- **AP** Airway Pressure
- **B** Bag/Vent switch to Bag
- **FG** Fresh Gas
- 1 Flow to absorber
- **2** Flow from absorber
- **3** Inspiratory flow

Figure 2-33 • Gas flow during manual inspiration

Manual expiration The Bag/Vent switch keeps the ventilator path closed (B).

Gas flows from the patient (4), through a unidirectional valve (expiratory check valve), and into the bag (5).

During exhalation, fresh gas flows backwards through the absorber (FG) into the expiratory limb, downstream of the expiratory check valve.

For machines that are plumbed to return sample gas to the breathing system, the returned gas (SGR) enters the breathing system after the expiratory check valve.



- Airway Pressure AP
- В Bag/Vent switch to Bag
- Fresh Gas FG

SGR Sample Gas Return

- Expiratory flow 4
- 5 Flow to bag

Figure 2-34 • Flow during manual expiration

APL Valve The APL valve sets a pressure limit for manual ventilation.

As you turn the APL knob, it puts more or less force on the APL disc and seat (**D/S**). If the circuit pressure is too high (**6**), the disc and seat inside the diaphragm opens and vents gas to the scavenging system (**7**).



- **D/S** APL disc and seat
- **6** APL flow
- **7** To scavenging

Figure 2-35 • Flow through the APL Valve

2.12.3 Mechanical ventilation

Mechanical inspiration

The Bag/Vent switch closes the manual path (\mathbf{V}) . Pilot pressure (\mathbf{P}) closes the exhalation valve.

Drive gas (**D**) pushes down on the bellows. Gas flows from the bellows (**1**), through the absorber (**2**), and through a unidirectional valve (inspiratory check valve) to the patient (**3**).

During inspiration, fresh gas flows into the inspiratory limb, upstream of the inspiratory check valve.



- **AP** Airway Pressure
- **D** Drive gas
- FG Fresh Gas
- **P** Pilot pressure
- **V** Bag/Vent switch to Vent
- **1** Flow to absorber
- **2** Flow from absorber
- **3** Inspiratory flow

Figure 2-36 • Mechanical inspiration

Mechanical expirationDrive-gas flow stops and the exhalation valve opens. Exhaled gas flows from the
patient (4), through a unidirectional valve (expiratory check valve) and into the bellows
(5). Residual drive gas (D) flows out of the bellows to the scavenging system (6).

If PEEP is selected, static pressure on the pilot port of the exhalation valve sets the PEEP level.

During exhalation, fresh gas flows backwards through the absorber (**FG**) into the expiratory limb, downstream of the expiratory check valve.

For machines that are plumbed to return sample gas to the breathing system, the returned gas (**SGR**) enters the breathing system after the expiratory check valve.



- **AP** Airway Pressure
- **D** Drive gas
- **FG** Fresh Gas

SGR Sample Gas Return

- **4** Expiratory flow
- **5** Flow to bellows
- **6** To scavenging

Figure 2-37 • Mechanical expiration

Mechanical inspiration (EZchange and condenser ON)

The Bag/Vent switch closes the manual path (V). Pilot pressure (P) closes the exhalation valve.

Drive gas (**D**) pushes down on the bellows. Gas flows from the bellows (**1**), through the absorber (**2a**), Condenser (**2b**), and through a unidirectional valve (inspiratory check valve) to the patient (**3**).

During inspiration, fresh gas flows into the inspiratory limb, upstream of the inspiratory check valve.



Figure 2-38 • Mechanical inspiration through Condenser with EZchange Canister and Condenser ON

Mechanical expiration (EZchange and condenser ON)

Drive-gas flow stops and the exhalation valve opens. Exhaled gas flows from the patient (**4**), through a unidirectional valve (expiratory check valve) and into the bellows (**5**). Residual drive gas (**D**) flows out of the bellows to the scavenging system (**6**).

If PEEP is selected, static pressure on the pilot port of the exhalation valve sets the PEEP level.

During exhalation, fresh gas flows backwards through the Condenser and absorber (**FG**) into the expiratory limb, downstream of the expiratory check valve.

For machines that are plumbed to return sample gas to the breathing system, the returned gas (**SGR**) enters the breathing system after the expiratory check valve.



Figure 2-39 • Mechanical expiration through Condenser with EZchange Canister and Condenser ON

Mechanical inspiration (EZchange and condenser OFF)

The Bag/Vent switch closes the manual path (V). Pilot pressure (P) closes the exhalation valve.

Drive gas (**D**) pushes down on the bellows. Gas flows from the bellows (**1**), through the EZchange module bypassing the absorber (**2**), and through a unidirectional valve (inspiratory check valve) to the patient (**3**).

During inspiration, fresh gas flows into the inspiratory limb, upstream of the inspiratory check valve.



Figure 2-40 • Mechanical inspiration with EZchange Canister and Condenser OFF

Mechanical expiration (EZchange and condenser OFF)

Drive-gas flow stops and the exhalation valve opens. Exhaled gas flows from the patient (**4**), through a unidirectional valve (expiratory check valve) and into the bellows (**5**). Residual drive gas (**D**) flows out of the bellows to the scavenging system (**6**).

If PEEP is selected, static pressure on the pilot port of the exhalation valve sets the PEEP level.

During exhalation, fresh gas flows backwards through the EZchange module (**FG**) into the expiratory limb, downstream of the expiratory check valve.

For machines that are plumbed to return sample gas to the breathing system, the returned gas (**SGR**) enters the breathing system after the expiratory check valve.



Figure 2-41 • Mechanical expiration with EZchange Canister and Condenser OFF

Pop-off valve The pop-off valve limits the pressure inside the bellows to 2.5 cm H_20 above the drive gas pressure. This normally occurs when the bellows reaches the top of the housing at the end of exhalation (**5**).

Excess gas (6) vents to the scavenging system (7) through the pop-off valve and the exhalation valve.



- **5** Flow to bellows
- **6** Pop-off flow
- **7** To scavenging

Figure 2-42 • Flow through the pop-off valve

2.12.4 Fresh gas and 0_2 flush flow (with SCGO)

To ABS (Circle) breathing system

Fresh gas (1) flows from the electronic vaporizer (EV) to the SCGO assembly.

With the Circle system selected, fresh gas flow is channeled to Port 3 of the breathing system (before the inspiratory check valve).

The output of the O_2 Flush regulator (**2**) is channeled to the O_2 Flush valve. When activate, O_2 flush flow joins the fresh gas flow in the SCGO assembly.



Figure 2-43 • Fresh gas and O₂ flush flow (to ABS)

Switched (Non-circle) Common Gas Outlet

Fresh gas (1) flows from the electronic vaporizer (**EV**) to the SCGO assembly.

With the Non-Circle system selected, fresh gas flow is channeled to Port 2 of the breathing system (after the inspiratory check valve - to an external patient circuit through the Inspiratory port).

The output of the O_2 Flush regulator (**2**) is channeled to the O_2 Flush valve. When activated, O_2 flush flow joins the fresh gas flow in the SCGO assembly.



Figure 2-44 • Fresh gas and O₂ flush flow (to Insp port)

2.12.5 Fresh gas and 0_2 flush flow (with ACGO)

To ABS (Circle) Fresh gas (1) flows from the electronic vaporizer (**EV**) to the ACGO Selector Switch.

```
breathing system
```

With the ACGO Selector Switch in the ABS position, fresh gas flow is channeled to the breathing system through port 3.

The output of the O₂ Flush regulator (**2**) is channeled to the O₂ Flush valve. When activate, O₂ flush flow joins the fresh gas flow in the ACGO Selector Switch.



Figure 2-45 • Fresh gas and O₂ flush flow (to ABS)

Auxiliary (Non-circle) Common Gas Outlet

Fresh gas (1) flows from the electronic vaporizer (EV) to the ACGO Selector Switch.

With the ACGO Selector Switch in the ACGO position, fresh gas flow is channeled to the ACGO outlet.

At the ACGO outlet, a small sample is diverted to the $\rm O_2$ Cell in the ABS for $\rm O_2$ monitoring.

The output of the O_2 Flush regulator (**2**) is channeled to the O_2 Flush valve. When activated, O_2 flush flow joins the fresh gas flow in the ACGO Selector Switch.



Figure 2-46 • Fresh gas and O_2 flush flow (to ACGO)

2.13 Ventilator mechanical subsystems

Refer to Figure 11-1, "System circuit diagram" in Section11, for the complete pneumatic/mechanical subsystem diagram.

The mechanical subsystems for the ventilator include:

Pneumatic Vent Engine

- Drive gas inlet filter
- Gas inlet valve
- Supply gas pressure regulator
- Flow control valve
- Drive gas check valve
- Mechanical Overpressure Valve (MOPV)
- Bleed resistor
- Free breathing valve

Exhalation valve

Bellows assembly

Breathing circuit flow sensors

2.13.1 Drive gas filter and Gas Inlet Valve

Drive gas (O_2 or Air) enters the Vent Engine (**1**) at a pressure of 241 to 690 kPa (35 to 100 psi) through a 2-micron filter (**2**) that is located under the Gas Inlet Valve (**3**).

During normal operation the Gas Inlet Valve (GIV) is open to let supply gas flow. The GIV shuts off supply gas to the ventilator under failure conditions detected by the CPU or over-pressure switch. The output from the GIV stays at the filtered supply gas pressure.





Figure 2-47 • Inlet filter and Gas Inlet Valve (GIV)

2.13.2 Pressure regulator

The pressure regulator (**4**) is a non-relieving pressure regulator that regulates high pressure filtered supply gas down to 172 kPa (25 psi).





Figure 2-48 • Pressure regulator

2.13.3 Flow control valve

The flow control valve (**5**) is controlled by the CPU. Signals are sent to the flow control valve of the necessary flow determined by ventilator settings and sensor signals. The flow control valve modulates the incoming 172 kPa (25 psi) drive gases to an output from 0 to 120 liters per minute at pressures ranging from 0 to 100 cm H_2O .





Figure 2-49 • Flow control valve

2.13.4 Drive Gas Check Valve (DGCV)

The Drive Gas Check Valve (**6**) is used downstream of the flow control valve to create the pilot pressure for closing the exhalation valve during inspiratory phases. The DGCV is biased shut by an integral weight that supplies approximately 3.5 cm H_20 of bias pressure before permitting flow downstream to the bellows assembly. When the ventilator is exhausting flow from the breathing circuit, the DGCV permits the exhalation valve pilot pressure to be de-coupled from the circuit pressure. This permits the exhalation valve to open and lets gas flow to the exhaust and the gas scavenging system.





Figure 2-50 • Drive Gas Check Valve

2.13.5 Bellows Pressure Relief Valve

The Bellows assembly is the interface between drive gas and patient gas in the breathing system. The pressure relief valve (or pop-off valve) in the bellows assembly (7) controls the pressure in the breathing circuit and exhausts excess patient gas through the exhalation valve.

The pressure relief valve is normally closed, maintaining approximately 1.5 cm H₂O in the breathing circuit in a no-flow condition, enough to keep the bellows inflated. It is piloted closed during inspiration and remains closed until the bellows is refilled during exhalation. It will exhaust ≤ 4 I/min excess fresh gas flow at ≤ 4 cm H₂O.





Figure 2-51 • Bellows pressure relief valve

2.13.6 Exhalation valve

The exhalation valve contains an elastomeric diaphragm that is used along with the flow valve to control the pressures in the breathing circuit. The exhalation valve includes two male ports on the bottom for:

- Bellows drive gas (8)
- Exhalation valve pilot (9) (manifold pressure)

The exhalation valve includes three ports on top that connect to the bellows base manifold:

- Drive gas pass through (10)
- Drive gas return and pop-off valve flow (11)
- APL exhaust flow to scavenging (12)

A port at the back of the exhalation valve (**13**) connects to the down tube that directs all the exhaust flows to the scavenging receiver.

The exhalation value is normally open. Approximately 2 cm H_20 of pilot pressure is necessary to close the value. When the exhalation port is open, gas flows from the bellows housing to the scavenging port.





Figure 2-52 • Exhalation valve

2.13.7 Mechanical Overpressure Valve

The Mechanical Overpressure Valve (MOPV) is a mechanical valve (**14**) that operates regardless of electrical power. It functions as a third level of redundancy to the ventilator's pressure limit control functions, supplying pressure relief at approximately 110 cm H_2O .



Figure 2-53 • Mechanical overpressure valve

2.13.8 Reservoir and bleed resistor

The reservoir (**15**) is a 200 ml chamber that dampens the manifold (pilot) pressure pulses to the exhalation valve.

The bleed resistor (**16**) is a "controlled leak" from 0 to 12 l/min in response to circuit pressures from 0 to 100 cm H_2O . The small quantity of pneumatic flow exhausting through the bleed resistor permits control of the exhalation valve's pilot pressure by modulation of the valve output. The bleed resistor exhausts only clean drive gas and must not be connected to a waste gas scavenging circuit. The output is routed away from the electrical components to make sure that systems using oxygen drive gas meet the 10VA limitation requirement for oxygen enrichment.



Figure 2-54 • *Reservoir and bleed resistor*

2.13.9 Free breathing valve

The free breathing valve (**17**) helps assure the patient can spontaneously breathe. The ventilator is programmed to supply a specified number of breaths per minute to the patient. If, in between one of these programmed cycles, the patient needs a breath (spontaneous), the free breathing valve permits the patient to inhale. The free breathing valve is closed on mechanical inspiration.





Figure 2-55 • Free breathing valve

2.13.10 Breathing circuit flow sensors

- Two flow sensors are used to monitor inspiratory and expiratory gas flow:
- The inspiratory flow sensor is downstream of the breathing system inspiratory check valve.
- The expiratory flow sensor is located at the input to the breathin system expiratory check valve.

Feedback from both the inspiratory and expiratory transducers is used to:

- supply tidal volumes that make allowances for the effects of fresh gas flow and circuit compressibility.
- supply signals for expiratory tidal volume monitoring and the breath rate.



Figure 2-56 • Flow sensors

3 Checkout Procedure

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WARNINGS After any repair or service of the Aisys system, complete all tests in this section.

Before you do the tests in this section:

- Complete all necessary calibrations and subassembly tests. Refer to the individual procedures for a list of necessary calibrations.
- Completely reassemble the system.

If a test failure occurs, make appropriate repairs and test for correct operation.

3.1 Inspect the system

- \triangle **CAUTION** The upper shelf weight limit is 45 kg (100 lb).
- ▲ WARNING Do not leave gas cylinder valves open if the pipeline supply is in use. Cylinder supplies could be depleted, leaving an insufficient reserve supply in case of pipeline failure.

Before testing the system, ensure that:

- The equipment is not damaged.
- Components are correctly attached.
- The breathing circuit is correctly connected, not damaged.
- Pipeline gas supplies are connected.
- Cylinder valves are closed.
- Models with cylinder supplies have a cylinder wrench attached to the system.
- Models with cylinder supplies have a reserve supply of O₂ connected to the machine during system checkout.
- The casters are not loose and the brakes are set and prevent movement.
- The power cord is connected to a wall outlet. The mains indicator comes on when AC Power is connected.

3.2 System checkout

3.2.1 Leak < 250 mlThe *Leak < 250 ml* setting is used during the circuit leak check portion of the
checkout procedures. This check tests for leaks in the machine, breathing
circuit, patient circuit, and manual bag. The default setting is *No*.NoteExtraction of gas by external gas monitors may cause failure of the leak checks
during tests.When No is selected, the leak test will pass for leaks below 250 ml at 3 kPa
(30 cmH_20) pressure with no user interaction required. For leaks between
250 ml and 750 ml, the user can fix the leak and rerun the test or accept the
leak and continue. For leaks above 750 ml, the test will fail and the user must
fix the leak and rerun the test.Set to Yes to quantify small leaks above 100 ml during the checkout
procedures. Selecting Yes will display the measured leak at 3 kPa (30
cmH_20) pressure and result in the test taking somewhat longer.

3.2.2 Machine Check	The machine check runs automatically and beeps to indicate when it is finished or if interaction is required.
	The Machine Check does a:
	 Machine Check - System check (Ventilator Circuit), Machine Check- Circuit check (Bag Circuit), and a Machine Check - Circuit 02 cell check (if circuit 02 cell is present).
	When one of the checks is completed, the system will transition to the next
	check.
	1. Turn the System switch to On.
	2. Select Machine Check and follow the instructions.
	3. If a check fails, follow the instructions to perform a recheck or accept the results.
3.2.3 Machine Check - System (Ventilator Circuit Testing)	The <i>Machine Check-System</i> checks the Bag/Vent switch, proper gas supply pressures, ventilator operation and leak, battery and electrical power, circuit compliance, flow control operation, and vaporizer operation. This is a two-step check.
Note	The Machine Check-System can be run with a test cassette to invoke extended diagnostics (Agent Delivery test will take several minutes longer).
	1. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
	2. Open the patient Y.
	3. (ACGO option only.) Set the ACGO switch to Circle.
	4. Select Start . The display shows the checks being run.
	 The system beeps when this portion of the check is done.
	 The results are shown on the display.
	5. Make sure the bellows is fully collapsed.
	6. Occlude the patient Y.
	7. Select Continue . The display shows the checks being run.
	8. When the check passes, the system will transition to the next step.
3.2.4 Machine Check - Circuit (Bag Circuit Testing)	The Machine Check-Circuit checks the Bag/Vent switch, proper gas supply pressures, airway pressure measurement transducer, APL valve, and manual circuit leak.
5,	1. Occlude the patient Y.
	2. Set Bag/Vent switch to Bag.
	3. Set the APL valve halfway between 30 and 70.
	4. (ACGO option only.) Set the ACGO switch to Circle.
	5. Select Start . The display shows the checks being run.
	 The system beeps when the check is done.
	The results are shown on the display.

6. When the check passes, the system will transition to the next step.

3.2.5 Machine Check -Circuit 02

The *Machine Check-Circuit 02* check measures the 0_2 %.

- 1. Open the patient Y.
- 2. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
- 3. (ACGO option only.) Set the ACGO switch to Circle.
- 4. The display will show the O_2 %. Do not select **Done** when 21 is first displayed. Allow the reading to stabilize, then select **Done**. Calibrate the O_2 cell if necessary (measured reading outside 21% ±3%).

3.3 Individual Checks

Individual checks allow you to perform any combination of single checks. These checks are helpful if there is a specific problem/alarm and you want to test only that portion of the system.

The checks do not automatically move on to the next check.

3.3.1 System

The **System** check checks the Bag/Vent switch, proper gas supply pressures, ventilator operation and leak, battery and electrical power, circuit compliance, flow control operation, and vaporizer operation. This is a two-step check.

Note: This check is performed during the "System Check" of the "System Checkout."

- 1. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
- 2. Open the patient Y.
- 3. (ACGO option only.) Set the ACGO switch to Circle.
- 4. Select **Start**. The display shows the checks being run.
 - The results are shown on the display.
- 5. Make sure the bellows is fully collapsed.
- 6. Occlude the patient Y.
- 7. Select **Continue**. The display shows the checks being run.
- 8. When the check passes, select **Back**.
- 9. Select another check or select Start Case to go to the Start Case menu.

3.3.2 Circuit	The <i>Circuit</i> check checks the Bag/Vent switch, proper gas supply pressures, airway pressure measurement transducer, APL valve, and manual circuit leak. Note : This check is performed during the "System Check" of the "System Checkout."	
	1. Occlude the patient Y.	
	2. Set Bag/Vent switch to Bag.	
	3. Set the APL valve halfway between 30 and 70.	
	4. (ACGO option only.) Set the ACGO switch to Circle.	
	5. Select Start . The display shows the checks being run.	
	6. When the check passes, select Back .	
	7. Select another check or select Start Case to go to the Start Case menu.	
3.3.3 Circuit 02 Cell	The Circuit 02 cell check measures the O_2 %.	
	Note : This check is performed during the "System Check" of the "System Checkout."	
	1. Open the patient Y.	
	2. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.	
	3. (ACGO option only.) Set the ACGO switch to Circle.	
	4. The display will show the O_2 %. Do not select Done when 21 is first displayed. Allow the reading to stabilize, then select Done . Calibrate the O_2 cell if necessary (measured reading outside 21% ±3%).	
	5. Select another check or select Start Case to go to the Start Case menu.	
3.3.4 Low P Leak	The positive pressure <i>Low P Leak</i> check measures machine leaks before the breathing system and between the gas mixer and the common gas outlet. It measures low pressure pneumatic leaks with a pass/fail limit of 50 ml.	
	Note : This check is NOT performed during the "System Check." This test is used to aid in troubleshooting if the "System Check" fails.	
	1. Occlude the inspiratory (right-hand) port.	
	2. Select Start .	
	3. The display shows the checks being run.	
	4. Open the inspiratory port and reconnect the breathing circuit.	
	5. Select another check or select Start Case to go to the Start Case menu.	

3.3.5 Low P Leak (machines with ACGO)	The negative low P leak check measures machine leaks before the breathing system and between the gas mixer and the common gas outlet.
	Note : This check is NOT performed during the "System Check." This test is used to aid in troubleshooting if the "System Check" fails.
	1. Make sure the ACGO switch is set to ACGO.
	2. Attach the squeeze bulb to the ACGO outlet.
	3. Squeeze (collapse) the bulb.
	4. If the bulb inflates in less than 30 seconds, select <i>Fail</i> .
	5. If the bulb remains collapsed, select Pass .
	6. Remove the squeeze bulb from the ACGO outlet.
3.3.6 Agent Delivery	The Agent Delivery Check checks the Electronic Vaporization (EV) system.
	Note : This check is performed during the "System Check" of the "System Checkout."
	1. Insert a test cassette, connect a patient circuit, and connect scavenging.
	2. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
	3. (ACGO option only.) Set the ACGO switch to Circle.
	4. Occlude the patient Y.
	5. Select Start .
	6. The display shows the checks being run. The system beeps when the

- check is done.7. When the check passes, select *Back*.
- 8. Select another check or select **Start Case** to go to the **Start Case** menu.

3.4 Bellows drop test

Note: This check is NOT performed during the "System Check." This test is used to aid in troubleshooting if the "System Check" fails.

- 1. End a case.
- 2. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
- 3. Occlude the patient Y piece.
- 4. Push the **02 Flush** button until the bellows is full.
- 5. After the initial drop, if the bellows falls more than 100 ml/min, it has a leak.

3.5 Backlight test

- 1. Push the **Main Menu** key.
- 2. Select Calibration.
- 3. Select **Backlight Test**.
- 4. Select Start Test.
- 5. The display will show the test running on light 1 and then on light 2. If the display goes completely blank or flickers during the test, one of the lights has failed.

3.6 Pipeline and cylinder tests

	1. Connect the pipeline supplies one at a time and ensure that the corresponding display indicates pipeline pressure.
	2. Disconnect all pipeline supplies.
	a. Open each cylinder valve.
	b. Make sure that each cylinder has sufficient pressure. If not, close the applicable cylinder valve and install a full cylinder.
	3. Test the cylinder supplies for a high pressure leak. Make sure that each cylinder has sufficient pressure:
	a. If equipped, turn the auxiliary O_2 flow control fully clockwise (no flow).
	b. If equipped, turn off venturi derived suction.
	c. Open each cylinder.
	 a. Record the cylinder pressure. b. Close each cylinder valve.
	f. Record the cylinder pressure after one minute. If the pressure
	decreases more than indicated below, there is a leak.
	690 kPa (100 psig) for all gases.
	If a cylinder supply fails this test, install a new cylinder gasket and do this step again.
	4. Close all cylinder valves.
▲ WARNING	Do not leave gas cylinder valves open if the pipeline supply is in use. Cylinder supplies could be depleted, leaving an insufficient reserve supply in case of pipeline failure.
3.6.1 O ₂ supply alarm test	1. Establish O_2 , Air, and (if equipped) N_2O gas supplies.
	2. Set O_2 to 25% and (if equipped) N_2O as balance gas. For machines without N_2O , set Air as balance gas.
	3. Set total flow to 3 L/min.
	4. Stop the O_2 supply. (Disconnect the pipeline supply or close the cylinder valve.)
	5. Make sure that:
	a. The low "O ₂ supply pressure low" alarm occurs.
	b. The N_2O (if equipped) and O_2 flows stop.

- c. Air (if selected) flow continues or an Air selection prompt appears.
- 6. Reconnect the O_2 supply.

3.7 Flush Flow Test

- 1. With Bag/Vent switch in Bag, verify case has ended.
- 2. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
- 3. Attach a patient circuit and plug the patient port.
- 4. For ACGO equipped machines, set the ACGO selector switch to Circle.
- 5. Ensure that the bellows is completely collapsed.
- 6. Measure the amount of time it takes to fill the bellows when the O_2 Flush button is fully and continuously depressed.
- 7. Repeat the above measurement two more times (deflate bellows by removing the plug from the patient port).
 - The bellows should fill in 1.8 to 2.3 seconds.

Possible Causes of Failure

- Large leak in breathing system (if long filling time).
- Flush regulator setting (Section 5.2).
- Flush regulator cross-connection (if long filling time).
- SCGO/ACGO selector valve inlet cross-connection (if short filling time).



SCGO/ACGO

3.8 Alarm tests

- 1. Connect a test lung to the patient connection.
- 2. Start a case.
- 3. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
- 4. Set the O_2 concentration to 30%, and allow the O_2 reading to stabilize.
 - For machines configured to individual gas control, set O₂ flow to approximately 500 ml/min and Air flow to approximately 5 l/min.
- 5. Test the O_2 alarms:
 - Set the *FiO2 low* alarm limit to 50%. Make sure an *FiO2 low* alarm occurs.
 - Set the *FiO2 low* alarm limit back to 21% and make sure that the *FiO2 low* alarm cancels.
 - Set the *FiO2 high* alarm limit to 50%.
 - Push and hold the O₂ flush button.
 - Make sure the *FiO2 high* alarm occurs.
 - Release the O₂ flush button.
 - Set the *FiO2 high* alarm limit back to 100%. Make sure that the *FiO2 high* alarm cancels.
- 6. Test the *MVexp low* alarm:
 - Go to the *Alarm Setup* menu.
 - Set the *MV low* alarm limit to greater than the measured minute volume.
 - Make sure that a *MVexp low* alarm occurs.
 - Set the *MV low* alarm limit to off.
- 7. Test the **Ppeak high** alarm:
 - Set the **Pmax** to less than the peak airway pressure.
 - Make sure that the **Ppeak high** alarm occurs.
 - Set the *Pmax* to the desired level.
- 8. Test the PEEP high. Blockage? alarm:
 - Close the APL valve.
 - Set the Bag/Vent switch to Bag. Mechanical ventilation stops.
 - Block the patient connection and push the O₂ flush button.
 - Make sure that the *PEEP high. Blockage*? alarm occurs after approximately 15 seconds.
- 9. Test the Ppeak low. Leak? alarm:
 - Unblock the patient connection.
 - Set the Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
 - Set the tidal volume and total flow to minimum.
 - Other alarms such as *MVexp low* can occur.
 - Make sure that the **Ppeak low. Leak?** alarm occurs.
- 10. Set all alarm limits to approved clinical values.

NOTE: If an Airway Gas Module is installed, *FiO2* readings are taken from the module instead of the O_2 sensor in the breathing circuit. When using an Airway Gas Module, a sample line must be connected to the patient circuit for testing the O_2 alarms.
3.9 Alternate 0₂ flowmeter tests

- 1. Open the O_2 cylinder valve or connect an O_2 pipeline.
- 2. Rotate the Alt O₂ flow control fully clockwise to minimum flow.
- 3. Press the Alternate O_2 switch to turn on Alternate O_2 flow. The flowmeter should indicate 0.5 to 0.7 L/min.
- 4. Rotate the flow control counterclockwise (increase). The ball should rise immediately after rotation is begun. It should rise smoothly and steadily with continued counterclockwise rotation. When a desired flow is set, the ball should maintain in a steady position.
- 5. Rotate the flow control clockwise to minimum flow.
- 6. Press the Alternate O_2 switch to turn off Alternate O_2 flow; confirm yes.

3.10 Auxiliary 02 flowmeter tests

- 1. Open the O_2 cylinder valve or connect an O_2 pipeline.
- 2. Rotate the flow control clockwise (decrease) to shut off the flow. The ball should rest at the bottom of the flow tube and not move.
- Rotate the flow control counterclockwise (increase). The ball should rise immediately after rotation is begun. It should rise smoothly and steadily with continued counterclockwise rotation. When a desired flow is set, the ball should maintain in a steady position.
- 4. Occlude the auxiliary O₂ outlet. The ball should rest at the bottom of the flow tube and not move. A ball that does not rest at the bottom of the flow tube indicates a leak and requires service.
- 5. Rotate the flow control clockwise to shut off the flow.

3.11 Integrated Suction Regulator tests

The gauge needle should come to rest within the zero range bracket when no suction is being supplied. Gauges which do not comply may be out of calibration.

- 1. Adjust the regulator setting to minimum.
- 2. Turn the mode selector to I (On).
- 3. Ensure the gauge remains less than 200 mmHg (26 kPa, 0.26 Bar).
- 4. Occlude the inlet.
- 5. Ensure the gauge remains less than 200 mmHg (26 kPa, 0.26 Bar).
- 6. Adjust the regulator in an increasing vacuum level.
- 7. The gauge should rise after rotation has begun. The gauge should rise with continued rotation of the regulator adjustment.
- 8. Adjust the regulator setting to minimum.
- 9. Turn the Mode selector to 0 (Off).

3.12 Power failure test

1. Connect the power cord to a wall outlet. The mains indicator on the front panel comes on when AC Power is connected.



- 2. Set the system switch to On and Start a case.
- 3. Unplug the power cord with the system turned on.
- 4. Make sure that the power failure alarm comes on.
- 5. Make sure the following message is displayed:
 - Plug in power cable. On battery
- 6. Connect the power cable again.
- 7. Make sure the alarm cancels.

3.13 Electrical safety tests

Make sure the system is completely assembled and all accessory devices are connected to electrical outlets.

1. Connect an approved test device (e.g. UL, CSA, or AAMI) and verify that the leakage current is less than:

Voltage	Max. Leakage Current
120/100 Vac	300 μAmps
220/240 Vac	500 μAmps

2. Make sure that the resistance to ground is less than 0.2Ω between an exposed metal surface and the ground pin on the power cord.

4 Install/Service Menus

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4.1 Service and Installation menu structure

			This sectic software i	on d insta	escribes the Service alled in the anesthes	leve ia m	el functions that a achine.	ire	part of the main	
			Section 8, "Software Download and Special Functions," covers the functions of the Compact Flash card used to download system software.							
S			Section 12 applicatio	2, "Son us	Service Application," sed to run service dia	cov agno	ers a separate, W ostics and other s	/inc ervi	lows based service ice tests.	;
N	len	u structure	The Servic	ce m	enu structure has th	ree	levels which are p	bas	sword protected:	
			Install/SInstallatService	Servition	vice (super-user)					
			The Instal preference defaults.	ll/S æs: d	ervice level (super-u choosing units; settir	iser ng ve	password) suppo entilator, alarm, a	rts nd	standard hospital gas delivery	
			The Instal gas color o componer system.	llati code nts (on level requires the es, flow tube position acgo or scgo etc.), e	ser n, co nab	vice password an puntry, hardware f ling software opti	d s flag ons	upports language, s for system s, and cloning a	
Main Menu			The Servic and auton	ce le mate	evel requires the serv	ice p	bassword and sup	ро	rts diagnostic tools	;
Trends System Status			Follow the	e me	nu structure to acce	ss tł	ne various service	e sc	reens:	
Cardiac Bypass			• on the N	Maiı	n Menu, select Scre	en S	etup;			
Fresh Gas Usage Screen Setun			• on the S	Scre	en Setup menu, sel	ect I	nstall/Service to	o ao	ccess the	
Parameters Setup			Install/	Sen	vice (with super-user	pas	sword) menu; t Installation (wit	h c	anvico password) to	
Calibration			access	the	Installation menu.			.11 50	envice password) to	'
Normal Screen			• to acces	ess th	ne Service menu, sel	ect S	Service (with serv	vice	password) on the	
	I		access 1	the s	same Service menu v	vitho	but having to ente	u, s r th	e service password	•
Screen Setup		Install/Service -	-1	In	stall/Service — 2		Installation		Service	
Field 1		Trends Setup		Fre	esh Gas Controls		Configuration		SW HW versions	
Field 2		Colors and Units	Isage		v Cardiac Bypass	8-	Units Options Kev		Service Log	
Fresh Gas Controls		Show Alarm Limit	S	De	efault MV/TV Alarms	6-23	Options List		Previous Menu	
Split Screen		External Gas Mon	itor	In	stallation	5	Copy Config			
Sweep Speed	4	Save Default Case	e	Se	ervice			→		
Time and Date	4-3	Factory Defaults	de la	Ins	stall/Service - Page 1		Service	≯		
	. 16			Ex	π		Previous Menu			

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Install/Service - Page 2

Exit

Install/Service

Previous Menu

4.2 Install/Service Menu (Super User)

Use the super-user password to access the Install/Service menu: "16-4-34."

Install/Service - Page 1

Menu Item	Message text	Comments
Trends Setup	Configure graphical trend pages.	
Colors and Units	Set colors and units of parameters.	Refer to section 4.2.1
Cumulative Gas Usage	View total usage of fresh gases since last usage reset.	Refer to section 4.2.3
Show Alarm Limits	Select yes to show alarm limits in digit fields.	Default is Yes.
External Gas Monitor	Yes disables O2 limit alarms, the "No O2 sensor alarm", and the "No CO2 or AA monitor" alarm.	Default is No. Select yes only if sys is using external monitor for O2, AA, and CO2.
Save Default Case	Save normal screen, gas settings, circuit type, ventilator, and alarm settings from the last case or presettings as defaults	Last used alarm settings (including hide/ show alarm limits, Auto MV Limit, alarm volume), screen layout (middle waveform selection, sweep speed), ventilator mode and setting, balance gas, and start case gas outlet selection are saved as facility defaults. Note: The Pmax alarm limit shall not be saved higher than 40 cmH20. The low FiO2 alarm limit shall not be saved lower than 21%.
Factory Defaults	Return to default factory settings. After selecting Factory Defaults: "Reset machine for defaults to take effect."	Action: All facility defaults get replaced with factory defaults. Super User settings also get set to Factory Defaults. No Service level configuration settings are changed.
Parameter Settings	Set volume conditions and CO2 humidity compensation.	
Install/Service - Page 2	Show page 2 of the Install/Service Menu.	
Exit	Turn power off to exit the Install/Service menu.	

Install/Service - Page 2

Menu Item	Message text	Comments
Fresh Gas Controls	Select style for Fresh Gas Controls: O2 and Total Flow or Individual Gas Flows.	Default is 02%.
VCV Cardiac Bypass	Allow machine breaths during cardiac bypass.	Default is No.
Default Volume Apnea	Volume Apnea default in manual ventilation (On/Off).	Default is On.
Default MV/TV Alarms	Set default for TV and MV alarms.	Default is On.
Installation	Set language, gas colors, hardware, and install options.	Navigate with password to Installation menu. Password is "26-23-8"
Service	Show technical data for troubleshooting and calibration.	Navigate with password to Service menu. Password is "26-23-8"
Install/Service - Page 1	Show page 1 of the Install/Service Menu.	
Exit	Turn power off to exit the Install/Service menu.	

4.2.1 Trends Setup

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Default Trend	Change default trend type: graphical, numerical, or settings.	Num (default), Graph, or Set
Graphical Trends	Configure graphical trend pages.	
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.	

Graphical Trends

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Page 1 (Page 2 to Page 5)	Configure first graphical trend page (second, third, fourth, fifth)	
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.	

Page Menus

Menu Item	Options	Page 1 Default	Page 2 Default	Page 3 Default	Page 4 Default	Page 5 Default
Field 1	Off -Select Off to clear trend field	Pres	02	AA2	Bal	rr+CO2
Field 2	Pres–Ppeak, Pplat, and PEEP	TVexp	N20	N20	MAC	Compl
Field 3	MVexp—expired minute volume CO2—CO2	C02	AA1	MAC	MVexp	Off
	O2-oxygen Bal-balance gas AA1-current anesthetic AA2-previous anesthetic agent if used N20-N20 MAC-minimum alveolar concentration TVexp-tidal volume and respiratory rate Pmean-Pmean Spont-spontaneous MVexp and respiration rate Compl-compliance and Raw					
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.					

4.2.2 Colors and Units Menu

The Units menu can be accessed here in the super-user level to change individual preferences, or if required during installation, in the service level Installation menu.

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Colors	Set colors of parameters.	
Weight	Change weight unit: kg or lb.	kg or lb
C02	Change CO2 unit: %, kPa, or mmHg.	%, kPa, or mmHg;
Gas Supply Pressure	Change gas supply pressure unit: kPa, psi, or bar.	psi, kPa, or bar
Paw	Change Paw unit: kPa, hPa, cmH2O, mmHg, mbar.	kPa, hPa, cmH2O, mmHg, or mbar
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.	

Colors Menu

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Paw	Change color of Paw waveform, digits and trend.	Yellow, White, Green, Red, or Blue
Flow	Change color of Flow waveform, Flow and Volume digits and trends.	Yellow, White, Green, Red, or Blue
Resp	Change color of respiration, digits and trend.	Yellow, White, Green, Red, or Blue
C02	Change color of CO2 waveform, digits and trend.	Yellow, White, Green, Red, or Blue
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.	

4.2.3 Cumulative Usage

Gas and agent cumulative usage data is store in non-volatile RAM.

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Reset Usage	Push ComWheel to set cumulative fresh gas totals to zero.	Date of last reset.
Desflurane		ml
Enflurane		ml
Halothane		ml
Isoflurane		ml
Sevoflurane		ml
02 (*1000 l)		I
Air (* 1000 l)		I
N20 (*1000 l)		I
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.	

4.2.4 Factory Defaults

The following table lists the factory defaults for parameters. The table on the next page lists the factory defaults for alarm limits.

Factory defaults — Parameters

Parameter	Value
Vent Mode	VCV
TV (tidal volume)	500 ml
Pinsp	5 cmH2O (5 hPa, 0.5 kPa, 5 mbar, 4.0 mmHg)
RR	12 /min
Mech RR	12 /min
Tinsp	1.70
I:E	1:2.0
Trig. Window	25%
Flow Trig.	2 I/min
End Breath	30%
Psupport	2 cmH20
Tpause	Off
Backup Time	30 s
Total Gas Flow	6 I/min with Circle and 10 I/min with Non-Circle
02 Flow I/min	6 I/min with Circle and 10 I/min with Non-Circle
Control Style used for default setting	02% when Install/Service Fresh Gas Controls menu item is set to "02% or "User."
	Flow when Install/Service Fresh Gas Controls menu item is set to "Flow."
Balance Gas	Air
Circuit	Circle
Gas Outlet installed	SCGO
Paw Color	Yellow
Flow Color	Green
Resp Color	White
CO2 Color	White
Paw Units	cmH2O
Weight Units	kg
Temperature Units	C

Parameter	Value
CO2 Units	%
Altitude	300 m
Gas Supply Pressure Units	kPa
Decimal marker	. <dot></dot>
Language	English
Gas Supply Colors	ISO (02 = white, N2O = blue, Air = blk/wht)
02 flow tube	Right side
Vent drive gas	02
Rise Rate with Auto (PCV, SIMV/PSV, PSVPro, SIMV-PC Modes)	Auto
Rise Rate without Auto (PCV-VG Mode)	5
N20 enabled	No
Spirometry Source	Vent
Patient/Sensor Type	Adult
Auto MV Limit	Off
Alarm Volume	3
MV/TV Alarms	On
Volume Apnea	On
Sweep speed	Fast
Split screen	Gas
Wave field 1	Paw
Wave field 2	Flow
Wave field 3	C02

Factory defaults — Alarm limits

Alarm Limit	Value
Pmax High	40 cmH20
	(40 hPa, 4 kPa, 40 mbar,
	30 mmHg)
MV High	10 l/min
MV Low	2 I/min
TV High	1000 ml
TV Low	Off
RR High	Off
RR Low	Off
Et CO2 High	8.0%
	(60 mmHg or 8.0 kPa)
Et CO2 Low	3.0% (23 mmHq or 2.0 kPa)
	(25 mining of 2.0 kFd)
	Off
	011
FI U2 LOW	21%
EtO2 High	Off
EtU2 Low	Uff
Fi Iso High	5%
Fillso Low	Off
Et Iso High	Off
Et Iso Low	Off
Fi Sev High	8%
Fi Sev Low	Off
Et Sev High	Off
Et Sev Low	Off
Fi Des High	15%
Fi Des Low	Off
Et Des High	Off
Et Des Low	Off
Fi Enf High	5%
Fi Enf Low	Off
Et Enf High	Off
Et Enf Low	Off
Fi Hal High	5%
FI Hal Low	Off
Et Hal High	Off
Et Hal Low	Off

4.2.5 Parameter Settings

Menu Item	Message text	Values
TV Based on	Change volume calculation conditions: ATPD or BTPS.	ATPD - default (Ambient temperature and pressure, dry humidity condition) BTPS (Body temperature, ambient pressure, saturated humidity condition)
CO2 Numbers	Change humidity compensation type in CO2 partial pressure values.	Dry - default Wet
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.	

4.2.6 Fresh Gas Controls

Menu Item	Message text
User	Allow flow control styles to change between cases.
Flow	Select Individual Gas Flow controls.
02%	Select 02% and Total Fow controls.

4.2.7 VCV Cardiac Bypass

Menu Item	Message text
No	Disable alveolar support in cardiac bypass.
Yes	Enable alveolar support in cardiac bypass.

4.3 Installation Menu

Use the service-level password to access the Installation menu: "26-23-8."

Whenever the installation menu is entered, "Enter Service dd-mmm-yyyy hh:mm:ss" is recorded in the Event log.

Menu Item	Message text
Configuration	Set language, gas color code, O2 flowmeter position.
Units	Set units.
Options Key	Enable software options.
Options List	Display software options.
Copy Config	Normal Message "Save or install configuration and default settings using memory card."
	Blocked Message "Please insert memory card."
Service	Show error, event, and alarm logs. (Accessing the Service menu from the Installation menu does not require second use of service password.)
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.

Configuration	Configuration Units	Options Key	Options List	Copy Configuration
Decimal Marker Language Gas supply Colors O2 Flowtube Ventilator Drive Gas Altitude Gas Outlet N2O Enabled	Weight CO2 Gas Supply Pressure Paw	Current Key Entry 1 Entry 2 Entry 3 Entry 4 Entry 5 Entry 6 Entry 7 Save New Key Control Board ID	Available Options SIMV/PSV PCV PSV Pro PCV-VG VCV Cardiac Bypass	Save to Card Copy from Card

4.3.1 Configuration

Menu Item	Message text	Values	Comments
Decimal Marker	Select decimal delineator.	0.01, 0 01 or 0,01	
Language	Change language translation of screen texts.	Chinese (simplified) Czech Danish Dutch English Finnish French German Greek Hungarian Italian Japanese Norwegian Polish Portuguese Russian Spanish Swedish Turkish	Default: English
Gas supply Colors	Change color of O2, N2O, and Air.	ANSI, ISO, Neutral	ANSI: 02 green, Air yellow, N20 blue; ISO: 02 white, Air black/white, N20 blue; Neutral: All gases white.
02 Flowtube	O2 on left or right- hand side.	Left, Right	
Ventilator Drive Gas	Change drive gas to match machine configuration.	Air, O2	
Altitude	Change altitude used for gas calculations.	-400 to 3000 m in 100-m increments	
Gas Outlet*	Change type of fresh gas outlet.	SCGO, ACGO	SCGO: Use insp port. ACGO: Use auxiliary port.
N20 Enabled	Change to match machine configuration.	Yes; No	

* For machines without a separate auxiliary common gas outlet and selector switch, set **Gas Outlet** to SCGO: Selectable Common Gas Outlet.

* For machines with an external auxiliary common gas outlet and selector switch, set **Gas Outlet** to ACGO: Auxiliary Common Gas Outlet.

4.3.2 Configuration Units

This is the same menu that is accessible from the super-user Install/Service menu.

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Weight	Change weight unit: kg or lb.	kg or lb
C02	Change CO2 unit: %, kPa, or mmHg.	%, kPa, or mmHg
Gas Supply Pressure	Change gas supply pressure unit: kPa, psi, or bar.	psi, kPa, bar
Paw	Change Paw unit: kPa, hPa, cmH2O, mmHg, mbar.	kPa, hPa, cmH2O, mmHg, or mbar

4.3.3 Options Key

The Options Key menu is used to configure the software to include the features that the customer has purchased. The included features are shown in the Options List menu.

Options Key menu

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Current Key	Enter key code to enable options.	XXXAXBC
Entry 1	Enter first entry of key-code.	0 to 9, A to Z, ~,
Entry 2	Enter second entry of key-code.	!, @, #, \$, %, ^, *, (,), ?
Entry 3	Enter third entry of key-code.	
Entry 4	Enter fourth entry of key-code.	
Entry 5	Enter fifth entry of key-code.	
Entry 6	Enter sixth entry of key-code.	
Entry 7	Enter seventh entry of key-code.	
Save New Key	Confirm entries for key-code.	
Control Board ID	Control number used by key-code.	XXX

When options are added, "Add <option> dd-MMM-yyy hh:mm:ss" is written to the event log.

If more than one option is added, each option is be listed separately.

Options List menu

The options list shows which options are enabled.

Menu Item	Message text	Values *
Available Options		
SIMV/PSV	SIMV vent w/pressure support.	On, Off
PCV	Pressure controlled ventilation.	On, Off
PSV Pro	Pressure support ventilation w/backup.	On, Off
PCV-VG	Pressure controlled volume guaranteed ventilation.	On, Off
VCV Cardiac Bypass	Allow VCV during cardiac bypass.	On, Off

* On if option enabled. Off if disabled.

4.3.4 Copy Configuration

Copy Configuration menu

Menu Item	Message text	Values	Comments
Save to Card	Save Configuration and defaults to card.	<blank>, Fail, or OK. The field is blank until the data has either been written to the card (OK) or the system determines it cannot write to the card (Fail).</blank>	Saves all settings that are not hardware dependent, including facility defaults, colors, units, O2 flow tube position, decimal marker, and altitude.
Copy from Card	Copy Configuration and defaults from card. When completed: Copy from card complete. Please reboot system.	<blank>, Fail, or OK. The field is blank until the data has either been read from the card (OK) or the system determines it cannot read the card or the card does not have the required data (Fail).</blank>	

Systems cannot accept configuration files from a different product model.

The software version is stored with the saved configuration. A system will reject any configurations from other than the current version of software.

Selecting Save to Card overwrites any configuration on the card.

4.4 Service Menu

Use the service-level password to access the Service menu: "26-23-8."

Whenever service menu is entered, "Enter Service dd-mmm-yyyy hh:mm:ss" is recorded in the Event log.

Menu Item	Message text
SW HW versions	Scroll through system information.
Service Log	Show error, event, and alarm histories.
Calibration	Push ComWheel to perform service calibrations.
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.

SW HW Versions	Service Log Menu	Calibration
Total Time:	Scroll Recent	Instructions
Software Release:		Spiro Calibration
Model Code:	Error History	User Calibration
Machine Serial Number:	Event History	Manifold P Span
Option Package:	Alarm History	Insp Flow Zero
Option Code:	Copy Logs	Insp Flow Valve
Anes	Reset Logs	Bleed Resistor
Disp	Previous Menu	Paw Span
Mixer		Zero Gas Xducrs
Vent		Cal Config
Power		Mixer P Zero
MGas		Previous Menu
EVap		

4.4.1 Software/ Hardware Ver Menu

Turn the ComWheel to scroll through the list box.

Push the ComWheel to return to the Service menu.

System Information menu

List box text with X=Number, A, B, C = letter
Total Time: XXXXX (Minutes)
Software Release: XX.XX
Model Code: XXX
Machine Serial Number: ABCDXXXXX
Option Package: XXX
Options Code: XXXXX
Anes Software Version: XX.XX
Anes Hardware Version: XXXX-XXXX-XXX REV A
Anes Board Serial Number: ABCXXXXX
Disp Software Version: XX.XX
Disp BIOS Ver: XX.XX
Disp Hardware Version: XXXX-XXXX-XXX REV A
Disp Hardware Serial Number: ABCXXXXX
Mixer Software Version: XX.XX
Mixer Hardware Version: XXXX-XXXX-XXX REV A
Mixer Board Serial Number: ABCXXXXX
Mixer 02 Flow Sensor Serial Number: XXXXXXXXX
Mixer Balance Gas Flow Sensor Serial Number: XXXXXXXXX
Vent Software Version: XX.XX
Vent Hardware Version: XXXX-XXXX-XXX REV A
Vent Intf Board Serial Number: ABCXXXXX
Power Software Version: XX.XX
Power Hardware Version: XXXX-XXXX-XXX REV A
Power Board Serial Number: ABCXXXXX
MGas Software Version: X.X
MGas Hardware Version: <module type=""></module>
MGas Hardware Serial Number: XXXXXXX
Elec Vap Software Version: XX.XX
EVap Agt DIv Board Hardware Version: XXXX-XXXX-XXX RR CCC
EVap Agt Dlv Board Serial Number: XXXXXXXX
EVap Flowmeter Hardware Version: XXXX-XXXX-XXX RR CCC
EVap Flowmeter Serial Number: XXXXXXX
EVap Cas Tmp Sns Hardware Version: XXXX-XXXX-XXX RR CCC
EVap Cas Tmp Sns Serial Number: XXXXXXXX

The MGas information is only displayed when an Airway module is present.

4.4.2 Service Log Menu

The Service log menu is an organized listing of stored events.

Menu Item	Message text
Scroll Recent	Scroll through newest entries.
Error History	Show error history.
Event History	Show event history.
Alarm History	Show alarm history.
Copy Logs	Save HW/SW info and all logs to memory card.
Reset Logs	Erase Error and Alarm log entries
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.

Each history log shows at the top of the screen the total "Running Hours" and the date when the logs were last reset.

Whenever logs are reset, "Reset Logs dd-MMM-yyy hh:mm:ss" is recorded in the Event log.

If the logs are saved to a memory card, the machine's serial number is saved along with the current contents of the logs and the date and time.

- **Error History** The Error History log lists the last 200 errors logged since the last log reset, starting with the most recent. The system stores the last 1,000 errors logged since the last log reset.
- **Event History** The Event History log records the service history of the device. This includes: service calibrations, entry into the service mode, options enabled, and software installation. In the event of a board replacement, it is understood that this log like all others could be lost.

The Event History menu lists the last 200 events logged starting with the most recent. The Event History log stores the last 1000 events.

The Event History log cannot be reset.

- Alarm History
 The Alarm History log lists the last 200 medium and high priority parameter alarms since the last log reset starting with the most recent. The Alarm History log store the last 1000 entries.
 - **Copy Logs** The Copy Logs function copies Error, Event, and Alarm logs along with the software/hardware configuration to a text file on a PCMCIA card. The copying takes about one minute.

Note: Do not remove the Flash Card until the screen shows copy is complete.

4.5 Calibration

For step-by-step instruction, refer to Section 5.4, "Ventilator Calibrations."

	Menu Item	Message text
Instructions These v Ventilat Altitude Change		These values are used for calibration: Ventilator drive gas - Air or O2 Altitude - XXXX m Change these values on the Cal Config menu
	Spiro Calibration	Check gas module spirometry gains. Blocking message: Insert gas module with spirometry
	User Calibration	Show the normal user calibration menu.
	Manifold P Span	Calibrate manifold pressure transducer.
<*>	Insp Flow Valve	Calibrate inspiratory flow valve.
	Insp Flow Zero	Zero inspiratory flow valve.
	Bleed Resistor	Calibrate bleed resister flow.
	Paw Span	Calibrate the airway pressure transducer.
	Zero Gas Xducrs	Calibrate the gas supply transducers.
	Cal Config	Set vent drive gas and altitude.
	Mixer P Zero	Zero mixer pres transducer.
	Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.

<*> Not present in System Software 4.X of greater.

4.5.1 Spiro Calibration The Spiro Calibration instructions appear when the focus is on Spiro Calibration menu item.

Instructions

To display TV data:

- 1. Connect a spirometry sensor to MGas.
- 2. Push the ComWheel to continue.
- 3. Select the correct spirometry sensor type (Adult or Pedi).
- 4. Use the test device to deliver a known TV through the sensor.
- 5. If necessary, repeat steps 1-4 for the other type of sensor.

Spiro Calibration menu

Menu Item	Values	Comments
Sensor Type	Adult or Pedi	Select Sensor type: Adult (Dlite) or Pedi (Pedilite).
Insp Gain	1000	
TVinsp		ml
Exp Gain	1000	
TVexp		ml

4.5.2 User Calibration menu

Menu Item	Message text	
Flow and Pressure	Calibrate the flow and pressure sensors.	
	Remove flow sensor module to start.	
	Replace when Pass or Fail message appears.	
Circuit 02 Cell	Calibrate Circuit O2 Cell.	
	21% 02	
	Remove Flow Sensor Module.	
	Expose O2 Cell to Room Air.	
	Start 21% calibration.	
	May take 3 min.	
	100% 02	
	1. Reconnect flow sensor module.	
	2. Set Bag/Vent switch to Vent.	
	3. Select 100% 02.	
Airway Gas	Start Gas Calibration. Calibrate CO2, O2, N2O, and agent measurements. (MGAS module must be installed).	
	Ges celibration is not available during gas sampling	
	warm-up and certain alarms.	
Backlight lest	Push Comwheel to test back lights. Test every month.	
	This test turns off one backlight to test the other light.	
Previous Menu	Return to the previous menu.	

4.5.3 Manifold P Span

The Manifold P Span instructions appear when the focus is on Manifold P Span menu item.

Instructions

Read all steps before you start:

- 1. Remove the breathing system, the exhalation valve, and the metal plate.
- 2. Put #2 plugs in the manifold and the drive gas ports of the vent engine.
- 3. Connect a pressure gauge in line with the manifold pressure transducer.
- 4. Push the ComWheel to continue.
- 5. Select Start Manifold P Span.
- 6. Increase the Flow valve setting until the gauge shows 100 cmH20.
- 7. When the gauge shows 100 cmH2O, select Save Calibration.

Manifold P Span menu

Menu Item	Message text	Values/ Comments
Insp Flow Valve (DAC)	Increase setting until test gauge shows 100 cmH20 (approx 1020 counts). Then save calibration.	0 to 4095 Disabled until user selects "Start Manifold P Span".
Start Manifold P Span	Start Calibration. Increase flow valve setting until test gauge = 100 cmH20 (approximately 1020 counts). Then save calibration. Blocking message: "Connect a supply of the drive gas to continue."	Blocked when the ventilator drive gas supply pressure would cause a gas supply failure alarm during normal operation.
Save calibration	Save Manifold P Span calibration.	
Previous Menu	Return to the previous menu. During calibration: "Calibration in progress. Push ComWheel to cancel."	

4.5.4 Insp Flow Zero	Note: Not required for machine	es with System Software 4.X or greater.
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The Insp Flow Zero instructions appear when the focus is on the Insp Flow Zero menu item.

Refer to Section 5.4.4, "Insp Flow Zero."

Instructions

Read all steps before you start:

1. Push the ComWheel to start the zero check

2. No disassembly is required.

• If the outcome of the calibration is Pass, the new calibration data is saved.

- If the outcome is Fail, the old calibration data is retained.
- The result of the calibration is saved to the Event Log.

Selecting Previous Menu before the calibration is done aborts the calibration in progress and keeps the old calibration constants.

Insp Flow Zero menu

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Start	If the result is failed, do the insp flow valve calibration.	Pass or Fail
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu. During Calibration: "Calibration in progress. Push ComWheel to cancel."	

4.5.5 Inspiratory Flow Valve	The Inspiratory Flow Valve instructions appear when the focus is on the Insp Flow Valve menu item.	
	Refer to Section 5.4.3, "Inspiratory Flow Valve Cal."	

Instructions

Read all steps before you start:

1. Complete the Manifold P Span calibration.

- 2. Put #2 plugs in the manifold and the drive gas ports of the vent engine.
- 3. Push the ComWheel to show the next menu.
- 4. Select Stage 1 calibration.
- 5. After Pass, replace the manifold port plug with the calibration orifice.
- 6. Select Stage 2 calibration.
- 7. You MUST do both stages for the calibration to be saved.

During calibration, a separate menu shows the counts and corresponding flow at each step.

- If the outcome of both stages of the calibration is Pass, the new calibration data is saved.
- If the outcome of either stage is Fail, the old calibration data is retained.
- The results of each stage of the calibration are saved to the Event Log.

Selecting Previous Menu before the calibration is done, aborts the calibration in progress and keep the old calibration constants.

Insp Flow Valve Menu

Menu Item	Message text	Comments
Stage 1	Calibrate the insp flow valve at low flows.	Blocked if the ventilator
		drive gas supply pressure
	Blocked text:	would cause a gas supply
	"Connect a supply of the drive gas to continue."	alarm during normal
		operation.
Stage 2	Calibrate the insp flow valve at high flows.	Blocked if Stage 1 has not
		been completed.
	Blocked text:	
	"Stage 1 calibration is required first."	
Insp Flow Valve Data	Show insp flow valve calibration table.	
Previous Menu	Return to previous menu.	
	During Calibration:	
	"Calibration in progress. Push ComWheel to	
	cancel."	

Insp Flow Valve Data menu

The Insp Flow Valve Data menu contains a table of 24 entries from the previous calibration. The table is erased at the start of Stage 1. The table is updated in real time during the calibration.

4.5.6 Bleed Resistor	The Bleed Resistor instructions appear when the focus is on the Bleed	
	Resistor menu item.	

Refer to Section 5.4.5, "Bleed Resistor Cal."

Instructions

Read all steps before you start:

1. Complete the Insp Flow Valve calibration.

- 2. Put #2 plugs in the manifold and the drive gas ports of the vent engine.
- 3. Push the ComWheel to show the next menu.
- 4. Select Start.

The calibration fails if the flow required to reach 91 cmH20 is > 16 l/min.

- If the outcome of the calibration is Pass, the new calibration data is saved.
- If the outcome is Fail, the old calibration data is retained.
- The result of the calibration is saved to the Event Log.

Selecting Previous Menu before the calibration is done aborts the calibration in progress and keep the old calibration constants.

Bleed Resistor Menu

Menu Item	Message text	Comments
Start	Calibrate manifold pressure to bleed resistor flow. Blocked text: "Connect a supply of the drive gas to continue."	Blocked if the ventilator drive gas supply pressure would cause a gas supply failure alarm during normal operation.
Bleed Resistor Data	Show bleed resistor calibration table.	
Previous Menu	Return to the previous menu. During Calibration: "Calibration in progress. Push ComWheel to cancel."	

Bleed Resistor Data menu

The Bleed Resistor Data menu contains a table of 17 entries from a previous calibration. The table is erased at the start of the calibration. The table is updated in real time during the calibration.

4.5.7 Paw Span The Airway P Span instructions appear when the focus is on Paw Span menu item.

Refer to Section 5.4.6, "Paw Span."

Instructions

- Read all steps before you start:
- 1. Complete the Bleed Resistor calibration.
- 2. Install the flow sensor and circuit module
- 3. Put a #2 plug in the drive gas port of the vent engine.
- 4. Put the calibrated orifice in the manifold port of the vent engine.
- 5. Connect the pressure tee to the insp port. Connect the tee to the calibrated orifice with a 22 mm tube.
- 6. Connect a pressure gauge to the pressure tee.
- 7. Select Start Paw Span.
- 8. Increase the flow valve setting until the gauge shows 100 cmH20.
- 9. Select Save Calibration

Paw Span menu

Menu Item	Message text	Values/Comments
Insp Flow Valve (DAC)	Increase setting until test gauge shows 100 cmH20 (approximately 1020 counts). Then save calibration.	0 to 4095 (initially set to 800) Disabled until user selects "Start Paw Span".
Start Paw Span	Start Calibration. Increase flow valve setting until test gauge = 100 cmH20 (approximately 1020 counts). Then save calibration. Blocked text: Connect a supply of the drive gas to continue.	Blocked if the ventilator drive gas supply pressure would cause a gas supply failure alarm during normal operation.
Save calibration	Save Paw Span calibration.	Saves new calibration data. Writes calibration result, date and time to the event log.
Previous Menu	Return to the previous menu. During Calibration: "Calibration in progress. Push ComWheel to cancel."	

4.5.8 Zero Gas Xducrs

The Zero Gas Xducers instructions appear when the focus is on the Zero Gas Xducer menu item.

Instructions

- 1. Remove all cylinders.
- 2. Disconnect all pipeline supplies.
- 3. Select Zero Gas Xducrs.
- 4. Select Start Zero on the next menu.
- This page also shows:
- Gas supply counts
- Gas supply ID

A failed test is usually the result of a pipeline or cylinder still connected to the system.

- If the outcome of the calibration is Pass, the new calibration data is saved.
- If the outcome is Fail, the old calibration data is retained.
- The result of the calibration is saved to the Event Log.

Selecting Previous Menu before the calibration is done aborts the calibration in progress and keep the old calibration constants.

Zero Gas Xducrs menu The Zero Gas Xducrs menu shows only transducers that are installed. If not installed, the menu row is blank.

Menu Item	Message text	Values
02 Pipeline		0-4095 Counts
02 Cylinder 1		0-4095 Counts
02 Cylinder 2		0-4095 Counts
N20 Pipeline		0-4095 Counts
N20 Cylinder		0-4095 Counts
Air Pipeline		0-4095 Counts
Air Cylinder		0-4095 Counts
Start Zero	Disconnect all pipelines and remove cylinders. Then select Start Zero.	
Previous Menu	Return to the previous menu. During Calibration: "Calibration in progress. Push ComWheel to cancel."	

4.5.9 Cal Config Before calibration, you must verify that the Ventilator Drive Gas and the Altitude settings are set appropriately to match the current drive gas configuration and machine location.

If you change any of the settings in the Cal Config menu, you must restart the system.

Cal Config menu

Menu Item	Message text	Values
Ventilator Drive Gas	Change drive gas to match machine configuration.	Air, 02
Altitude	Change altitude used for gas calculations.	-400 to 3000 m (in 100-m increments)

4.5.10 Mixer P Zero Th

The Mixer P Zero instructions appear on the Mixer P Zero menu.

Instructions

Note

Back	Default	Start	
To go back to) factory defaults, selec	t Defaults (above).	
To Zero Pres	Sensors:		
1. Disconneo	t pipeline gas supplies.		
2. Close the	gas cylinders.		
3. Remove th	ne flow sensors.		
4. Insert a no	on-Des cassette.		
5. Push the (02 Flush button for 3 se	conds.	
6. Let the sys	stem sit WITHOUT gas fl	ow for > 5 min.	
7. Select Sta	rt.		
Do not distu	b the system while wait	ing for results.	

- 1. Gain access to the components in the pan electrical enclosure (Section 9.5).
- 2. Disconnect the Alt O2 inlet tubing elbow fitting from the Mixer manifold.
- 3. Disconnect the tubing from the outlet elbow fitting.
- 4. Repeat the Mixer P Zero following the instructions as they appear on the screen.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order.

5 Calibration

A WARNING	After adjustments and calibration are completed, always perform the check procedure. Refer to Section 3 of this manual.	out
In this section	5.1 Primary Regulators	5-2
	5.1.1 Test setup	5-3
	5.1.2 Testing Primary Regulators	5-3
	5.1.3 Adjusting Primary Regulators	5-8
	5.2 O ₂ Flush Regulator	5-9
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5.1 Primary Regulators

First, follow the procedure in Section 5.1.1 to gain access to the regulators.

Then, in Section 5.1.2, select the test that is appropriate for the regulator you are testing.

- ▲ WARNING When testing/adjusting N₂O regulators, nitrous oxide flows through the system. Use a safe and approved procedure to collect and remove it.
 - **Note** To test or calibrate the primary regulators, you must set the system to the Install/Service mode and use the PC based Service Application to control flow through the regulator.

5.1.1 Test setup

- **WARNING** Wear safety glasses while test device is connected to the test port.
- **CAUTION** Be careful not to plug the output of the primary regulator without having a pressure relief valve in the output circuit.
 - 1. Set the system switch to Standby.
 - 2. Disconnect all pipeline supplies.
 - 3. Remove the upper cosmetic and rear panels (Section 9.3.1).
 - 4. If equipped, turn the auxiliary O₂ flowmeter control fully clockwise (no flow).
 - 5. Install a full cylinder in the cylinder supply to be tested. It is essential that the cylinder be within 10% of its full pressure.
 - 6. Remove the plug from the test port at the pipeline inlet manifold and connect a test device capable of measuring 689 kPa (100 psi).



5.1.2 Testing Primary Regulators

- There are two variations of the test procedure for the primary regulators:
- Test A For primary regulators that supply drive gas to the ventilator.
- Test B For all gases not used to supply drive gas to the ventilator.

Test A For primary regulators that supply drive gas to the ventilator (0₂ or Air):

Under low flow conditions, the output pressure of a properly adjusted/ functioning regulator should fall within specifications listed in step 5d.

Under high flow conditions, the output pressure should not drop below the specifications listed in step 6f.

- 1. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 2. If required,
 - set Gas Delivery Mode to Fresh Gas.
 - set Balance Gas to Air.
- 3. Adjust the **O2** Concentration so that 100% of the gas flow will be through the regulator being tested (100% for O₂; 0% for Air).
- 4. Slowly open the cylinder valve for the regulator being tested and observe the pressure reading for the cylinder.
- 5. Low Flow Test:
 - a. Set Total Flow of the tested gas to 0.5 I/min.
 - b. Close the cylinder valve and allow the pressure to decay to 2068 kPa (300 psi) as indicated on the cylinder pressure display.
 - c. At the time that the cylinder pressure reaches 2068 kPa (300 psi), set **Total Flow** to 0.00 l/min to turn off gas flow.
 - d. Within one minute, the test device reading must stabilize between:

(60) DIN 372-400 kPa (54-58 psi)

(50) Pin Indexed 310-341 kPa (45.0-49.5 psi).

- If the test device pressure does not stabilize within one minute, replace the cylinder supply.
- If the test device stabilizes within one minute, but the readings are not within specifications, readjust the regulator (Section 5.1.3).

6. High Flow Test:

- a. Slowly open the cylinder valve.
- b. Remove the ABS breathing system from the machine to allow continuous Insp Valve flow through the exhalation valve.
- c. Access the Ventilation Schematic (Section 12.3.3) of the Service Application.
- d. Set Gas Inlet Valve to On.
- e. Adjust the *Insp Flow Valve* counts until the inspiratory flow value on the schematic reads approximately 65 l/min.
- f. While watching the test device, toggle the Gas Inlet Valve several times (Off, On, Off):
 - The minimum test device reading observed must be greater than:
 (60) DIN 221 kPa (32 psi)

(50) Pin Indexed 207 kPa (30 psi)

• Repeat this step (6f) three times.

If the test device reading under "high flow" conditions is less than specified, readjust the regulator per the procedure in Section 5.1.3; however, set the regulated pressure higher by the difference you noted in this step plus 7 kPa (1 psi). This adjusts the "low flow" regulated output to the high side of the specification so that the "high flow" regulated pressure can fall within the specification.

If the regulator subsequently fails the "low flow" specification (step 5d) because the reading is too high, replace the cylinder supply.

- 7. Set the system switch to Standby.
- 8. Close the cylinder valve.
- 9. Bleed the system of all pressure.
- 10. Disconnect the test device and plug the test port (pull on the plug to ensure it is locked in the fitting).
- 11. Replace the ABS breathing system.
- 12. Replace the rear panel.
- 13. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

Test B For all gases not used to supply drive gas to the ventilator:

Under low flow conditions, the output pressure of a properly adjusted/ functioning regulator should fall within specifications listed in step 5d.

Under high flow conditions, the output pressure should not drop below the specifications in step 6a.

- 1. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 2. If required,
 - set Gas Delivery Mode to Fresh Gas.
 - set **Balance Gas** to **Air** (for O₂ or Air) or **N2O**.
- 3. Adjust the **O2** Concentration so that 100% of the gas flow will be through the regulator being tested (100% for O_2 ; 0% for Air or N_2O).
- 4. Slowly open the cylinder valve for the regulator being tested and observe the pressure reading for the cylinder.
- 5. Low Flow Test:
 - a. Set Total Flow of the tested gas to 0.5 I/min.
 - b. Close the cylinder valve and allow the pressure to decay to 2068 kPa (300 psi) as indicated on the cylinder pressure display.
 - c. At the time that the cylinder pressure reaches 2068 kPa (300 psi), set **Total Flow** to 0.00 l/min to turn off gas flow.
 - d. Within one minute, the test device reading must stabilize between:

(60) DIN 372-400 kPa (54-58 psi)

(50) Pin Indexed 310-341 kPa (45.0-49.5 psi).

- If the test device pressure does not stabilize within one minute, replace the cylinder supply.
- If the test device stabilizes within one minute, but the readings are not within specifications, readjust the regulator (Section 5.1.3).
6. High Flow Test:

- a. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic.
- b. Open the cylinder valve for the regulator being tested.
- c. Set *Total Flow* of the tested gas to 10 l/min.

The test device reading must be greater than:

(60) DIN 221 kPa (32 psi)

(50) Pin Indexed 221 kPa (32 psi)

- If the test device reading under "high flow" conditions is less than specified, readjust the regulator per the procedure in Section 5.1.3; however, set the regulated pressure higher by the difference you noted in this step plus 7 kPa (1 psi). This adjusts the "low flow" regulated output to the high side of the specification so that the "high flow" regulated pressure can fall within the specification.
- If the regulator subsequently fails the "low flow" specification (step 5d) because the reading is too high, replace the cylinder supply.
- 7. Set the system switch to Standby.
- 8. Close the cylinder valve.
- 9. Bleed the system of all pressure.
- 10. Disconnect the test device and plug the test port (pull on the plug to ensure it is locked in the fitting).
- 11. Replace the rear panel.
- 12. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

5.1.3 Adjusting Primary Regulators

Important: Cylinder supplies in an Aisys machine must have all primary regulators set to the same pressure range: (50) Pin Indexed or (60) DIN.

If a regulator is replaced, the replacement regulator must be set (as required) to the same specification as the one removed.

Important: Install a full cylinder in the cylinder supply to be adjusted. It is essential that the cylinder be within 10% of its full pressure.

To adjust the primary regulators, follow the procedure in Section 5.1.1 to gain access to the regulators.

Do not attempt to adjust without flow.

- 1. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 2. If required,
 - set Gas Delivery Mode to Fresh Gas.
 - set Balance Gas to Air (for O₂ or Air) or N20.
- 3. Adjust the **02** Concentration so that 100% of the gas flow will be through the regulator being tested (100% for O_2 ; 0% for Air or N_2O).
- 4. Slowly open the cylinder valve for the regulator being tested and observe the pressure reading for the cylinder.
- 5. Set Total Flow of the tested gas to 0.5 l/min.
- Close the cylinder valve and allow the pressure to decay to 2068 kPa (300 psi) as indicated on the cylinder pressure display.
- 7. When the cylinder gauge reaches 2068 kPa (300 psi), adjust the regulator output pressure to:

(60) DIN 386-400 kPa (56-58 psi)

(50) Pin Indexed 327-341 kPa (47.5-49.5 psi).

Note: It may be necessary to open the cylinder valve and repeat steps 6 and 7 a number of times to achieve the above setting.

- 8. Test the regulator settings per the appropriate test in Section 5.1.2:
 - Test A For primary regulators that supply drive gas to the ventilator.
 - Test B For all gases not used to supply drive gas to the ventilator.



5.2 0₂ Flush Regulator

- 1. Bleed all gas pressure for the machine (Section 9.2).
- 2. Remove the tabletop (Section 9.4).
- 3. Remove the cover from the electronic enclosure.
- 4. Remove the O_2 Flush Regulator output tubing. Attach a 6-mm tee and a test device to the open port.



Upper (Pan) electronic enclosure



- 5. Connect an O_2 pipeline supply or slowly open the O_2 cylinder valve.
- 6. Push the flush button just enough to achieve a slight flow or open the auxiliary flowmeter if equipped with this option. Read the pressure shown on the test device.

The pressure should be 241 ± 7 kPa (35 ± 1.0 psi).

- 7. If adjustment is required:
 - a. Loosen the adjustment screw's jam nut.
 - b. Adjust the regulator (in small steps) to the above specification.
 - c. Tighten the jam nut.
 - d. Verify the reading.
- 8. Disconnect the pipeline supply or close the cylinder valve.
- 9. Bleed gas pressure by pushing the flush button; then, disconnect the tee and test device.
- 10. Reattach the output tubing to the regulator.

5.3 Adjust Drive Gas Regulator

The drive gas regulator must be adjusted while maintaining a flow of 15 I/min. To adjust the flow, you must set the system to the Install/Service mode and use the PC based Service Application to control flow through the regulator.

The drive gas regulator should provide a constant gas input pressure of 172 kPa (25 psi).

Calibration setup

- 1. Attach a pressure test device to the regulator pressure port (shown below)
 - Remove the 6.35-mm (1/4 inch) plug.
 - Attach test device to the open port.
- 2. Remove the ABS breathing system from the machine to allow continuous Insp Valve flow through the exhalation valve.



Regulator pressure port

- 3. Access the Ventilation Schematic (Section 12.3.3) of the Service Application.
- 4. Set Gas Inlet Valve to On.
- 5. Adjust the *Insp Flow Valve* counts until the inspiratory flow value on the schematic reads approximately 15 l/min.
- 6. If required, adjust the regulator to 172 ± 1.72 kPa (25 ± 0.25 psi) through the access hole in the Vent Engine cover (Section 9.13.1).

5.4 Ventilator Calibrations

Before performing the ventilator calibrations, verify that the drive gas regulator is adjusted to specifications (Section 5.3).

The Service menu structure is detailed in Section 4. To access the Ventilator Calibrations menu:

- 1. Turn on the system.
- 2. Navigate the menu selections to the Calibration menu.
 - On the Checkout menu, select Bypass Checks.
 - On the Start Case menu, press the Main Menu button.
 - On the Main Menu, select Screen Setup.
 - On the Screen Setup menu, select Install/Service (dial in 16 4 34).
 - On the Install/Service menu, select Service (dial in 26 23 8).
 - On the Service menu, select Calibration.

Unless otherwise specified, perform the ventilator calibrations in the order that they appear on the Calibration menu.

- User Calibration
- Manifold P Span
- Insp Flow Valve (not required for machines with Software 4.X or greater)
- Bleed Resistor
- Paw Span

The following calibrations should be performed as required:

- Zero Gas Xducer:
 - The pipeline and cylinder pressure transducer should be "zeroed" at least once a year.
 - Whenever a pipeline or cylinder pressure transducer is replaced.
- Cal Config:
 - Reset the Ventilator Drive Gas to match the machine configuration.
 - Reset the *Altitude* whenever the machine is moved to a new location that differs by more than 100 meters.
- Mixer P Zero:

5.4.1 Cal Config Before calibration, you must verify that the Ventilator Drive Gas and the Altitude settings are set appropriately to match the current drive gas configuration and machine location.

If you change any of the settings in the Cal Config menu, you must restart the system.

- 3. On the Installation menu, select Configuration.
- 4. On the **Configuration** menu, verify the **Ventilator Drive Gas** and the **Altitude** setting; adjust as necessary.
- 5. When done, reboot the system (System switch to Standby; then On).

5.4.2 Manifold P Span





Calibration setup:

- 1. Remove the ABS breathing system from the machine.
- 2. Remove the Exhalation Valve.
- 3. Remove the Vent Engine cover.
- 4. Plug the Drive Port (**A**) and the Manifold Port (**B**) on the Vent Engine interface valve.
- 5. Connect the manifold pressure tee adapter (**C**) refer to Section 10.1.2 to the Manifold Pressure Transducer tubing (white inline connectors).
- 6. Connect a manometer to the open port of the tee adapter.

Calibration procedure:

- 1. On the Calibration menu, select Manifold P Span.
- 2. Select Start Manifold P Span.
- 3. Adjust the Insp Flow Valve (DAC) setting until the manometer reading equals 100 cmH_20 :
 - start at approximately 950 counts (press the ComWheel to activate).
 - continue to increment the count until the manometer reading equals 100 $\mbox{cmH}_20.$
- 4. Select Save Calibration.
- 5. Select Previous Menu.
- 6. Disconnect the manometer from the tee adapter.
- Remove the tee adapter and reconnect the Manifold Pressure Transducer tubing.

Troubleshooting

Manifold P Span Calibration Failure

The Calibration will fail if the:

ADC value calculated for span is outside the range of 21000-27000 counts.

- Occlusion or moisture in bulkhead or tubing to VIB transducers.
- Pressure transducer outside of range limits Check Service Application for A/D value.

5.4.3 Inspiratory Flow Valve Cal



Calibration setup

Leave the Drive Port $({\bf A})$ and the Manifold Port $({\bf B})$ on the interface valve plugged.

Calibration procedure:

- 1. On the Calibration menu, select Insp Flow Valve.
- 2. Push the ComWheel to enable the Stage 1 calibration.
- 3. When Stage 1 is completed, remove the plug from the Manifold port and insert the calibrated orifice (**C**)
- Push the ComWheel to enable the Stage 2 calibration. (May take two minutes before you see any effects of the test on the screen.)
- 5. When Stage 2 is completed, select Previous Menu.





Troubleshooting

Stage 1 Calibration Failures

The Calibration will fail if the:

- Flow valve DAC counts are ≥ 1000 counts while finding points 2 through 6.
- Previously found DAC value is ≥ to the current DAC value while finding points 2 through 6.
- Previously recorded flow for a previous DAC is > the previous flow for a previous DAC.
- Points 2, 3, and 4 have the same value stored for flow (this would cause a divide by zero when extrapolating).

- Check Altitude and Drive Gas selection
- Leaks around the test plugs
- Leaks in Vent Engine Interface Manifold Inspect for leaks
- Insp Flow Valve not closing completely (leaky) Replace Insp Flow Valve
- Drive gas regulator not adjusted / stable Check regulator calibration
- Insp Flow Valve not linear Replace Insp Flow Valve

Troubleshooting

Stage 2 Calibration Failures

The Calibration will fail if the:

- Flow valve DAC reaches 4095 before determining the Lift-Off Point.
- Previously found DAC value is \geq to the current DAC value while finding points 7 through 24.
- Previously recorded flow for a previous DAC is > the previous flow for a previous DAC.
- End point DAC of 4095 does not give a flow > 100 l/min.

- Check Altitude and Drive Gas selection.
- Leaks around the test plug or Calibration Flow Orifice.
- Leaks in Vent Engine Interface Manifold Inspect for leaks.
- Inadequate drive gas supply (cannot deliver > 100 l/min).
- Drive gas regulator not adjusted / stable Check regulator calibration.
- Insp Flow Valve not linear Replace Insp Flow Valve.

5.4.4 Insp Flow Zero	Note: Not required for machines with System Software 4.X or greater.		
	Calibration setup		
	1. Remove the Calibration Orifice from the Manifold port.		
	2. Plug the Manifold (B) port.		
	3. Leave the Drive Gas (A) port plugged.		
	Calibration procedure:		
	1. On the Calibration menu, select Insp Flow Zero.		
	2. Select Start .		
	3. Select Previous Menu.		
Troubleshooting	Insp Flow Zero Calibration Failures		
	The Calibration will fail if the:		
	 Inspiratory Valve Calibration (stage 1 and stage 2) has not been performed. Corresponding flow is not between the 2nd and 5th point in the Inspiratory valve calibration table. 		
	Possible causes for calibration failure:		
	 Inspiratory Valve Calibration not complete – Perform Calibration. Insp Flow Valve not closing completely (leaky) – Replace Insp Flow Valve. Insp Flow Valve not linear – Replace Insp Flow Valve. 		

5.4.5 Bleed Resistor Cal



Calibration setup

Leave the Drive Port $({\bf A})$ and the Manifold Port $({\bf B})$ on the interface valve plugged.

Calibration procedure

- 1. On the Calibration menu, select **Bleed Resistor**.
- 2. Select Start.
- 3. When the test is completed, select *Previous Menu*.

Troubleshooting

Bleed Resistor Calibration Failures

The Calibration will fail if the:

- Flow is greater than 50 l/min before the following pressure is reached:
 - 95 cmH₂O for System Software 4.X or greater
 - 105 cmH₂O for System Software 3.X
- Table created has a pressure or flow that is greater than or equal to the next flow or pressure point in the table.

- Check Altitude and Drive Gas selection.
- Leaks around the test plugs.
- Drive gas regulator not adjusted / stable Check regulator calibration.
- Inspiratory Valve Calibration not complete Perform Calibration.
- Insp Flow Valve not closing completely (leaky) Replace Insp Flow Valve.
- Insp Flow Valve not linear Replace Insp Flow Valve.

5.4.6 Paw Span

Calibration setup

- 1. Leave the Drive port (A) port plugged.
- 2. Remove the plug from the Manifold port.
- 3. Attach a patient circuit tube to the Calibrated Flow Orifice.
- 4. Insert the Calibrated Flow Orifice into the Manifold port (B).
- 5. Separate the Circuit module from the ABS Bellows module.
- 6. Install only the Circuit module (**C**) on to the machine.
- 7. Connect a pressure sensing tee (**D**) to the inspiratory flow patient connection.
- 8. Connect the open end of the patient circuit tube to the flow port of the pressure sensing tee.
- 9. Connect a manometer to the pressure sensing port of the tee connector.





Calibration procedure

- 1. On the Calibration menu, select **Paw Span**.
- 2. Select Start Paw Span.
- 3. Adjust the Insp Flow Valve (DAC) setting until the manometer reading equals 100 cmH₂O:
 - start at approximately 950 counts (press the ComWheel to activate).
 - continue to increment the count until the manometer reading equals 100 cmH₂0.
- 4. Select Save Calibration.
- 5. Select Previous Menu.

Troubleshooting Paw Span Calibration Failure

The Calibration will fail if the:

• ADC value calculated for span is outside the range of 21000-27000 counts.

- Occlusion or moisture in bulkhead or tubing to VIB transducers.
- Pressure transducer outside of range limits Check Service Application for A/D value.

Notes

6 Installation and Maintenance

In this section	This section covers the regular maintenance procedures (minimum requirements) needed to make sure that the Aisys anesthesia machine operates to specifications.		
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▲ WARNINGS	Do not perform testing or maintenance on the Aisys anesthesia machine while it being used on a patient. Possible injury can result.	is	
	Items can be contaminated due to infectious patients. Wear sterile rubber gloves. Contamination can spread to you and others.		
	Obey infection control and safety procedures. Used equipment may contain blood and body fluids.		

6.1 Aisys Installation Checklist

Serial Number:	Date: (YY/MM/DD) / /
Hospital:	Performed by:
	1. Unpack and assemble the Aisys System.
	2. Reconfigure the sample gas return line as required (<i>TRM</i> - Section 9.23).
	3. Access the Installation menu from the Install/Service menu and change the following as required:
	 a. Configuration (<i>TRM</i> - Section 4.3.1) Decimal Marker Language Gas Supply Colors O₂ Flowtube Ventilator Drive Gas Altitude Gas Outlet N₂O Enabled
	 b. Units Menu (<i>TRM</i> - Section 4.3.2) Weight CO₂ Gas Supply Pressure Paw
	 c. Options List (<i>TRM</i> - Section 4.3.3) Check that the factory installed ventilation options match the
	configuration purchased with the machine.
	 Copy configuration Mena (<i>TRM</i> - Section 4.5.4) Can be used to save a configuration to a Compact Flash card and then copy the configuration to additional machines.
	e. From the Service Menu select the Service Log Menu (<i>TRM</i> - Section 4.4.2)
	 Review and reset the error and alarm log entries.
	 f. From the Service Menu select Calibration and perform the following calibrations (<i>TRM</i> - Section 4.5): User Calibration Manifold P Span Insp Flow Zero Insp Flow Valve Bleed Resistor Paw Span

- 4. Verify the "Schedule Service Calibration" message is not present in the normal display.
- 5. Complete the System Checkout by performing the following steps:
 - a. Inspect the system (TRM Section 3.1)
 - b. System checkout (*TRM* Section 3.2)
 Note: You must insert a Test Cassette for the Machine Check System Agent Delivery Test to run the extended diagnostic Vaporizer Test.
 - c. Pipeline and Cylinder tests (TRM Section 3.6)
 - d. Flush Flow test (TRM Section 3.7)
 - e. Alarm tests (*TRM* Section 3.8)
 - f. Alternate O₂ flowmeter tests (*TRM* Section 3.9)
 - g. Auxiliary O₂ flowmeter tests, if equipped with option (*TRM* Section 3.10)
 - h. Integrated suction regulator tests, if equipped with option (*TRM* Section 3.11)
 - i. Power failure test (TRM Section 3.12)
 - j. Electrical safety tests (TRM Section 3.13)

6.2 Aisys Planned Maintenance

Serial Number:		Date: (YY/MM/DD) / /
Hospital:		Performed by:
□ 12 months □ 24 n	nonth 🛛 48 month	□
6.2.1 Every twelve (12) months	Perform the following steps For details, refer to the secti • Sections marked URM are anesthesia system.	every 12 months. ions listed. e found in the User's Reference manuals for the Aisys
	 Sections marked TRM are 	found in this Technical Reference manual.
Parts Replacement	Refer to <i>TRM</i> - Section 9.7	.2; perform the following:
	Replace the eVap backpress	sure valve (Stock Number 1011-3983-000).
Checks and Tests		
	 AGSS Maintenance (URI Empty any condensate Inspect air brake for o Inspect, clean or replate 	<i>M - Part 2, Section 2</i>): e from the reservoir (disposable item). cclusion on active AGSS. ace filter on active AGSS.
	2. Breathing System Maint	enance (URM - Part 2, Section 2)
	 Disassemble the brea any parts that are phy 	thing system modules and inspect components. Replace sically damaged or worn.
	3. Bellows Assembly Maint	tenance (URM - Part 2, Section 2)
	 Disassemble the bello that are physically dar 	ows assembly and inspect components. Replace any parts maged or worn.
	4. Bellows Assembly Tests	(URM - Part 2, Section 2)
	 5. Perform the checkout provide the system (TR) Pipeline and cylinder the O2 supply alarm test (Flush Flow Test (TRM - Alarm tests (TRM - Sector Power failure test (TRM)) 	ocedures in Section 3. RM - Section 3.1) tests (TRM - Section 3.6) TRM - Section 3.6.1) • Section 3.7) ction 3.8) M - Section 3.12)
	6. Mixer outlet check valve	e leak test (TRM - Section 6.6.1)
	7. Zero the Mixer (TRM - Se	ection 4.5.10)
	8. Mixer flow verification to	est (TRM - Section 6.6.2)
	9. Alternate O ₂ flowmeter t	ests (TRM - Section 6.7)
	10. Auxiliary O ₂ flowmeter te	ests (TRM - Section 6.8)
	11.Integrated Suction Regu	lator tests (TRM - Section 6.9)

- 12. Perform the following diagnostics using the Compact Flash Special Functions.
 - Display Diagnostics (TRM Section 8.3.1).
- 13. Perform the following diagnostics using the PC Service Application.
 - Vaporizer Test with a Test Cassette inserted (TRM Section 12.10.2).
 - MOPV pressure relief valve test (TRM Section 6.4).
 - Pressure Limit Circuit test (TRM Section 6.5).
 - Adjust Drive Gas Regulator (TRM Section 5.3).
 - eVap Therapy Cassette Leak Test (TRM Section 7.11).
- □ 14. From the Service Calibration menu (*TRM* Section 4.5), perform the following (refer to *TRM* Section 5.4 for details):
 - User Calibration
 - Manifold P Span
 - Inspiratory flow zero
 - Inspiratory flow valve
 - Bleed resistor
 - Paw Span
 - Zero Gas Transducers
- **15.** From the Service Log menu (*TRM* Section 4.4.2), perform the following:
 - Access the Error History log. If any error codes have been logged, follow the appropriate troubleshooting procedures. Clear the error log.
- **16**. Perform the system "Checkout" (*TRM* Section 3.2).
- 17. Perform the "Low P Leak" test (*TRM Section 3.3.4*).
- **18**. Electrical safety tests (*TRM Section 3.13*).

6.2.2 Every twenty- four (24) months	In addition to the 12-month requirements, replace the following parts every 24 months. All parts should be replaced before performing the checks, tests, and calibrations.	
Parts Replacement	Refer to <i>TRM</i> - Section 6.3; perform the following:	
	Replace the free breathing flapper valve (Stock Number 0211-1454-100).	
	Replace the free breathing valve o-ring (Stock Number 1503-3208-000).	
6.2.3 Every forty- eight (48) months	In addition to the 24-month requirements, replace the following parts every 48 months. All parts should be replaced before performing the checks, tests, and calibrations.	
Parts Replacement	Refer to <i>TRM</i> - Section 9.11.2; perform the following:	
	Replace the Display Unit battery (Stock Number 1009-5800-000).	
	Refer to <i>TRM</i> - Section 9.12.4; perform the following step:	
	Replace the system batteries* (Stock Number 1011-3557-000).	
	*Note: Refer to the "Battery capacity test" in TRM - Section 6.10.	

6.3 Free breathing valve maintenance



Refer to section 9.13 to access the Pneumatic Vent Engine.

- 1. Unscrew the valve seat (A) from the side of the interface manifold.
- 2. Inspect the flapper (B) and valve seat for nicks, debris and cleanliness.

To replace the flapper valve

- 3. If necessary, clean the new flapper valve with alcohol.
- 4. Pull the tail (**C**) of the new free breathing valve flapper through the center of the valve seat until it locks in place.
- 5. Trim the tail with 2 to 3 mm protruding outside surface of the valve seat (refer to the removed flapper).
- 6. Replace the O-ring (**D**). Lubricate with a thin film of Krytox.
- 7. Hand screw the assembly into the interface manifold.
- 8. Reassemble the system.
- 9. Perform the Preoperative Checkout Procedure (refer to the User's Reference manual).

6.4 MOPV pressure relief valve test

- Ŵ WARNING Objects in the breathing system can stop gas flow to the patient. This can cause injury or death:
 - Do not use a test plug that is small enough to fall into the breathing system.
 - Make sure that there are no test plugs or other objects caught in the • breathing system.
- 6.4.1 Test setup Remove the ABS breathing system. 1.
 - 2. Plug the inspiratory flow (drive pressure) port of the exhalation valve with a stopper.



(Drive Pressure) Port

To test the pressure relief valve, you must establish a flow (blocked by setup 6.4.2 Test procedure above) of 30 l/min through the Inspiratory Flow Control valve.

- 19. Access the Ventilation Schematic (TRM Section 12.3.3) of the Service Application.
- 20. Set Gas Inlet Valve to On.
- 21. Adjust the Insp Flow Valve counts until the inspiratory flow value on the schematic reads approximately 30 l/min.
- 3. Carefully listen for the MOPV relief weight to be relieving and "popping off" from its seat (a purring sound). This indicates the valve is functioning correctly.
- 4. Set the system switch to Standby.
- Remove the stopper from the inspiratory flow port. 5.
- 6. Reassemble the system.
- 7. Perform the Preoperative Checkout Procedure (refer to the User's Reference manual).

6.5 Pressure Limit Circuit test

To perform the test:

- establish a closed patient airway circuit.
- increment the pressure in the airway circuit.
- observe the output of the airway pressure transducer.
- note that the "pressure limit circuit" trips at approximately 109 cmH₂0.
- **Test setup** 1. Remove the ABS breathing system from the machine.
 - 2. Remove the Exhalation Valve.
 - 3. Remove the Vent Engine cover.
 - 4. Separate the Circuit Module from the ABS Bellows Module.
 - 5. Install the Circuit Module only.
 - 6. Plug the Drive Port (A) on the Vent Engine interface valve.
 - 7. Attach a patient circuit tube to the Calibrated Flow Orifice test tool.
 - 8. Insert the Calibrated Flow Orifice into the Manifold (pilot) Port (**B**).
 - 9. Connect the open end of the patient circuit tube to the inspiratory flow patient connection (**C**).







Calibrated Flow Orifice 1504-3016-000

- **Test Procedure** 10. Access the Ventilation Schematic (*TRM* Section 12.3.3) of the Service Application.
 - 11. Select Vent Status and verify that Over Pressure Circuit reads OK.
 - 12. Select Gas Inlet Valve to ON.
 - 13. Adjust the *Insp Flow Valve* counts to approximately 1000 counts and observe the *Airway Pressure* reading on the Ventilator Schematic.
 - 14. Increase the flow count slowly until the *Airway Pressure* reading reaches approximately 109 cmH₂O.
 - 15. Continue to increase the flow by one count and observe the airway pressure until gas flow stops.
 - 16.On the Status page, verify that:
 - Over Pressure Circuit reads High Pressure.
 - Gas Inlet Valve Feedback reads Closed.
 - 8. Reassemble the system.
 - 9. Perform the Preoperative Checkout Procedure (refer to the User's Reference manual).

6.6 Mixer test



To perform the mixer tests, you must gain access to the mixer outlet tubing which is connected to the inlet of the electronic vaporizer.

- 1. To access the electronic vaporizer, refer to Section 9.7
- 2. Disconnect the mixer outlet tube at the inlet to the electronic vaporizer.

6.6.1 Mixer outlet check valve leak test

To test the mixer outlet check valve you must apply back pressure to the check valve through the mixer outlet tubing and time the leak down rate of the pressure.

- 1. Tee in a pressure gauge and a syringe to the mixer outlet tube.
- 2. Slowly pressurize the mixer outlet check valve to 200 mmHg.
- 3. The pressure shown on the test gauge should not decrease by more than 10 mmHg in 30 seconds.

6.6.2 Mixer flow verification

To perform the flow verification test, you must attach a flowmeter to the mixer outlet tubing and access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) on the Service Application.

- 1. Connect a flowmeter to the mixer outlet tubing.
- 2. If the system includes an N₂O supply, connect the output of the flowmeter to the input of the electronic vaporizer or to the scavenging system.

Note: Some flowmeter test devices are not backpressure compensated. Connecting the output of the flowmeter test device to the input of the electronic vaporizer can cause readings outside limits.

Verify Flowmeter Reading

3. On the Gas Delivery Schematic, establish the following flows and verify the readings on the test flowmeter.

Set Flow	Lower Limit I/ min	Upper Limit I/min	
100% 0 ₂ at 10 l/min	9.0	11.0	
100% Air at 10 l/min	9.0	11.0	
100% N ₂ 0 at 10 l/min	9.0	11.0	
100% N ₂ 0 at 0.5 l/min	0.45	0.55	
100% Air at 0.5 l/min	0.45	0.55	
100% 0 ₂ at 0.5 l/min	0.45	0.55	

- **Note** If you will be testing the Auxiliary O_2 flowmeter (*TRM* Section 6.7), you can proceed to the Alternate O_2 "*Flow Accuracy Test*" at this point without reassembling the machine.
 - 4. Remove the test device.
 - 5. Connect the mixer outlet tubing to the electronic vaporizer.
 - 6. Reassemble the machine.
 - 10. Perform the Preoperative Checkout Procedure (refer to the User's Reference manual).

6.7 Alternate 0₂ flowmeter tests

- 1. Open the O_2 cylinder valve or connect an O_2 pipeline.
- 2. Rotate the Alt O₂ flow control fully clockwise to minimum flow.
- 3. Press the Alternate O_2 switch to turn on Alternate O_2 flow. The flowmeter should indicate 0.5 to 0.7 L/min.
- 4. Rotate the flow control counterclockwise (increase). The ball should rise immediately after rotation is begun. It should rise smoothly and steadily with continued counterclockwise rotation. When a desired flow is set, the ball should maintain in a steady position.
- 5. Rotate the flow control clockwise to minimum flow.
- 6. Press the Alternate O_2 switch to turn off Alternate O_2 flow; confirm yes.

Flow Accuracy Test Note: To check flow accuracy, be sure that the flow test device is capable of measuring 0–15 l/min with an accuracy of ±2% of reading.

To perform the test, you must gain access to the mixer outlet tubing which is connected to the inlet of the electronic vaporizer.

- 1. To access the electronic vaporizer, refer to Section 9.7
- 2. Disconnect the mixer outlet tube at the inlet to the electronic vaporizer.
- 3. Connect a flowmeter to the mixer outlet tubing.
- 4. Press the Alternate O_2 switch to turn on Alternate O_2 flow.
- 5. Adjust the flowmeter so the **center** of the ball aligns with the selected test point (observe that the ball maintains a steady position for 10 seconds).
- 6. The test device reading should be between the limits shown for each of the selected settings in the table below.

Flowmeter Setting L/min	Lower Limit I/min	Upper Limit I/min	
minimum (valve fully closed)	0.5	0.7	
1	0.5	1.5	
3	2.5	3.5	
5	4.5	5.5	
10	9.0	11.0	
maximum (valve fully open)	10.0	13.0	

Flow Tester Reading

- 7. Rotate the flow control clockwise to minimum flow.
- 8. Close the O_2 cylinder valve or disconnect the O_2 pipeline.
- 9. Remove the test device.
- 10. Connect the mixer outlet tubing to the electronic vaporizer.
- 11.Reassemble the machine.
- 12. Perform the Preoperative Checkout Procedure (refer to the User's Reference manual).

6.8 Auxiliary 0₂ flowmeter tests

	1. Open the O_2 cylinder valve or connect an O_2 pipeline.
	2. Rotate the flow control clockwise (decrease) to shut off the flow. The ball should rest at the bottom of the flow tube and not move.
	3. Rotate the flow control counterclockwise (increase). The ball should rise immediately after rotation is begun. It should rise smoothly and steadily with continued counterclockwise rotation. When a desired flow is set, the ball should maintain in a steady position.
	4. Rotate the flow control clockwise to shut off the flow.
Flow Accuracy Test	Note: To check flow accuracy, be sure that the flow test device is capable of measuring 0 to 15 L/min with an accuracy of $\pm 2\%$ of reading.
	1. Connect the flowmeter outlet to the flow test device.
	2. Adjust the flowmeter so the center of the ball aligns with the selected test point (observe that the ball maintains a steady position for 10 seconds).

3. The test device reading should be between the limits shown for each of the selected settings in the table below.

Flowmeter Setting L/min	Lower Limit L/min	Upper Limit L/min
1	0.5	1.5
3	2.5	3.5
5	4.5	5.5
10	9.0	11.0
maximum (valve fully open)	12.0	

Flow Tester Reading

- 4. Rotate the flow control clockwise to shut off the flow.
- 5. Close the O_2 cylinder valve or disconnect the O_2 pipeline.

6.9 Integrated Suction Regulator tests

Note	There are two types of integrated suction systems for the Avance anesthesia machine:	
	 Continuous Vacuum Regulator, Three-Mode, Pipeline Vacuum Continuous Vacuum Regulator, Three-Mode, Venturi Derived Vacuum 	
	For Pipeline Vacuum systems , a vacuum source of at least 500 mm Hg (67 kPa or 20 in Hg) is required for testing. The supply open flow must be a minimum of 50 L/min.	
	For Venturi Derived Vacuum systems, an O_2 or Air source of at least 282 kPa (41 psi) is required for testing.	
Gauge Accuracy	The gauge needle should come to rest within the zero range bracket when no suction is being supplied. Gauges which do not comply may be out of tolerance.	
Note	To check gauge accuracy, be sure that the test gauge is capable of measuring 0 to 550 mm Hg with an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ of reading.	
	1. Connect the suction patient port to the test gauge.	
	2. Turn the mode selector switch to I (ON).	
	3. Ensure that the vacuum test gauge is in agreement with the suction vacuum gauge \pm 38 mm Hg/5 kPa at the following test points.	

Test points	
Suction vacuum gauge	Test gauge tolerance
100 mm Hg (13.3 kPa)	62–138 mm Hg (8.3–18.4 kPa)
300 mm Hg (40 kPa)	262–338 mm Hg (35–45 kPa)
500 mm Hg (66.7 kPa)	462-538 mm Hg (61.6–71.7) kPa)

- **Flow Test** Note: To check flow accuracy, be sure that the flow test device is capable of measuring 0-30 L/min with an accuracy of $\pm 2\%$ of reading.
 - 1. Connect the patient port of the suction regulator to the flow test device.
 - 2. Rotate the suction control knob fully clockwise (increase).
 - 3. Turn the mode selector switch to I (ON) and verify that the flow rate is:
 - at least 20 L/min.
 - 4. Disconnect the test flowmeter.

(Tests continue on next page.)

Regulation Test	1.	Turn the mode selector switch to I (ON).
	2.	Occlude the patient port of the suction regulator.
	3.	Set the vacuum regulator gauge to 100 mm Hg/13 kPa.
	4.	Open and close the patient port several times.
	5.	With the patient port occluded, the gauge should return to 100 mm Hg/13 kPa within a tolerance of \pm 10 mm Hg/1.3 kPa.
Vacuum Bleed Test	1.	Occlude the patient port of the suction regulator.
	2.	Set the vacuum regulator gauge to 100 mm Hg/13 kPa.
	3.	Turn the mode selector switch to 0 (OFF) and observe the gauge needle. It must return to the zero range bracket or stop pin within 10 seconds.
Vacuum Leak Test	1.	Turn the mode selector switch to 0 (OFF).
	2.	Rotate the suction control knob a minimum of two full turns in the clockwise direction (increase suction) to ensure its setting is not at the off position.
	3.	Occlude the patient port of the suction regulator.
	4.	Observe the suction gauge, the needle should not move.
	5.	Rotate the suction control knob fully counterclockwise to ensure its setting is at the fully off position.
	6.	Turn the mode selector switch to I (ON).
	7.	Observe the suction gauge, the needle should not move.

6.10 Battery capacity test

Although replacement of the backup batteries is recommended at the end of 4 years, batteries that pass the capacity test can be considered viable for battery backup of the system for up to 6 years at the discretion of the hospital.

Before testing the batteries, ensure that they are fully charged.

- **Test procedure** 1. Turn the system on and start a case (simulated).
 - 2. Turn off the mains system breaker on the AC Inlet.
 - 3. Allow the system to run on battery until it does an orderly shutdown and powers off (can be in excess of 90 minutes).
 - 4. Set the system switch to Standby and turn on the mains system breaker.
 - 5. Set the system switch to On and enter the Service Mode.
 - 6. Launch the Service Application.
 - 7. On the Power Diagnostics menu (Section 12.7) select Power Board.
 - 8. The Power Board window (Section 12.7.1) shows the **Date battery Tested** (the last full battery discharge) and the **Last Full Discharge** time.
 - If the *Last Full Discharge* time is greater than 45 minutes, the batteries can be left in service for one more year.
 - If the *Last Full Discharge* time is less than 45 minutes, both batteries should be replaced.

6.11 Cable routing, upper module rack

The following diagram shows typical cable connections for Aisys machines with an upper module rack. Refer to the individual sections showing proper routing of the cables through the machine.

Note In general, route the cables through the machine as shown in the following sections. Connect each end to the intended connector. Ensure that the cable is properly restrained and positioned so that it does not interfere when replacing covers or with the motion of the Display arm. Store excess cable length within the machine.



6.11.1 Display Unit and Anesthesia Monitor

Attach the respective cables to the Display Unit (A) and, if present, to the monitor (B).

Leave enough cable length outside the arm to allow positioning of the displays throughout the full range without straining the cables.

Use cable ties to keep the monitor cable attached neatly behind the assembly.

Ensure that each cable has a slight loop (\mathbf{C}) at the wrist casting (\mathbf{D}) .

6.11.2 Display arm

Route the cables through the Display Arm retaining clips (**E**) and the wrist casting as shown.

To ensure adequate cable length for the full range of arm and display motion:

1. Move the arm down to a horizontal position. Arrange the cables so that they fall within the shaded area on the label.





- 2. Swing the arm to its extreme counterclockwise position and place the display up against the arm.
- 3. Replace the base cover with adhered gasket (F) to hold the cables in place.





6.11.3 Left-side cable route

To access the left-side cable route, remove the following:

- the breathing system.
- the upper left-side cosmetic panel.
- the lower left-side cosmetic panel.
- the AGSS reservoir.

Route the cables through the cable clamps shown (arrows).

6.11.4 Upper left-side cable route

The upper left-side is a transition route for cabling.

- to the display arm (G).
- to the M-Gas chassis and the upper module rack (H).

The extrusion includes an opening that accommodates the ferrite bead (I) on the power supply cable for the 15-inch Anesthesia Monitor display.

6.11.5 Front side of Display Connector Board

Cables from the front side of the Display Connector Board route through an opening in the left-side frame extrusion (J).

- System Power Interface to Display Unit (K).
- System Signal Interface to Display Unit (L).
- Airway Module (M-Gas) Power Supply Board (M).

To access the cable connectors, you need to remove one of the following components depending on machine configuration:

- a drawer.
- the cassette storage bay assembly.







6.11.6 Upper module rack

To access the upper module rack, remove the upper rear cosmetic cover.

Store the power supply "brick" (N) for the 15-inch Anesthesia Monitor display and the DIS adapter (O) in the open area to the right of the M-Gas power supply (P).

Coil the excess length of each cable and store it in the open area below the module rack (**Q**).

6.11.7 Rear cosmetic panel

To access the rear cable route, remove the rear pneumatic cosmetic panel.

Route the AC power cables (**R**) and the Auxiliary Connector Board cables (**S**) through the cable clamps shown (**arrows**).

Arrange the cable so that they do not impede air flow through the rear panel fan (**T**).

6.11.8 Additional cable access points to upper chassis

Additional cables can be routed into upper chassis area through openings along the edge of the top shelf in the left-side (**u**) and upper rear (**v**) cosmetic panels.









6.12 Cable routing, lower module rack

The following diagram shows typical cable connections for Aisys machines with an lower module rack. Refer to the individual sections showing proper routing of the cables through the machine.

Note In general, route the cables through the machine as shown in the following sections. Connect each end to the intended connector. Ensure that the cable is properly restrained and positioned so that it does not interfere when replacing covers or with the motion of the Display arm. Store excess cable length within the machine.



6.12.1 Display Unit and Anesthesia Monitor

Attach the respective cables to the Display Unit (A) and, if present, to the monitor (B).

Leave enough cable length outside the arm to allow positioning of the displays throughout the full range without straining the cables.

Use cable ties to keep the monitor cable attached neatly behind the assembly.

Ensure that each cable has a slight loop (\mathbf{C}) at the wrist casting (\mathbf{D}) .

6.12.2 Display arm

Route the cables through the Display Arm retaining clips (**E**) and the wrist casting as shown.

To ensure adequate cable length for the full range of arm and display motion:

1. Move the arm down to a horizontal position. Arrange the cables so that they fall within the shaded area on the label.





- 2. Swing the arm to its extreme counterclockwise position and place the display up against the arm.
- 3. Replace the base cover with adhered gasket (F) to hold the cables in place.





6.12.3 Left-side cable route

To access the left-side cable route, remove the following:

- the breathing system.
- the upper left-side cosmetic panel.
- the lower left-side cosmetic panel.
- the AGSS reservoir.

Route the cables through the cable clamps shown (arrows).

The upper left-side is a transition route for cabling:

- to the display arm (G).
- to the M-Gas chassis (H).

The extrusion includes an opening that accommodates the ferrite bead (I) on power supply cable for the 15-inch Anesthesia Monitor display.

6.12.4 Front side of Display Connector Board and lower module rack.

Cables from the front side of the Display Connector Board and the signal cable from the module rack route through an opening in the left-side frame extrusion (J).

- System Power Interface to Display Unit (K).
- System Signal Interface to Display Unit (L).
- Airway Module (M-Gas) Power Supply Board (M).
- Signal cables to module rack (N).

To access the cable connectors, move the lower rack out of the bay onto a suitable stand.

The power cable (**o**) to the module rack is routed from the right side of the machine (*TRM* - Section 6.12.6).

Note: When replacing the module rack, ensure that the excess cable length fall behind the rear drawer brace — away from the drawers.






6.12.5 Rear cable route

To access the rear cable route, remove the rear pneumatics cosmetic panel and the upper rear cosmetic cover.

Route the cables through the cable clamps shown (arrows).

Store the power supply "brick" (**P**) for the 15-inch Anesthesia Monitor display in the open area to the right of the M-Gas power supply (**Q**).

Coil the excess length of each cable and store it in the open area below the module rack (**R**).

The power cord (**s**) for the lower module rack (and if present, the battery backup cable for the Anesthesia Monitor) wraps to the right-side of the machine.



6.12.6 Right-side cable route

To access the cable route on the right side of the machine, remove the lower and upper right-side cosmetic panels.

Route the cables through the cable clamps shown (arrows).

Note: When replacing the lower cosmetic panel, position the cables within the beveled edge of the extrusion to allow a flush mount of the panel without pinching the cables

Cable from the upper chassis can be routed in this area through the cutout (\mathbf{T}) in the chassis.

Additional cables can be routed into this area through the upper cosmetic panel. First, remove the plug (**u**); then, route the cable through the upper panel. Flip the plug over before replacing it onto the cosmetic panel.





7 Troubleshooting

In this section	7.1 Troubleshooting Guidelines
	7.2 Troubleshooting high pressure and low pressure leaks
	7.3 Troubleshooting Startup Screen (POST) messages - for HPDU
	7.4 Troubleshooting the HPDU Display
	7.5 Troubleshooting System Malfunction (safe-state) screen
	7.6 Breathing System Leak Test Guide
	7 6 1 Check Valves 7-8
	7.6.2 Breathing System Troubleshooting Flowcharts
	7.6.3 Leak Isolation Tests
	7.7 System Troubleshooting Flowcharts
	7.8 System Malfunction and Alt O2 Flowchart Table
	7.9 Technical Alarms
	7.10 Electronic Vaporizer (eVap) Troubleshooting
	7.10.1 Vaporizer Test Results
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	7.10.3 eVap Troubleshooting Flowchart
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	7.10.10 eVap Temperature troubleshooting
	7.10.11 eVap Power and Valves troubleshooting
	7.10.12 Electronic vaporizer 10VA power interconnect fault isolation
	7.10.13 Vaporizer Checkout Troubleshooting
	7.11 eVap Therapy Cassette Leak Test
	7.12 eVap Backpressure Valve Test
	7.13 eVap Inflow Check Valve Test
	7.14 eVap Scavenger Path Testing
	7.15 Steps and Messages displayed during the System Checkout

7.1 Troubleshooting Guidelines

Review system error logs using the Service Log menu (Section 4.4.2) or download the logs to PC files using the PC Service Application (Section 12.6.3). Review the logs to identify issues and follow the appropriate subsystem troubleshooting procedures.

Troubleshooting high pressure and low pressure leaks Section 7.2 on page 7-3
Troubleshooting Startup Screen (POST) messages - for HPDU Section 7.3 on page 7-4
Troubleshooting the HPDU Display Section 7.4 on page 7-5
Troubleshooting System Malfunction (safe-state) screen Section 7.5 on page 7-6
Breathing System Leak Test Guide Section 7.6 on page 7-7
System Troubleshooting Flowcharts Section 7.7 on page 7-29
System Malfunction and Alt O2 Flowchart Table Section 7.8 on page 7-41
Technical Alarms
Electronic Vaporizer (eVap) TroubleshootingSection 7.10 on page 7-78
eVap Therapy Cassette Leak Test
eVap Backpressure Valve Test
eVap Inflow Check Valve Test Section 7.13 on page 7-100
eVap Scavenger Path Testing Section 7.14 on page 7-102
Steps and Messages displayed during the System Checkout Section 7.15 on page 7-103

WARNING Objects in the breathing system can stop gas flow to the patient. This can cause injury or death:

- Do not use a test plug that is small enough to fall into the breathing system.
- Make sure that there are no test plugs or other objects caught in the breathing system.

7.2 Troubleshooting high pressure and low pressure leaks

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
High Pressure Leak	Pipeline leak	Use a leak detector or Snoop to check for source of leak. Repair or replace defective parts.
	O ₂ flush valve	Use a leak detector or Snoop to check for source of leak. Make sure tubing connections are tight. Replace valve if defective.
	System switch	Use a leak detector or Snoop to check for source of leak. Make sure tubing connections are tight. Replace switch if defective.
	Cylinder not installed properly	Make sure cylinder is correctly aligned. Verify that tee handles are tight.
	Cylinder transducer	Use a leak detector or Snoop to check for source of leak. Tighten/replace transducer if defective.
	Cylinder gaskets	Use a leak detector or Snoop to check for source of leak. Replace gasket if defective.
	Relief valves	Use a leak detector or Snoop to check for source of leak. Replace valve if defective.
Low Pressure Leak	Leak in mixer	Remove tubing from inlet port of vaporizer manifold (mixer outlet tube) and perform leak test of mixer.
	Leaking flush valve	Attach pressure measuring device on CGO. Replace valve if device shows increased pressure.
	Leaking system switch	Attach pressure measuring device on CGO. Replace switch if device shows increased pressure.
Bellows leak	Pop-off valve diaphragm not sealing properly	Disassemble pop-off valve; inspect and clean seats; reseat; reassemble.
	Bellows mounting rim loose	Remove rim and pop-off valve diaphragm; reseat diaphragm; snap rim (2) into place.
	Bellows improperly mounted or has a hole or tear	Check that only the last bellows convolute is mounted to the rim and that the ring roll is in the groove under the rim. Inspect the bellows for damage; replace.
Breathing System Leak	Absorber canister open or missing	Install canister properly.
	Damaged/missing canister o-ring	Check/replace o-rings.
Breathing System Leak (Intermittent)	ACGO O_2 sense check valve	Replace.
Unable to begin mechanical	ABS not fully engaged	Remount ABS.
ventilation	No O ₂ supply	Check O ₂ supply.
	Defective Bag/Vent switch	Check Bag/Vent switch.

7.3 Troubleshooting Startup Screen (POST) messages - for HPDU

If the Aisys system encounters a problem at startup to where it cannot initiate system software, a BIOS error message indicating the failure will be displayed.

Message	What it indicates	Troubleshooting Action Required
***ERROR: CPU data cache fault.	This indicates a hardware failure.	Replace the HPDU CPU board.
***ERROR: No bootable device available.	This indicates a problem with the internal CF card.	Check or replace the internal compact flash card.
***ERROR: Program load failed - CRC.	This usually indicates a software file corruption.	Reload the software and check out the system.
***ERROR: RAM memory error.	This indicates a hardware failure.	Replace the HPDU CPU board.
***ERROR: System reset: ECxx xx xx	This usually indicates a software failure.	Report this error, along with the machine logs, to Technical Support. Reload software. If problem persists, replace the internal flash card and reload software. If problem persists, replace the HPDU CPU board.
***ERROR: System reset: FFFF FF FF	Indicates the HPDU lithium battery has lost contact with the holder or the battery is below voltage.	Replace the lithium battery if below rated voltage. Install the software downloader card to restore system setups.
***ERROR: watchdog circuit failed.	This indicates a hardware failure.	Replace the HPDU CPU board.
***NOTE: Alarm speaker not detected. Check connection.	Service is required to correct a faulty connection to the speaker.	Reconnect the speaker if possible. Replace the HPDU CPU board if speaker connection can not be corrected.
***NOTE: CMOS battery is weak. Please replace.	Service is required to replace the CPU battery.	Replace the battery on the HPDU CPU board. Reload software and check out the system.
***NOTE: RTC date/time error. Battery may be weak.	Service is required to replace the CPU battery.	Replace the battery on the HPDU CPU board. Reload software and check out the system.

7.4 Troubleshooting the HPDU Display

Symptom	Resolution
System will not boot from external Compact Flash card during software installation process	 Verify that the Compact Flash card is properly inserted. Insert a backup Compact Flash card. Open the HPDU and verify that the external Compact Flash card carrier socket (1009-5961-000) is properly seated. Replace external Compact Flash card carrier socket (1009-5961-000). Replace HPDU main PCB.
Display appears mostly white and the green LED is on	 Verify that the cable connecting the HPDU to the system's rear panel is properly seated. Open the HPDU and verify that the cable connecting the main PCB to the display at J28 is properly seated within the mating housing and check for damage and/or wear. Replace the HPDU.
Rotary encoder fails to work	 Open the HPDU and verify that the cable connecting the main PCB to the rotary encoder at J38 is properly seated within the mating connector. Verify that the revision of the flex cables connecting the main PCB to the keypads at J23 and J26 are at revision 101 or greater by inspecting the labels directly adhered to the flex cables. Replace the rotary encoder, Replace the HPDU main PCB.
Unit fails to boot and the green LED is on	 Open the HPDU and ensure that the lithium coin cell at J17 on the main PCB is properly installed. Replace the lithium coin cell at J17 on the main PCB. Verify that the internal Flash card at J10 on the main PCB is properly seated. Attempt to boot the system using a spare compact flash card and replace the card if necessary. Attempt to boot the system from the external Compact Flash card. Replace the HPDU main PCB.
Excessive fan noise	 Clean the HPDU fan inlet filter. Check for obstructions within the external fan and verify source of fan noise. Open the HPDU and verify internal CPU fan noise. Replace internal or external fan assembly if causing excessive noise.

7.5 Troubleshooting System Malfunction (safe-state) screen

Machine logs

Compatibility incomplete: No versions received from Vent SIB

System Self-tests failed

The above error log entries are due to the Ventilator failing its Power-On Self Test (Post).

When the ventilator fails its self-test, the system enters the safe-state.

The likely cause is a Gas Inlet Valve Solenoid that is not transitioning to the de-energized state when valve drive power is removed.

Troubleshooting above stated condition:

- Replace the Gas Inlet Valve Solenoid (Section 9.13.2).
- If problem continues, replace the Gas Inlet Valve components (Section 9.13.3).

7.6 Breathing System Leak Test Guide

Note Always do the **System "Checkout"** (Section 3.2) on the machine before proceeding with these breathing system leak tests.

Follow the troubleshooting flowcharts in Section 7.6.2 to determine the best sequence of tests for locating a breathing system leak.

The procedures in Section 7.6.3 test specific components of the breathing system for leaks.

- **WARNING** Objects in the breathing system can stop gas flow to the patient. This can cause injury or death:
 - Do not use a test plug that is small enough to fall into the breathing system.
 - Make sure that there are no test plugs or other objects caught in the breathing system.

7.6.1 Check Valves Make sure that the check valves on the breathing circuit module work correctly: The Inspiratory check valve rises during inspiration and falls at the start of expiration. The Expiratory check valve rises during expiration and falls at the start of inspiration. A leak across one of the check valves may be great enough to cause a "reverse flow" alarm.

Inspiratory check valve

- 1. Set the system switch to On.
- 2. Set fresh gas flow to 200 ml/min (minimum).
- 3. If equipped with an ACGO, connect a tube between the ACGO outlet and the Inspiratory port.
 - Set the ACGO switch to the ACGO position.
 - Verify that the Airway Pressure reading increases to 10 cm $\rm H_2O$ in 30 seconds.
- 4. If not equipped with an ACGO, select End Case and connect a tube to the Inspiratory port.
 - Stretch the tube approximately 5 cm.
 - Occlude the open end of the tube.
 - Release the tension on the tube.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure reading increases to between 20 and 40 cm $\rm H_2O.$ If not, repeat the above steps, but stretch the tube a little further.
 - Verify that the Airway Pressure reading does not drop by more than 10 cm $\rm H_2O$ in 30 seconds.

Expiratory check valve

- 1. Set all gas flows to minimum.
- 2. Set the Bag/Vent switch to Bag.
- 3. Fully close the APL valve (70 cm H_2 0).
- 4. Connect a tube between the Inspiratory port and the Bag port.
- 5. Slowly increase the O_2 flow to achieve 30 cm H_2O .
 - The leak rate is equal to the flow needed to maintain 30 cm H_2O .
 - The leak rate should be less than 500 mL/min.

7.6.2 Breathing System Troubleshooting Flowcharts













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7.6.3 LeakThe previous flowcharts refer you to the following tests.Isolation TestsThese tests require the use of the Low Pressure Leak Test Device and the Leak Test Tool
Kit (refer to Section 10.1, "Service tools").

The Leak Test Tool Kit includes:

- the Machine Test Tool
- the Circuit Test Tool
- and various Test Plugs

When performing these tests on machines with an ACGO outlet, ensure that the ACGO selector switch is set to the ABS (Circle circuit) position.

Note To perform most of these tests, you must boot the system with the PC Service Application and access the diagnostics functions as described in the test.

Test 1:	Verifying the integrity of the test tools		
Test 2:	Low-pressure leak testing the machine		
Test 3:	Testing the airway pressure transducer, and Port 1 and Port 3 u-cup seals		
Test 4:	Testing the bag port cover, the APL valve, the Bag/Vent switch, and the negative pressure relief valve		
Test 5:	Testing the APL diaphragm		
Test 6:	Testing the bellows module and the Bag/Vent switch		
Test 7:	Testing the bellows, the bellows pop-off valve, the bellows base manifold, and the Bag/Vent switch		
Test 8:	Testing the bellows assembly		
Test 9:	Testing the flow sensor module, the circuit module, and the soda lime canister		
Test 10:	Testing the circuit module and the canister		
Test 11:	Testing the circuit module		
Test 12:	Testing the inspiratory side of the circuit module 7-25		
Test 13:	Testing the negative pressure relief valve		
Test 14:	Testing the flow sensors only		
Test 15:	Testing a flow sensor	including the Ventilator Monitoring Assembly and interfacing components	
	▲ WARNING	Objects in the breathing system can stop gas flow to the patient. This can cause injury or death:	
		• Do not use a test plug that is small enough to fall into the breathing system.	
		 Make sure that there are no test plugs or other objects caught in the breathing system. 	
	A CAUTION	Do not use O_2 Flush for leak isolation tests. Do not leave pressurized systems	

unattended. High pressure and equipment damage may result.

Test 1 Verifying the integrity of the test tools









- 1. Verify integrity of low-pressure leak test device.
 - Put your hand on the inlet of the leak test device. Push hard for a good seal.
 - Squeeze the bulb to remove all air from the bulb.
 - If the bulb completely inflates in less than 60 seconds, replace the leak test device.



- 2. Attach the low-pressure leak test device to the Machine Test Tool.
- 3. Plug the two pressure orifices.
- 4. Repeatedly squeeze and release the hand bulb until it remains collapsed.
- 5. If the bulb inflates in less than 30 seconds, locate and correct the leak.

Machine Test Tool

Test 2 Low-pressure leak testing the machine



- 1. Remove the breathing system from the machine.
- 2. Attach the Machine Test Tool (using only the Thru Port) and the low-pressure leak test device to **Port 3** of the breathing system interface as shown above.

Note: To prevent damage to the airway pressure transducer, ensure that the gauge port (**Port 1**) is not connected to the Test Tool.

- 3. Access the Ventilation Schematic (Section 12.3.3) of the Service Application.
- 4. Ensure that the *Circuit Setting* shows is set to Circle.
 - For machines with an ACGO outlet, ensure that the ACGO selector switch is set to the ABS (circle breathing circuit).
- 5. Compress and release the bulb until it is empty.
- 6. If the bulb completely inflates in 30 seconds or less, there is a leak in the lowpressure circuit.



Test 3 Testing the airway pressure transducer, and Port 1 and Port 3 u-cup seals

- 1. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 2. Set O_2 Flow to **0.1 l/min**.
- 3. Attach the Machine Test Tool to the breathing system interface ports (using the alignment post) as shown above.
- 4. Occlude the tapered plug.
 - the Airway Pressure reading should increase.
 - If not, there is a leak in the tested circuit.
- 5. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.



Test 4 Testing the bag port cover, the APL valve, the Bag/Vent switch, and the negative pressure relief valve

- 1. Separate the Bellows Module from the Circuit Module and re-install the Bellows Module.
- 2. Occlude the Bag Port connector.
- 3. Connect the Machine Test Tool to the interface ports as shown above.
- 4. Set the Bag /Vent switch to Bag and close the APL Valve (70 cm H_2 0).
- 5. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 6. Set O_2 Flow to **0.2 l/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂0.

Note: If the bellows rises, it indicates a leak in the Bag /Vent Switch.

7. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.

Test 5 Testing the APL diaphragm



- **Note** If required, set up the Machine Test Tool and breathing system as shown in Test 4.
 - 1. Slide the Bellows Module away from the machine.
 - 2. Remove the APL ramp and diaphragm.
 - 3. Insert a Test Plug into the APL scavenging port, as shown above.
 - 4. Slide the Bellows Module partially back onto the machine casting.
 - 5. Ensure that the Bag Port is plugged and that the Bag/Vent switch is set to Bag.
 - 6. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
 - 7. Set O_2 Flow to **0.2 l/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂O.
 - Note: If the bellows rises, it indicates a leak in the Bag /Vent Switch.
 - 8. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.

Test 6 Testing the bellows module and the Bag/Vent switch



- 1. Separate the Bellows Module from the Circuit Module and re-install the Bellows Module.
- 2. Connect the Machine Test Tool to the interface ports as shown above.
- 3. Set the Bag/Vent switch to the Vent position.
- 4. Access the Ventilator Schematic (Section 12.3.3) of the Service Application.
- 5. Set Gas Inlet Valve to On.
- Set Insp Flow Valve to approximately 900 to 950 counts to achieve a Manifold Pressure of 60 cm H₂0.
- 7. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 8. Set 0₂ Flow to **0.2 I/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂0.
- 9. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.
- 10.Set Gas Inlet Valve to Off.

- Test 7 Testing the bellows, the bellows pop-off valve, the bellows base manifold, and the Bag/Vent switch

- 1. Separate the Bellows Module from the Circuit Module.
- 2. Insert appropriate test plugs into the bellows base manifold as shown to the left.

Note: Position the bellows assembly so that the bellows remain collapsed as you plug the ports.

- 3. Set Bag/Vent switch to Vent.
- 4. Position the bellows upright with the bellows collapsed.
- 5. Connect the Machine Test Tool to the interface ports as shown above.
- 6. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 7. Set O_2 Flow to **0.2 l/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂0.
- 8. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.



Test 8 Testing the bellows assembly





- **Note** If required, set up the Machine Test Tool and breathing system as shown in Test 7.
 - 1. Remove the bellows base manifold from the Bellows Module.
 - 2. Insert appropriate test plugs into the bellows base manifold as shown to the left.

Note: Position the bellows assembly so that the bellows remain collapsed as you plug the ports.

- 3. Connect the tapered plug of the Machine Test Tool to the bellows base inlet as shown to the left.
- 4. Position the bellows upright with the bellows collapsed.
- 5. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 6. Set 0₂ Flow to **0.2 I/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂0.
- 7. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.



Test 9 Testing the flow sensor module, the circuit module, and the soda lime canister

- 1. Separate the Bellows Module from the Circuit Module and re-install the Circuit/Flow Sensor Module.
- 2. Connect short tubing between the inhalation and exhalation ports of the breathing system.
- 3. Insert an appropriate test plug in the outlet port of the Circuit Module.
- 4. Access the Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2) of the Service Application.
- 5. Set O_2 Flow to **0.2 l/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂0.
- 6. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.
- 7. Remove the plug to release pressure.

Test 10 Testing the circuit module and the canister



- 1. Remove the Flow Sensor module.
- 2. Connect the Circuit Test Tool to the Circuit Module as shown above.
- 3. Set O_2 Flow to **0.2 l/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂0.
- 4. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.

Test 11 Testing the circuit module



Note: If required, set up the machine as in Test 10.

- 1. Remove the Soda Lime Canister.
- 2. Using appropriate Test Plugs, plug the three canister ports in the Circuit Module as shown above.
- 3. Set O_2 Flow to **0.2 l/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂0.
- 4. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.



Test 12 Testing the inspiratory side of the circuit module

Note: If required, set up the machine as in Test 10 and 11.

- 1. Connect the Circuit Test Tool to the Circuit Module as shown above.
- 2. Insert an appropriate test plug in the inspiratory outlet to the canister as shown above.
- 3. Set 0₂ Flow to **0.2 l/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \geq 30 cm H₂0.
- 4. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.

Test 13 Testing the negative pressure relief valve

- 1. Separate the Bellows Module from the Circuit Module.
- 2. Remove the Bellows Interface Manifold.
- 3. Insert test plug (recessed end) into the rear Bag/Vent switch port as shown.



- 4. Install the Bellows Module.
- 5. Connect the Machine Test Tool to the interface ports and the Bellows Module as shown above.



- 6. Set the Bag/Vent Switch to Vent.
- 7. Set O_2 Flow to **0.2 l/min**.
 - Ensure that the Airway Pressure rises to \ge 30 cm H₂0.
- 8. Set O_2 Flow to 0.00 l/min.

Test 14 Testing the flow sensors only



Note: To ensure a air-tight seal, use the corresponding plug as illustrated for the original flow sensor (**A**) or the new, moisture resistant (offset) flow sensor (**B**).

- 1. Remove the Flow Sensor Module.
- 2. Plug each Flow Sensor as shown above.
- 3. Connect the low-pressure leak test device to the open end of the Flow Sensor.
- 4. Block the connector end of the Flow Sensor with your hand.
- 5. Compress and release the bulb until it is empty.
- 6. If the bulb inflates in 30 seconds or less, there is a leak in the flow sensor.
- 7. If there are no leaks in the flow sensors, go to Test 15.

Test 15 Testing a flow sensor including the Ventilator Monitoring Assembly and interfacing components

<image>

Note: To ensure a air-tight seal, use the corresponding plug as illustrated for the original flow sensor (**A**) or the new, moisture resistant (offset) flow sensor (**B**).

- 1. Remove Flow Sensors from the Flow Sensor Module.
- 2. Attach the Flow Sensor to the bulkhead connector.
- 3. Plug each Flow Sensor as shown.
- 4. Connect the low-pressure leak test device to the open end of the Flow Sensor.
- 5. Compress and release the bulb until it is empty.
- 6. If the bulb inflates in 30 seconds or less, there is a leak. The leak may be through the connector o-rings, in the internal tubing, or in the Transducer on the VIB.

7.7 System Troubleshooting Flowcharts



Display Troubleshooting



Inaccurate Volume Ventilation Troubleshooting





No Ventilation Troubleshooting



High Intrinsic PEEP Troubleshooting





Aisys



No

Check the Alt O2 Button and wiring harness, ABS Filter

Connections, and ACB

Connections.

Did Customer

Yes

Normal Operation.

No Service Issue.

depress the Button?



Flowchart **11**

with Customer

AB.75.075
Anesthesia Control Board Troubleshooting



Flowchart 12

ACB - Mixer Troubleshooting



DU - ACB Communication Troubleshooting



Mixer Specific Troubleshooting



Power - Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting





Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting



7.8 System Malfunction and Alt O_2 Flowchart Table

Error	Display Type	Flow Chart
+ 12.0V H AMPS Gas SEL Valves +12.0V H AMPS ALT 02 +12.0V H AMPS MIXER +12.5V TO ACB	Alternate 02 Screen	Power - Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting (Flowchart 16)
ACB CLOCK SPEED	System Malfunction	Anesthesia Control Board Troubleshooting (Flowchart 12)
ACB COM FAIL	System Malfunction	DU - ACB Communication Troubleshooting (Flowchart 14)
ACB CPU TEST FAIL	System Malfunction	Anesthesia Control Board Troubleshooting (Flowchart 12)
ACB DCB COM FAIL	System Malfunction	DU - ACB Communication Troubleshooting (Flowchart 14)
ACB EEPROM FAIL ACB FLASH FAIL ACB HW WATCHDOG ACB MICROPROC ERROR ACB RAM ERROR ACB RAM MEMORY TEST FAILURE ACB REDUNDANT MEMORY FAIL ACB SW ERROR ACB SW WATCHDOG ACB UNEXPECTED RESET	System Malfunction	Anesthesia Control Board Troubleshooting (Flowchart 12)
ALT O2 SWITCH FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Check Alt O2 Switch Harness and Connections
DCB RAM ERROR	System Malfunction	DU - ACB Communication Troubleshooting (Flowchart 14)
FLOW ATTAIN FAIL BAL GAS CHANNEL FLOW ATTAINMENT FAILURE CH1	Alternate 02 Screen	Power - Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting (Flowchart 16)
FLOW SENSOR FAIL BALANCE GAS CH FLOW SENSOR FAILURE CH1 FLOW VERIF FAIL (dP) XX CH	Alternate 02 Screen	Mixer Specific Troubleshooting (Flowchart 15)
LOSS OF GAS DELIVERY USER SETTINGS LOSS OF VENT DELIVERY USER SETTINGS	System Malfunction	DU - ACB Communication Troubleshooting (Flowchart 14)
MIXER ACB COM FAIL MIXER ACB COM FAILLOST CMD	Alternate 02 Screen	ACB - Mixer Communication Troubleshooting (Flowchart 13)
MIXER BAL GAS CHANGE FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Power - Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting (Flowchart 16)

Error	Display Type	Flow Chart
MIXER CRC EEPROM FAIL MIXER CRC FLASH FAIL MIXER CRC RAM FAIL MIXER P SENSOR P2 FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Mixer Specific Troubleshooting (Flowchart 15)
MIXER POST FAIL	Alternate 02 Screen	See Related Errors in Error Logs
MIXER PRES SENSOR P1P3 FAIL MIXER SW WDOG FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Mixer Specific Troubleshooting (Flowchart 15)
MIXER VOLTS FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Power - Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting (Flowchart 16)
MIXER XX F SENSOR FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Mixer Specific Troubleshooting (Flowchart 15)
MIXER XX FLOW CHECK FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Power - Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting (Flowchart 16)
MIXER XX FLOW FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Mixer Specific Troubleshooting (Flowchart 15)
MIXER XX SELECTION VLV FAIL	Alternate O2 Screen	Power - Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting (Flowchart 16)
MIXER XX TEMP LIMIT MIXER XX TSENSOR FAIL MIXER XX ZERO FAILLEAK TEMP MEASUREMENT CH1 HIGH TEMP MEASUREMENT CH2 HIGH TEMP SENSOR FAIL BALANCE GAS CH TEMP SENSOR FAILURE CH1	Alternate 02 Screen	Mixer Specific Troubleshooting (Flowchart 15)
XX CHK VALVE LEAK	None	Reference TB ADV MSN 04 011
XX FLOW CTRL FAIL XX PROP VALVE FAIL	Alternate 02 Screen	Power - Valves - Mixer Troubleshooting (Flowchart 13)

7.9 Technical Alarms

The Error Log includes technical alarms and other error conditions reported by the system.

A technical alarm, as apposed to a parameter alarm, is an alarm condition that exists whether or not a patient is connected to the machine. Technical alarms include:

- · Failed state alarms internal problem prevents normal operation
- Ventilator failure alarms
- Vent Fail. Monitoring Only alarms
- Alternate O₂ state alarms caused by electronic gas mixer failure

Alarms that do not fit into any particular category but are technical in nature are referred to as a Status alarms in this table.

Source table: AC = Anesthesia Computer DC = Display Controller EV = Electronic Vaporizer Mixer = Electronic Gas Mixer PC = Power Controller Vent = Ventilator Interface

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting	•			
+12.0V H AMPS GAS		Alternate O ₂ Screen.	AC detected high current to	Medium	AC	Fresh gas select valves
SEL VALVES			the Gas Select Valves.			+10VA is turned On.
	Di	sconnect the flex cable fr	om each three-way and NC gas	select valv	es.	
	Me	easure the resistance of e	each valve:			
	•	should be approximately	75Ω.			1
+12.0V H AMPS ALT		Alternate O ₂ Screen.	AC detected high current.	Medium	AC	Alternate O ₂ valve
02						+10VA turned On.
	Di	sconnect the flex cable fr	om the NO Alternate O ₂ valve.	•		•
	Me	easure the resistance of t	he NO Alternate O ₂ Bypass Valv	e:		
	•	should be approximately	75Ω.			
+12.0V H AMPS MIXER		Alternate O ₂ Screen.	Status bit shows current high.	Medium	AC	Mixer +10VA turned
						On.
	0r	the Anesthesia Board Po	ower window (Section 12.7.2) of	the PC Se	rvice App,	, observe that
	М	ixer 10VA Amps is repo	orted as Fail .			
	Tu	rn off power to the machi	ne and disconnect the system ir	iterface ha	rness fror	n the Mixer.
	lf t	he Mixer 10VA Amps is	s now reported as OK ,			
	•	replace the Mixer.				
	lf t	he Mixer 10VA Amps is	s still reported as Fail ,			
	•	inspect the harnesses fro	om the ACB to PCB and PCB to N	lixer for cro	oss conne	ctions or damaged pins.
	-					

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria			
	Action/Troubleshooting								
+12.0V H AMPS VENTSIB		Ventilator failure!	Status bit shows current high.	High	AC	Ventilator Interface board 10VA is turned on.			
	Re	boot system.							
	lf	problem continues, replace	ce VIB.			1			
+12.0V H AMPS MGAS		Gas monitoring not available	Status bit shows current high.	Medium	AC	MGAS 10 VA is turned on after 3 consecutive "ACB: +12.0V H AMPS MGAS" error log messages.			
	No	ote: "+12.0V H AMPS MG	AS" is not the same as "ACB: +1	2.0V H AN	IPS MGAS				
	No	ote: Single occurrences of	"ACB: +12.0V H AMPS MGAS"	require no	action.				
	Re If t	move Gas Module from t the problem continues re	ne Module Bay. Inlace the M-Gas Monitoring bo:	ard					
	lft	the message disappears	when module is removed, repair	the M-Ga	s module:				
	•	(see S/5 AM Technical R	eference Manual for repair instru	uctions).					
+12.0V H AMPS		Vent Fail. Monitoring	Status bit shows current high.	Medium	AC	Ventilator valves			
VENT&OUTLET VALVES		Only.			Vent	+10VA is On.			
	Disconnect the GIV and Insp Flow Valve.								
	Measure the resistance of each valve: • should be approximately 250 for the GIV and 750 for the loss Flow Valve								
			Indicates I ow Volts to the						
02			Mixer Alt O2 Valve.		ACD				
	This error can be falsely triggered. If no machine issues exist, ignore this entry.								
	If machine issues exist, disconnect the flex cable from the NO Alternate O2 valve. Use a Multimeter to								
	m	easure the resistance of t	he NO Alternate O2 Bypass Valv	e. It shoul	d be appro	eximately 75Ω.			
+12.0V L VOLT			Indicates the Gas Inlet Valve		ACB				
VENT&OUTLET			Control Valve is drawing too						
			much power.						
	Disconnect the GIV and Insp Flow Valve.								
	Measure the resistance of each valve:								
	•	should be approximately	25Ω for each valve.						
+12.0V L VOLT VENTSIB			Indicates low voltage to the VIB.		ACB				
	Us	the Service Application	to isolate VIB from cable.			I			
+12.5V TO ACB		Alternate 02	<11.9 or > 12.9 Vdc	High	AC - DC				
					checks				
					the				
					state.				
	Re	boot system. If problem of	continues, replace the Power Co	ntroller bo	ard.	1			

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria				
	Action/Troubleshooting								
+5V H AMP GAS SUPPLY XDUCERS	Cannot read gas supply pressures	Status bit shows current high.	Medium	AC	Pressure transducer +10VA turned On.				
	Reboot system. If problem1. With system in Standby,2. Reboot system.If problem continues, re	continues: disconnect all gas supply pressu place the ACB.	ure transdu	ucers from	ABS Filter board.				
	 If error is no longer prese Reboot system and check causes the error to appear 	ent, set system to Standby and re ck for error with each transducer	connect o connected	ne pressu I. Replace	re transducer at a time. the transducer that				
12 HR TEST	Turn power Off and On for self tests	System has been operating for longer than 12 hours without a power up self test.	Low	AC - Vent DC checks enable criteria	System state is in Checkout.				
	At next available time, mov On position.	ve the system switch from the On	position to	o the Off p	osition, then back to the				
ACB 4.096V ADC REF	Cannot monitor gas supplies	<4.018 or > 4.176 Vdc	Low	AC					
	Reboot System. If problem	continues, replace the ACB.			•				
ACB ADC FAIL	Cannot monitor gas supplies	ADC timeout on any MUX channel.	Low	AC					
	Reboot System. If problem continues, replace the ACB.								
ACB CLOCK SPEED	System Malfunction	AC Clock frequency > 1.1* (expected value) or < 0.9* (expected value). AC Clock frequency incorrect.	High	AC					
	Reboot System. If problem	continues, replace the ACB.							
ACB COM FAIL	System Malfunction	After establishing initial communication, the DC does not receive any messages from AC in 10 sec.	High	DC					
	Reboot System. If problem	continues, replace the ACB.			-				
ACB CPU TEST FAIL	System Malfunction	CPU instruction Test Failure	High	AC					
	Reboot System. If problem	continues, replace the ACB.							
ACB DCB COM FAIL	System Malfunction	The Anesthesia Computer receives no system state messages from the Display Computer for 10 seconds.	High	AC	Initial communications established.				
	Reboot System. If problem communication LED's). If the connections, replace Disple LED's indicate no activity, of Control board if problem co	continues, check the ACB to Mix he RCV and XMT (or TXD and RXD ay Controller PCB if problem con check the Anesthesia Control boa ontinues.	er commu) LED's ind tinues. If tl ard connec	nication L licate activ he RCV an ction, repla	ED's (or VIB vity, check DU cable d XMT (or TXD and RXD) ace the Anesthesia				

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Action/Troubleshooting			1	1
ACB EEPROM FAIL	Memory (EEPROM) failure	Read/Write failure or CRC failure of the EEPROM located on the Anesthesia Control Board.	Low	AC	
	Reboot System. If problen	n continues, replace the ACB.			1
ACB FLASH FAIL	System Malfunction	CRC Failure in code space.	High	AC	
	Reboot System. If problen	n continues, replace the ACB.	-	1	1
ACB HW WATCHDOG	System Malfunction	Hardware watchdog fails boot up test, times out, or detects an incorrect code sequence.	High	AC	
	Reboot System. If problen	n continues, replace the ACB.			
ACB MICROPROC ERROR	System Malfunction	Unexpected microcontroller exception (bus error, address error, etc.).	High	AC	
	Reboot System. If problen	n continues, replace the ACB.			
ACB RAM ERROR	System Malfunction	Memory Test Failure, Multiple bit errors detected.	High	AC	
	Reboot System. If problen	n continues, replace the ACB.			
ACB REDUNDANT MEMORY FAIL	System Malfunction	A redundantly stored parameter could not be stored properly or was corrupted.	High	AC	
	Reboot System. If problen	n continues, replace the ACB.	1		1
ACB SW ERROR	System Malfunction	Unexpected software error	High	AC	
	Reboot System. If problen If problem continues, repl	n continues, reload ACB Software ace the ACB.			
ACB SW WATCHDOG	System Malfunction	Software watchdog failed power-up test, timed out, or a software function was delinquent for too long.	High	AC	
	Reboot System. If problen	n continues, replace the ACB.			
ACB UNEXPECTED RESET	System Malfunction	Unexpected reset of AC	High	AC	
	Reboot system. If problem	continues, replace the ACB.			•
ACGO	Vol and Apnea monitoring off	Non Circle (ACGO) selected	Low	DC	System has ACGO
	No Service Action Require	d.			
ACMains POWER FAIL	Plug in power cable. On battery	ACMains_GOOD goes and stays low for at least 300 msec (3 software loops)	Medium	PC	30 minutes of battery power available.
	No Service Action Require	d.			

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text		Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria			
	Action/Troubleshooting								
ADB 10VA POWER ERROR	Vaporizer F	ailure	Overcurrent condition detected by the AC. Circuit disabled.		AC				
	Disconnect ADB power harness and restart the system. If the error does not reappear in the log, • replace the ADB and retest. If the error persists, • proceed to the interconnect fault isolation procedure (Section 7.10.12). (Also see Section 7.10.)								
ADB VOLTAGE ERROR	Vaporizer F	ailure	One or more of the measured ADB voltages have failed. These include the ADC reference voltage, 12P1 power supply, and five volt supply.		AC				
	(Also see Sect	ion 7.10.)							
AGENT LEVEL LOST	Check age	nt level	Agent level reporting changes from being reported to agent level no longer available.	Low	AC	Cassette inserted And Agent level is reported And Agent ID is known (agent ID is not none).			
	 Check, replace, and retest as needed in the following order:- All four magnets on Cassette Interface Board fingers draw down and make contact with Test Cassette contacts Troubleshoot/Test cassette(s) Cassette Interface Board to Agent Delivery Board cable connections are secure Cassette Interface Board Agent Delivery Board 								
AGENT LEVEL OVER RANGE			Analog agent level (Aladin1 Desflurane) reading was valid but then went out of range (high).						
	 Check, replace, and retest as needed in the following order:- All four magnets on Cassette Interface Board fingers draw down and make contact with Test Cassette contacts Troubleshoot/Test cassette(s) Cassette Interface Board to Agent Delivery Board cable connections are secure Cassette Interface Board Agent Delivery Board 								

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria				
	Action/Troubleshooting								
AGENT LEVEL UNDER RANGE		Analog agent level (Aladin 1 Desflurane) reading was valid but then went out of range (low).							
	 Check, replace, and retest All four magnets on Cass contacts Troubleshoot/Test casse Cassette Interface Board Cassette Interface Board Agent Delivery Board 	ntact with Test Cassette re							
AIR PIPE INVALID	Cannot monitor Air pipeline	Air Pipeline pressure is invalid.	Medium	DC					
	Check Air Pipeline Supply. Check/Replace Air Pipeline	e Pressure Transducer.		1					
AIR PRESS LOW	Air supply pressure low	Air pipeline pressure is less than 252 kPa and the air cylinder has a pressure less than 2633 kPa for one second.	Medium	AC, DC	Air is selected as the balance gas with a non zero flow of air or the ventilator uses air as the drive gas and mechanical ventilation is ON				
	Check Air Supply. Check/Replace Air Pipeline/Cylinder Pressure Transducer.								
AIR PRESS LOW DURING 21% 02	Air pressure low. Increase 02%.	Air pipeline pressure is less than 252 kPa and the air cylinder has a pressure less than 2633 kPa for one second.	High	AC DC	21% O2 (Air) is selected for fresh gas flow				
	Check Air Supply. Check/Replace Air Pipeline	e/Cylinder Pressure Transducer.		1					
AIRWAY SENSOR CAL ERROR	Calibrate flow sensors	Airway Pressure Sensor zero offset out of range	Low	AC, Vent	Flow sensor detected				
	In the Service Software, "Ventilation Flow and Pressure" (Section 12.9.2), verify the Airway Pressure counts is 800 ± 250. Disconnect the Black in-line connector in the Patient Airway. If the counts return within specified range, check for occlusions in the Bulkhead harness. If the counts do not return within the specified range, replace the VIB.								
ALT 02 SWITCH FAIL		Alternate O_2 switch status indicates Alt O_2 switch fault. The fault detection condition must persist for 1 second.	Medium	AC					
	Replace the Alt O ₂ Switch.								

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria				
	Action/Troubleshooting								
AUX OUTLET FAIL	No fresh gas flow?	The measured SCGO position does not match commanded position.	High	AC, Vent					
	In the Service Software / feedback indicates "Fault" check/replace the SCGO/	/entilator Status (Section 12.9.1) ', toggle the Circuit. If the Status (ACGO microswitches.	, view the changes to	Circuit Fee match th	edback status. If the e Circuit setting,				
BACKUP MODE ENTERED	Backup Mode active	No spontaneous breaths in set period of time (Backup Time (sec)) and 30 seconds has elapsed since starting PSVPro mode.	Low	DC					
	No spontaneous breaths i PSVPro mode. No Service Action Require	n set period of time (Apnea time) d.	and 30 se	conds has	s elapsed since starting				
BAL CHANNEL PROP VALVE LEAK FAIL	Alternate 02	Likely caused by a leaky Balance Proportional Valve.		Mixer					
	Replace the proportional valve. Replace Mixer if issue continues.								
BAL FLOW CTRL FAIL		Mixer status bit STS_FLOW_CTRL_CH2_FAIL indicates flow attainment failure.	Medium	AC, Mixer	Balance gas supply pressure OK				
	Reboot System. If problem continues, replace the Mixer.								
BAL PROP VALVE FAIL		Mixer status bit STS_CH2_PROPN VALVE FAIL indicates proportional valve failure (over current, etc.)	Medium	AC, Mixer					
	Reboot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.							
BATT V VERY LOW	Plug in power cable. On battery	Available battery power decreases to between 10 and 5 min	Medium	PC	AC Mains Power Failure in progress.				
	Leave the system plugged in to charge the battery. If problem continues, check the battery charge circuit in Service Software. Replace Battery.								
BATTERY <1MIN	System shutdown in <1min	Available battery power is <1min	High	PC	AC Mains Power Failure in progress.				
	Leave the system plugged If problem continues, cheo Replace Battery.	in to charge the battery. In the battery charge circuit in Se	rvice Softv	vare.					

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria		
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting				•		
BATTERY CHARGE FAIL		No battery backup	The system is in standby and the battery charge current is >4.0 amps. or The system is powered on with a battery current >1.3 amps.	Medium	PC			
	Ch Re	eck the battery charge c place Battery.	ircuit in Service Software.					
BATTERY EMPTY		System shutdown in <5 min	Available battery power is between 1 and 5 minutes	High	PC	AC Mains Power Failure in progress.		
	Le If p Re	ave the system plugged i problem continues, check place Battery.	n to charge the battery. k the battery charge circuit in Se	rvice Softw	/are.			
BATTERY FAIL		No Battery Backup.	Battery voltage <10.5 V or While in bulk, over, or float charging battery is <10.5VDC or Battery has been bulk charging for >12 h in Standby or 24 h while powered on. or Voltage > 16.5V during bulk or over charging and normal current >0.25 Amps	Medium	PC			
	Leave the system plugged in to charge the battery. If problem continues, check the battery charge circuit in Service Software. Replace Battery.							
BATTERY LOW		Plug in power cable. On battery	Available battery power decreases to between 20 and 30 min	Medium	PC	Mains AC Mains Power Failure in progress.		
	Leave the system plugged in to charge the battery. If problem continues, check the battery charge circuit in Service Software. Replace Battery.							
BATTERY MISSING		No battery backup	Any battery voltage is between ±1.0 VDC.	Medium	PC	POST state		
	Connect Battery. Leave the system plugged in to charge the battery. If problem continues, check the battery charge circuit in Service Software. Replace Battery.							
BATTERY REVERSED CONNECTIONS		No battery backup	Any battery voltage is less than – 1.0 VDC	Medium	PC			
		eck Battery Connections).					

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria				
	Action/Troubleshooting								
BATTERY V LOW	Plug in power cable. On battery	Available battery power decreases to between 10 and 20 minutes	Medium	PC	AC Mains Power Failure in progress.				
	Leave the system plugged i If problem continues, check Replace Battery.	n to charge the battery. k the battery charge circuit in Se	rvice Softv	vare.					
BELLOWS COLLAPSED	Unable to drive bellows	Manifold pressure > Paw + 10 + [0.25*(Inspiratory valve flow)]	Low	AC, Vent	In range Paw and manifold pressure data available and mechanical ventilation On.				
	Check the breathing circuit Perform flow sensor calibra Check drive gas check valve Check VIB cabling. Replace VIB.	for leaks or hose occlusions. tion. e.							
BREATHING SYSTEM NOT LATCHED	Breathing system loose	Breathing system detection switch indicates breathing system not latched.	Low	AC, Vent					
	Check/replace ABS On switch. Check/replace harness (ABS switches to Filter board).								
CASSETTE LEVEL LOW	Check agent level. Do not fill vap while in use.	Cassette reporting a value of 'EMPTY'.	Low	AC	Cassette supports liquid level measurement				
	After insertion, this error is logged the first time the cassette reports a level of 'EMPTY' or 'QUARTER FULL'.								
CASSETTE OVERFILL DETECTED	Cassette overfilled, replace cassette	Agent level sensor indicates overfilled condition.	Medium De- escalating	AC					
	After insertion, this error is	logged the first time the cassett	e reports a	level of 'C	VERFILLED'.				
CASSETTE PRESSURE ERROR	Check cassette. Set agent.	Cassette pressure out of range.	Medium De- escalating	AC					
	Check all connections of the Flowmeter Block to the ADB. If the cassette is DES and the problem persists, bleed and retry. Otherwise, run the Vaporizer Test (Section 12.10.2). (Also see Section 7.10.)								
CASSETTE REMOVED DURING DELIVERY	Insert cassette	Cassette removal was detected during active delivery.	Low	AC	System state is Therapy				
	Reported whenever the cas	sette is removed while the vapo	rizer is acti	vely delive	ering agent.				
CASSETTE TEMPERATURE FAILURE	Try another cassette. Schedule service.	Temperature difference between dual cassette temperature sensors greater than limit.	Medium De- escalating	AC					
	See Section 7.10.10.								

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria			
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting			1	1			
CASSETTE TEMPERATURE EEPROM FAILURE		Try another cassette. Schedule service.	Cassette temperature sensor calibration data EEPROM read error or cassette temperature sensor hardware revision data EEPROM read error or software compatibility failure.	Medium De- escalating	AC				
	Ch Cy If t	heck connection of Casse rcle power. the problem persists repla Cassette temp sensor ADB	tte Temperature Sensor to the Al	DB. order (Also	see Sectio	on 7.10.):			
CAL DATA FAILURE IN EEPROM		Service calibration advised	Default cal data is being used due to corrupt data in cal region.	Low	AC				
	Pe	erform complete service le	evel calibrations (ventilator).		<u></u>				
CHECK FLOW SENSOR		Check flow sensors	During Mechanical breaths, the measured flow for 6 consecutive breaths, to and from the patient, does not meet certain criteria. No or negative flow on Insp flow sensor during inspiration or negative flow on Exp flow sensor.	Medium	AC, Vent	In-range flow data available during mechanical ventilation			
	Check flow sensor connections.								
	Check the breathing circuit. Check VIB sensor tubing for leaks. Perform flow sensor calibration. Check Insp/Exp check valves. Check/Replace flow sensors.								
CLOSED LOOP CONTROL FAILURE		Check cassette. Set agent.	Closed loop controller was unable to control output flow from the cassette.	Medium De- escalating	AC	System state is Therapy			
	Ru Re	 Run PC Service App Vaporizer Test (Section 12.10.2) to verify hardware performance. Replace and retest in the following order (Also see Section 7.10.): Proportional Valve ADB 							
	 This error can also be caused by the following: Liquid Flow Prevention Valve actuated. Look for occurrences of CONDENSATION CONDITIONS EXIST and CASSETTE OVERFILL DETECTED errors preceding this error. Cassette held in place, but not latched, during agent delivery. It is possible to hold the cassette in a position such that the cassette ID is recognized but the cassette valves are not open, preventing flow. Check cassette travel to ensure deformation or under sizing of cassette bay is not causing undue restriction. 								

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Action/Troubleshooting				
Circuit check failed.		A message or failure displayed during the system checkout.		DU	
	Perform suggested action	and repeat the system Checkout.			
Circuit O2 check skipped.		A message or failure displayed during the system checkout.		DU	
	Perform suggested action	and repeat the system Checkout.	1	1	
COM ERROR VENT TO ACB	System Malfunction	After regular communications has been established between the Ventilator boundary object and the Vent SIB CPU, a total loss of communications shall be declared if the Ventilator boundary object receives no messages from the Vent SIB CPU for 35 milliseconds.	High	AC Vent	
	Reboot System. If problem 1. Check cabling. 2. Replace VIB. 3. Replace ACB.	n continues:			
Compatibility failure: No version info in file for subsystem 0.		Indicates a subsystem did not report compatibility information to the Display Unit.		DU	
	Look for other entries in th Perform Software Downlo	e Error Logs. i.e. "Self-tests Failed ad.	J".	1	
Compatibility failure: Software Error		Indicates a subsystem did not report compatibility information to the Display Unit.		DU	
	Look for other entries in th Perform Software Downlo	e Error Logs. i.e. "Self-tests Failed ad.	J".		1

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria			
	Action/Troubleshooting		1	1	1			
Compatibility incomplete: No versions from Vent SIB	Check for other errors (Se Perform Download New to If persists, replace VIB.	Indicates the Compatibility information for the Ventilator Interface Board does not match the Compatibility Table created during the last software download or the GIV Test did not pass. elf-tests Failed). o rebuild Compatibility Table.		DU				
Compatibility incomplete: No versions received from Vent SIB	Look for other entries in the Replace the GIV Solenoic Check the operation of the Perform Software Downle	Indicates the Compatibility information for the Ventilator Interface Board does not match the Compatibility Table created during the last software download or the GIV Test did not pass. he Error Logs. i.e. "Self-tests Failed I. e Gas Inlet Valve operation.	d".	DU				
COOLING FAN CURRENT LOW FAILURE		Indicates the Pan Fan is drawing too little current.		Mixer				
	Replace Fan. Replace Mixer.							
CPU FAN SPEED FAIL	Cooling fans failed. May overheat.	CPU fan speed less than 50% of nominal speed	Medium	DC				
	 This message relates to th Turn on unit with back Verify fan connector is Replace CPU fan. 	ne CPU heatsink fan in the HPDU. cover removed and verify CPU fan plugged in.	is not worł	king.				
CPU OVERHEAT	Cooling fans failed. May overheat.	Temperature reading of either DU thermistor > 60 degrees C	Medium	DC				
	 This message relates to the second second	he case fan in the HPDU. ove the fan filter from back of unit a hat fan connector is plugged in.	and feel if	fan is worł	sing.			
DCB RAM ERROR	System Malfunction	Self test failure or multi bit error detected.	High	DC				
	Reboot System. If problem continues, replace the Display Controller Board.							

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria				
	Action/Troubleshooting								
DC COMMANDED AC TO FAILURE		Indicates the Display Controller detected issues and commanded the Anesthesia Controller to safe state.		DC					
	Check for other errors in the	e error logs (Compatibility failure	, Compatil	bility incor	nplete, etc.).				
DC: FRONT PANEL KEY STUCK		Indicates a stuck Keypad or encoder on the Display.		DU					
	Replace the Keypad / Enco	der.							
DRIVE GAS LOST	Ventilator has no drive gas	O_2 supply low if O_2 is selected drive gas OR AIR supply low if Air is selected drive gas.	High	AC DC checks enable criteria	Mechanical Ventilation is ON.				
	Connect O ₂ or AIR supply.								
	See Action/Troubleshooting	g for O ₂ PRESS LOW or AIR PRES	SLOW.						
EXP FLOW SENSOR CAL ERROR	Calibrate flow sensors	Exp Flow Sensor zero offset out of range	Low	AC, Vent	Flow sensor detected				
	In the Service Software / Vent Flow and Pressure Diagnostics, verify the Expiratory Flow counts is 2050 ± 250 . Disconnect the Blue and Yellow in-line connectors. If the counts return within specified range, check for occlusions in the Bulkhead harness. If the counts do not return within the specified range, replace the VIB.								
EXP FLOW SENSOR EEPROM FAILURE	Replace exp flow sensor	EEPROM cal data read failure	Low	AC, Vent					
	Replace Exp Flow Sensor.								
FAN FAIL	Cooling fan needs service. System OK	Fan Power Status Bit is Low (FAN1_GOOD).	Medium	PC	Communication between Power Controller and Display Computer.				
	Connect cooling fan. Replace cooling fan.	1	1	1					
FANS FAIL	Cooling fans failed. May overheat.	Both of the Fan Power Status Bits are Low (FAN1_GOOD, FAN2_GOOD)	Medium	PC	Communication between Power Controller and Display Computer.				
	Connect cooling fans. Replace cooling fans. Replace PCB.								

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria		
	Action/Troubleshooting						
FLOW ATTAINMENT FAILURE CH1		Indicates the commanded flow through the O2 Gas channel does not match the measured flow via the flow sensor and the differential pressure transducers.		Mixer			
	Replace the O2 Proportion Replace the Mixer.	al Valve.					
FLOW MANIFOLD EEPROM FAILURE	Vaporizer Failure	Cassette pressure and flow meter calibration data EEPROM read error or cassette pressure and flow meter hardware revision data EEPROM read error or software compatibility failure.		AC			
	Check all connections of th Cycle power. f the problem persists repl Flowmeter Block ADB	e Flow Meter Block to the ADB. ace and retest, in the following o	order (Also	see Sectio	on 7.10.):		
FLOW SENSOR CAL ERROR	Calibrate flow sensors	Insp or Exp flow sensor or the airway or manifold pressure sensor zero offset out of range (flow calibration failure)	Low	AC, Vent	Flow sensor detected		
:	See associated Errors. i.e. "EXP FLOW SENSOR CAL ERROR" or "AIRWAY SENSOR CAL ERROR".						
FLOW VALVE CURRENT FAILURE		Indicates the current feedback from the Insp Flow Valve was incorrect for seven consecutive readings.		ACB			
	In the Service Software / Vent Flow & Pressure Diagnosis, increase the Flow Valve counts and view the Flow Valve Current mA and Counts.						
FLOW VALVE DAC FAILURE		Indicates the current feedback from the Insp Flow Valve was incorrect for seven consecutive readings.		ACB			
	n the Service Software / V Flow Valve Current mA and	ent Flow & Pressure Diagnosis, in Counts.	ncrease th	e Flow Val	ve counts and view the		

Error Log Entry	Ala	rm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Action	/Troubleshooting			-	
FLOW VERIFICATION FAILURE (dP) CH1			Indicates the commanded flow through the O2 Gas Channel and the flow measured by the Hot-wire anemometer agrees but the flow as measured by the pressure transducers does not agree.		Mixer	
	Perforn Replac	n the Mixer zero. e Mixer.				
FRONT PANEL COM FAIL	Dis failt	play panel controls ure	Key pad controller fails to send "life tick" for greater than 10 Sec.	Medium (Yellow)	DC	
	Reboot	t system. If problem o	continues, replace Display Conti	oller Boar	d.	
GAS INLET VALVE BOOTUP TEST FAIL	Ven Onl	nt Fail. Monitoring y	Boot-up test failed.	High	AC, Vent	
	1. Cheo 2. Repl 3. Rebi 4. Repl	ck GIV solenoid conn lace GIV. uild the GIV compone lace VIB.	ection. ents.			
INFLOW CHECK VALVE FAILURE	Vap	oorizer Failure	Negative flow in the cassette inflow limb greater than limit.		AC	
	Replac (Also se	e Inflow check valve. ee Section 7.10.)				
INFLOW OUTFLOW CROSSCHECK FAILURE INFLOW OUTFLOW CROSSCHECK FAILURE RECOVERABLE	Vap	oorizer Failure	Output concentration measured by the output and input flowmeter disagree by more than limit.		AC	
	Check Replac • Zero • Flow • ADB	eVap and cassettes use and retest in the fo Valve (Inflow or Outflow Weter Block	used with the machine for leaks. Ilowing order (Also see Section Iow depending on Vaporizer Tes	7.10.): t results).		
INSP FLOW SENSOR CAL ERROR	Cali	ibrate flow sensors	Insp Flow Sensor zero offset out of range.	Low	AC, Vent	Flow sensor detected
	In the S 2050 ± Discon occlusi If the c	Service Software / Ve ± 250. nect the Black and W ions in the Bulkhead ounts do not return w	ent Flow and Pressure Diagnosti /hite in-line connectors. If the co harness. /ithin the specified range, replac	cs, verify th ounts retur ce the VIB.	ne Inspirat n within sp	ory Pressure counts is becified range, check for

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria			
	Action/Troubleshooting								
INFLOW ZERO 10VA POWER ERROR		Vaporizer Failure	Overcurrent condition detected by the AC. Circuit disabled.		AC				
	lft Ift Re	he P3 indicator never ligh proceed to the interconn he P3 indicator remains I isolate the failed valve (Ir place and retest in the fo Valve ADB	its or lights only briefly, ect fault isolation procedure (Se it for more than 2 seconds, nflow, Inflow zero or Outflow zero llowing order (Also see Section	ection 7.10) circuit wi 7.10.):).12). th manual	l valve controls.			
INFLOW ZERO POINT ERROR		Vaporizer Failure	Input flowmeter measured value during zeroing is out of range.		AC				
	Replace and retest in the following order (Also see Section 7.10.): Inflow Zero Valve Flowmeter Block ADB 								
INSP FLOW SENSOR EEPROM FAILURE		Replace insp flow sensor	EEPROM cal data read failure	Low	AC, Vent				
	Replace the Inspiratory Flow Sensor.								
INSERT CASSETTE			The system does not detect a vaporizer cassette	Low	AC	Agent delivery not on (agent Off or state is checkout)			
	Occurs whenever a cassette is not inserted.								
INVALID CASSETTE ID		Cannot identify cassette	Invalid cassette ID code	Medium De- escalating	AC				
	escarating If failure occurs with multiple cassettes of the same type (agent), • insert test cassette and verify test cassette is identified in the PC Service App. Remove test cassette and verify PC Service App indicates 'NONE'. If either PC Service App test fails, • replace ADB. (Also see Section 7.10.)								

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting			<u> </u>	
LOSS OF GAS DELIVERY USER SETTINGS LOSS OF VAPORIZER USER SETTINGS LOSS OF VENT PARAMETER SETTINGS		Vaporizer Failure Vent Fail. Monitoring Only	After regular communications has been established between the AC and the Display Computer, this alarm is declared if the system is in the Therapy State and the AC determines the Gas Delivery User Setting (Vaporizer User Settings) (Ventilator Parameter Settings) from the Display Computer arrived more than 10 eccands ago		AC	
	Re co 1. • 2.	boot system. If problem of mmunication LED's). If the RCV and XMT (or TX check DU cable connect replace Display Controlle If the RCV and XMT (or TX check the Anesthesia Co replace the Anesthesia C	D and RXD) LED's indicate activi ions. r board if problem continues. D and RXD) LED's indicate no ac ntrol board connection. ontrol board if problem continue	 er commun ty, tivity, es.	l	ED's (or VIB
Low Pressure Leak check failed.			Indicates the LowP Leak section of the System Checkout Failed.		DU	
	Tro	bubleshoot the Low Press	ure Leak.			
Low Pressure Leak check fails.			A message or failure displayed during the system checkout. Low Pressure Leak Check with SCGO failed automated check. Leak measured is greater than 50 ml/min.		DU	
	Ch Ch	leck Vaporizer for leaks. leck integrity of low-press	ure circuit (Mixer outlet to SCGO	/ Insp Flo	w Sensor)	
MANIFOLD TEMPERATURE EEPROM FAILURE		Agent output not accurate. Schedule service.	Manifold Temperature sensor calibration data EEPROM read error.	Medium De- escalating	AC	
	Ch Cy If t	eck connection of Manifo cle power. he problem persists, repl Manifold temp sensor ADB	old Temperature Sensor to the Al ace and retest in the following o	DB. rder (Also	see Sectio	on 7.10.):
MANIFOLD TEMPERATURE FAILURE		Agent output not accurate. Schedule service.	Temperature difference between dual manifold temperature sensors greater than limit.	Medium De- escalating	AC	
	Se	e Section 7.10.10.				,

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting	1		1	
MAN CASS OVER UNDER TEMP		Check cassette. Set agent.	Either manifold temperature reading or cassette temperature reading outside of limit.	Medium De- escalating	AC	
	Op all	berating temperature as r lowed operating range.	neasured by one of the Electroni	ic Vaporize	r tempera	ture sensors was out of
MANIFOLD PAW SENSOR FAIL		Vent Fail. Monitoring Only	Calibration failure at bootup.	Medium	AC, Vent	
	In 80 Di ra	the Service Software / Vo 00 ± 250. sconnect the White in-lin nge, check for occlusions	ent Flow and Pressure Diagnosti e connector in the Manifold Pres i in the Bulkhead harness.	cs, verify tl ssure. If the	ne Manifol e counts re	d Flow counts is eturn within specified
	lft	the counts do not return v	vithin the specified range, replace	ce the VIB.		
MANIFOLD PRESSURE SENSR FAILURE			Indicates a calibration failure at bootup.		ACB	
	In the Service Software / Vent Flow & Pressure Diagnostics, verify the Manifold Flow counts is 800 ± 250. Disconnect the White in-line connector in the Manifold Pressure. If the counts return within specifier range, check for occlusions in the Bulkhead harness. If the counts do not return within the specified range, replace the VIB.					
MANIFOLD SENSOR CAL ERROR			Indicates the Manifold Pressure zero failed.		ACB	
	Сс	ould be caused by bad sp	an calibration or leaky vent Insp	Flow Valve).	
MGAS CHECK SAMPLE GAS OUT >20 SEC		Check sample gas out	MGAS SPEC. Continuous Occlusion Bit set.	Medium	MGAS	MGAS present and MGAS communicates continuous occlusion for 20 seconds
	Re	place sample line. See A	M TRM for further Troubleshooti	ng.		
MGAS INLET FILTER RESIDUE >40 SEC		Replace D-Fend	MGAS SPEC (Residue build- up on the water trap membrane. This decreases air flow).	Medium	MGAS	MGAS present and MGAS communicates this the Replace Trap alarm bit for 40 seconds
	Re	place D-Fend. See AM T	RM for further Troubleshooting.	1	<u> </u>	
MGAS LINE BLOCKED >20 SEC		Sample line blocked	MGAS SPEC states The sample tubing inside or outside the monitor blocked, or the water trap is occluded.	Medium	MGAS	MGAS present and MGAS communicates this the continuous occlusion alarm for 20 seconds
	Re	place sample line. See A	M TRM for further Troubleshooti	ng.		•

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting				
MGAS SAMPLE LINE NOT CONNECTED >40 S		Check D-Fend	MGAS SPEC states The sample tubing or the D-Fend module is not installed.	Medium	MGAS	MGAS present and MGAS communicates this the OpenGasCircuit alarm for 40 seconds
	Re	place D-Fend. See AM TF	RM for further Troubleshooting.			
MGAS SENSOR INOP > XX		Module fail. No CO ₂ , AA, O ₂ data	MGAS SPEC Mgas communicates hardware failure (RAM failure; ROM checksum error; Error in CPU eeprom; Error O ₂ preamp eeprom; Error in SSS board eeprom; Voltage error; Lamp control failure.) or UPI does not initialize.	Medium	MGAS	
	Se	e AM TRM for further Trou	bleshooting.			
MIXER BAL GAS CHANGE FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer Status Bit: STS_BALGAS_CHANGE_OVE R_FAIL After the mixer commanded a change to the balance gas, the status of the selector valve shows the old balance gas is still connected.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER BALGAS Flow FAIL			Mixer error bit STS_CH2_DELTAP_FLOW_FA IL Pressure difference between P3 and P2 differs from the drop expected at the measured flow for channel 2 (Balance Gas).	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			-
MIXER O2 Flow FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer error bit STS_CH1_DELTAP_FLOW_FA IL Pressure difference differs from the drop expected at the measured flow for Channel 1 (0_2) .	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			
MIXER ACB COM FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Five seconds pass without measured flow data from the mixer.	Medium	AC	Communication has been established between mixer and AC.
	Re •	boot System. If problem check/replace Pan Conn replace the Mixer.	continues, ector to Mixer cable.			

Action/Troubleshooting MIXER ACB COM Alternate O2 Screen. FAILLOST CMD Iternate O2 Screen.	Mixer status Bit STS_LOSS_OF_SETFLOW_C MD. Mixer has lost AC flow commands for 5 sec or received "illegal" commands.(hypoxic mix, settings not allowed) n continues, nnector to Mixer cable.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
MIXER ACB COM FAILLOST CMD	Mixer status Bit STS_LOSS_OF_SETFLOW_C MD. Mixer has lost AC flow commands for 5 sec or received "illegal" commands.(hypoxic mix, settings not allowed) n continues, nnector to Mixer cable.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Mixer has lost AC flow commands for 5 sec or received "illegal" commands.(hypoxic mix, settings not allowed) n continues, nnector to Mixer cable.			
	n continues, nnector to Mixer cable.			
Reboot System. If probler • check/replace Pan Cor • replace the Mixer.				
MIXER AIR SELECTION Alternate O ₂ Screen. VLV FAIL	Mixer Status Bit: STS_SELV_VAIR_NOTIFY_FAI L The status of the air selector valve does not match the commanded state.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
Reboot System. If probler	n continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER BAL GAS F Alternate O ₂ Screen. SENSOR FAIL	Mixer error bit STS_F2_SENSOR_FAIL Balance gas flow sensor failure.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
Reboot System. If problem	n continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER BAL GAS TSENSOR FAIL	Mixer error bit STS_T2_SENSOR_FAIL (Balance Gas). Balance gas temperature sensor failure.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
Reboot System. If probler	n continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER BAL GAS FLOW CHECK FAIL	Mixer status bit 1LPM_FLOW_TEST_FAIL. Bal gas proportional valve fails flow check STS_FLOW_TEST_BAL_CHAN _FAILshows balance gas proportional valve failed self test.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
Reboot System. If probler	n continues, replace the Mixer.			
MIXER BAL GAS TEMP LIMIT Reboot System. If problem	Mixer error bit STS_CH2_TEMP_LIMIT (Balance Gas). Balance gas temperature exceeds 50 °C.	Medium	AC, Mixer	

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting				•
MIXER BAL GAS ZERO FAILLEAK			Mixer status bit STS_CH2_ZERO_FLOWPROP N_V_CH2_LEAK_FAIL_TEST_ FAIL. Bal gas proportional valve fails zero flow check shows flow while closed.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER CRC EEPROM FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Runtime CRC check on EEPROM failed. Mixer Status Bit STS_EEPROM_CRC_FAIL.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.		<u></u>	1
MIXER CRC FLASH FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Runtime CRC check on Flash failed. Mixer Status Bit STS_FLASH_CRC_FAIL	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			
MIXER CRC RAM FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Runtime CRC walking pattern check on RAM failed. Mixer Status Bit STS_RAMCRC_FAIL.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER N20 SELECTION VLV FAIL			Mixer Status Bit: STS_SELV_VN20_NOTIFY_FA IL The status of the N ₂ O	Medium	AC, Mixer	
			the commanded state.			
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			
MIXER 02 TSENSOR FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen.	Mixer error bit STS_T1_SENSOR_FAIL O ₂ temperature sensor failure	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, Replace the Mixer.		ļ	1
MIXER O2 F SENSOR FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer error bit STS_F2F1_SENSOR_FAIL (O_2) . O_2 flow sensor fail.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER 02 FLOW CHECK FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer status bit STS_FLOW_TEST_CH1_FAIL1 LPM_FLOW_TEST_FAIL. O ₂	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	De	boot System If scalar	proportional valve fails flow check.			
	Re	soou system. It problem	continues, replace the wixer.			

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting				1
MIXER O2 SELECTION VLV FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer Status Bit: STS_SELV_VOXY_NOTIFY_FAI L The status of the O_2 selector valve does not match the commanded state.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER 02 TEMP LIMIT		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer error bit STS_CH1_TEMP_LIMIT (O_2). O_2 temperature exceeds 50 °C.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			
MIXER O2 ZERO LEAK FAIL			Mixer status bit STS_CH1_ZERO_FLOW_TESP ROPN_V_LEAK_FAILT_FAIL. O_2 proportional valve fails zero flow checks for leaks when it should be closed.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER P SENSOR P2 FAIL			Mixer error bit STS_PRESS_SENSOR_FAIL_ P2 Pressure sensor 2 in the mixer has failed.	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			
MIXER POST FAIL		Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer tells AC that Power Up Self Test Fail	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Se FAI	e associated Error in Erro ILURE (dP) CH1".	r Log. i.e. "MIXER O ₂ FLOW CHE	CK FAIL" oi	r "Mix: FLC	W VERIFICATION
MIXER PRES SENSOR P1P3 FAIL			Mixer error bit STS_PRESS_SENSOR_FAIL_ P1P3 One of the pressure sensors in the Mixer has failed (P1 or P3).	Medium	AC, Mixer	
	Re	boot System. If problem	continues, replace the Mixer.			1
MIXER P SENSOR FAIL			Indicates one of the Mixer Pressure Transducers have failed		Mixer	
	Se	e associated Error in Erro	r Log. i.e. "MIXER P Sensor P2 F	ail" or "Mi	ker Pres Se	ensor P1P3 Fail".
MIXER SW WDOG			Indicates the Mixer Watchdog has been activated.		Mixer	
	Se	e associated Error in Erro	r Log. i.e. "MIXER O2 FLOW CHE	CK FAIL" o	r "Mix: FLC	W VERIFICATION".

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria				
	Action/Troubleshooting								
MIXER SW WDOG FAIL	Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer status Bit STS_SW_WDOG_FAIL.	Medium	AC, Mixer					
	Reboot System. If problem continues, replace the Mixer.								
MIXER VOLTS FAIL	Alternate O ₂ Screen	Mixer power supply (on board) is out of tolerance. Status bit STS_VOLT_REF_FAIL.	Medium	AC, Mixer	+12.5 V (10 VA) to mixer OK.				
	In the Service Software / Mixer Power Diagnosis, view the "Mixer 10VA Voltage" from Anes Cntrl Bd: If "Mixer 10VA Volts" reads "OK, and +12.5 Vdc reads "Fail", replace the Mixer. If "Mixer 10VA Volts" reads "Fail", • check cabling between ACB and Mixer. • replace ACB.								
MIX O2 BYPASS VLV 10VA OVER CURR	Measure the O2 Bypass Se	Indicates the current feedback from the O2 Bypass Selector was incorrect for seven consecutive readings.	nately 75 (ACB					
	Replace ACB.								
MODULE NOT COMPATIBLE	Module not compatible	 The Monitoring Module detected is not compatible with system software. System is designed to work with the following Compact Airway Module versions: M-CaiO (HW rev 00 and above, SW rev 3.2 and above) and M-CaiOV (HW rev 00 and above, SW Rev 3.2 and above, SW Rev 3.2 and above). 	Low	DC					
	Replace M-Gas module wit	th compatible module.							
MONITOR BATT CURRENT FAIL	No battery backup for monitor	Battery backup current to monitor is active while AC supply is OK.	Low	PC					
	Check AC power connection to anesthesia monitor and circuit breaker. If problem continues, replace anesthesia monitor.								
MONITOR BATT CURRENT HIGH	No battery backup for monitor	Battery backup current to monitor is too high.	Low	PC					
	Reboot System. If problem continues, replace anesthesia monitor.								
MONITOR BATT CURRENT REVERSED	No battery backup for monitor	Battery backup current to monitor is reversed.	Low	PC					
	Reboot System. If problem continues, replace anesthesia monitor.								

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria				
	Action/Troubleshooting								
N20 PRESS LOW	N ₂ O supply pressure low	N_2O pipeline pressure is less than 252 kPa and the N_2O cylinder pressure is less than 2633 kPa.	Low	AC	$\rm N_2O$ is selected as the balance gas with a non zero flow of $\rm N_2O$				
	Check N ₂ O Supply.								
	Check / Replace N ₂ O Pipe	eline/Cylinder Pressure Transduce	er.						
NO EXPIRATORY FLOW SENSOR	No exp flow sensor	No Expiratory sensor connected and not calibrating	Medium	A, Vent					
	Connect Expiratory flow sensor. Check/Replace Bulkhead harness. Replace VIB Board.								
NO INSPIRATORY FLOW SENSOR	No insp flow sensor	No inspiratory sensor connected and not calibrating.	Medium	AC, Vent	AC -Vent				
	Connect Inspiratory flow sensor. Check/Replace Bulkhead harness. Replace VIB Board.								
02 CAL ERROR	Calibrate O ₂ sensor	Offset, slope, or cell voltage not in range or $O_2 > 110\%$	Low	AC, Vent	Galvanic O ₂ sensor connected				
	Calibrate O ₂ Sensor.								
	If calibration fails, replace O ₂ Sensor.								
	If calibration continues to fail, wait 90 minutes and repeat calibration. If calibration fails after 90 minute, replace VIB.								
02 FLOW CTRL FAIL		Mixer status bit STS_FLOW_CTRL_CH1_FAIL indicates flow control failure.	Medium	AC, Mixer	O ₂ gas supply pressure OK				
	Reboot System. If problem continues, Replace the Mixer.								
02 FLUSH FAILURE	O ₂ flush stuck on?	Switch is detected "on" continuously > 30 sec.	Low	AC, Vent					
	Alarm condition becomes false for 2 consecutive switch readings.								
02 PIPE INVALID	Cannot monitor O ₂ pipeline	O ₂ Pipeline pressure is invalid.	Medium	DC					
	Check O ₂ Pipeline Supply.								
	Check / Replace O ₂ Pipeline Pressure Transducer.								
02 PRESS LOW	O ₂ supply pressure lov	V_2 pipeline pressure is less than 252 kPa and the O ₂ cylinder has a pressure less than 2633 kPa for one	High	AC, DC	N_2O flow stops on threshold detection and Air continues to flow if selected.				
		second.							
	Check O ₂ Supply. Check / Replace O ₂ Pipeli	ne/Cylinder Pressure Transducer							

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria					
	Action/Troubleshooting										
02 PROP VALVE FAIL			Mixer status bit STS_CH1_PROPN VALVE FAIL indicates proportional valve failure.	Medium	AC, Mixer						
	Re	Reboot System. If problem continues, Replace the Mixer.									
02 SENSOR FAILURE		Replace O ₂ sensor	0 ₂ < 5%	Low	AC, Vent	Galvanic O ₂ sensor connected					
	Са	Calibrate O ₂ Sensor.									
	lf c	calibration fails, replace (D ₂ Sensor.								
	If calibration continues to fail, wait 90 minutes and repeat calibration. If calibration fails after 90 minute, replace VIB.										
ON/STANDBY SWITCH TO STANDBY		Turn switch on to continue use	On/Standby switch transitions from On to Standby.	High	PC	System state is Therapy and Power Controller is communicating with DC					
	Nc	Service Action Required									
OUTFLOW SCAV 10VA POWER ERROR		Vaporizer Failure	Overcurrent condition detected by the AC. Circuit disabled.		AC						
	 proceed to interconnect fault isolation procedure (Section 7.10.12). If the P2 indicator remains lit for more than 2 seconds, isolate the failed valve (outflow or scavenging) circuit with manual valve controls. Replace and retest in the following order (Also see Section 7.10.): Valve ADB 										
OUTFLOW ZERO POINT ERROR		Vaporizer Failure	Output flowmeter measured value during zeroing is out of range.		AC						
	Replace and retest in the following order (Also see Section 7.10.): • Outflow Zero Valve • Flowmeter Block • ADB										
OUTPUT FLOW LIMIT REACHED		Cannot deliver agent setting at set flow	Commanded cassette flow >= $6.0 \text{ L/min for} > 10 \text{ seconds}$ OR Commanded flow >= 4.0 L/min and flow valve is at max for > 10 seconds.	Low	AC	Agent delivery on					
	Ind flo ala	Indicates commanded agent flow could not be achieved because the vaporizer reached its maximum flow capability. This occurs at high flow and agent settings, primarily with Sevoflurane. The user sees an alarm message advising them to reduce flows and the agent monitor may show an under delivery.									

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria		
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting						
PATIENT VOLUME MISMATCH OCCURRED		Calibrate, dry, or replace flow sensors	PATIENT VOLUME MISMATCH alarm occurred.	Low	AC, Vent, DC checks enable criteria	System state is in Checkout.		
	 Check flow sensor connections. Replace flow sensors. Check the VIB tubing for moisture. Replace VIB. 							
PCB Alarm Off: AC Mains failure			Indicates AC Power Removed.		PCB			
	No	Service Action Required		,				
PCB Alarm Off: DC- DC power module failure			Indicates the AC supply is OK (AC GOOD HIGH) but the system reports using the battery (BATT STAT 1 and 2 LOW).		PCB			
	Check U-frame wiring. Set system switch to Standby; remove mains; wait 20 seconds; power up system. If problem continues, replace PCB.							
PCB Alarm Off: Monitor Current Active w/AC Mains			Indicates the Battery backup current to monitor is active while AC supply is OK.		PCB			
	Check AC power connection to anesthesia monitor and circuit breaker. If problem continues, replace anesthesia monitor.							
PCB Alarm On: 1 min time left			A message or failure displayed during the system checkout.		PCB			
	Le	ave the system plugged i	nto AC Mains for 24 hours. If issu	ue persists	s, replace	batteries.		
PCB Alarm On: AC mains failure			Indicates AC Power Removed.		PCB			
	No Service Action Required.							
PCB Alarm On: Bulk charge time exceeded in stdby			Indicates the batteries were being Bulk Charged for a period greater than 12 hours while the system was in the Standby state.		PCB			
	Re Re	place Batteries. place the Power Controll	er Board.					

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria			
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting							
PCB Alarm On:			Indicates the Battery		PCB				
Monitor Current			backup current to monitor is						
Active w/ AC Mains			active write AC supply is OK.						
	Check AC power connection to anesthesia monitor and circuit breaker.								
	IT	problem continues, repla	ce anestnesia monitor.						
PCB Saved Alarm Off:			A message or failure		PCB				
1 min time left			displayed during the system						
	Le	ave the system plugged i	nto AC Mains for 24 hours. If issu	ue persists	s, replace l	batteries.			
PCB Saved Alarm Off:			Indicates AC Power		PCB				
AC Mains failure			Removed.						
	No	Service Action Required			1	I			
PCB Saved Alarm Off:			Indicates the batteries were		PCB				
Blk chrg time exceed			being Bulk Charged for a						
in stdby			period greater than 12						
			hours while the system was						
	Re	Replace Batteries.							
	Re					1			
PCB Saved Alarm Off:			Indicates greater than 0.25		PCB				
DC-DC power module			amps current draw out of						
			while AC Mains is connected						
			to the machine.						
	Replace Batteries.								
	Re	place the Power Controll	er Board.						
PCB Saved Alarm On:			A message or failure		PCB				
1 min time left			displayed during the system						
			checkout.						
	Le	ave the system plugged i	nto AC Mains for 24 hours. If issu	ue persists	s, replace l	batteries.			
PCB Saved Alarm On:			Indicates AC Power		PCB				
AC Mains failure			Removed.						
	No Service Action Required.								
PCB Saved Alarm On:			Indicates greater than 0.25		PCB				
DC-DC power module			amps current draw out of						
failure			the batteries for 2 minutes						
			while AC Mains is connected						
	Re	place Batteries.							
	Ke	place the Power Controll	er Board.						

Error Log Entry	Alarn	n Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria	
	Action/1	froubleshooting					
PCB Saved Alarm On: DU to PSC Comm Error			Indicates a the Power Controller to Display Unit communication was lost. The Power Controller "saved" the error and communicated the error to the Display Unit when communication was next established.		PCB		
	No Servi	ce Action Required					
PCB Saved Error: POWER CNTRL COM FAIL			Indicates communication between the Display Unit computer and the Anesthesia Controller Board (ACB) was lost and a Power Controller error occurred. The error was stored until communication could be re- established and written to the Display Unit computer.		PCB		
	Check th	e Anesthesia Contr	roller Board (ACB) to Display Uni	t commun	ication ca	ble.	
PCSELF TEST	Intern may s Reboot s	nal failure. System shut down ystem. If problem o	PC failed self tests (memory, voltages, or CPU). continues, check power supplies	High in the Ser	PC rvice Softw	vare.	
	Replace	Power Controller Bo	oard if continues.				
PEEP PCV NOT AVAILABLE	Vol ve or PS	ent only. No PEEP V	Paw data is in range but the Pmanifold <= -15 cmH ₂ O	Medium Or Low	DC	None	
	Perform t the trans the Paw t	flow sensor calibrat ducer precision. Us transducer.	tion. If calibration fails, use the S se the Flow valve control to comp	ervice App pare linear	plication V rity of the l	ent diagnostics to check Manifold transducer to	
PORTZERO READ BACK FAIL			Read back of a latch storing valve state did not match the commanded state of the valves indicating internal Agent Delivery Board failure.		EV		
	Replace ADB. (Also see Section 7.10.)						
POWER CONTROLER COM FAIL	Intern may s	nal failure. System shut down	Communications with PC and DC cannot be established for ten seconds.	Medium	DC		
	Reboot system. If problem continues:1. Check DU cable connections.2. Check the Display Connector board cable connections.3. Replace the Power Controller board.						
Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria	
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	Action/Troubleshooting						
POWER SUPPLY 75C		Circuitry >75C shutdown possible	Power supply temperature exceeds 75C.	Medium	PC		
	Ch	leck / Clean cooling fan.					
PRESS SNSOR1 FAILURE			Indicates P1 pressure transducer on the Mixer is out of specification.		Mixer		
	Ze Re	ro the Mixer pressure trar place Mixer.	isducers.	1	1		
PROP VALVE DRIVE SENSE			Monitored Proportional Valve drive current did not match the commanded value indicating failure of the proportional valve, connection, or drive circuit.		EV		
	Re •	place and retest in the fo Proportional valve/check ADB	Ilowing order (Also see Section connection	7.10.):			
PROP VALVE HTR 10VA POWER ERROR		Vaporizer Failure	Overcurrent condition detected by the AC. Circuit disabled.		AC		
PWR CNTRL DC-DC	If t If t If t If t Re	the P4 indicator never light remove the Cassette Inter the problem persists, remove the jumper comp the problem is still preser proceed to interconnect of the P4 indicator remains of the P4 indicator remains of the Proportional valve door evaluate cassettes that he faulty. eplace and retest in the for Proportional Valve Cassette ADB Using battery. PC fail	AC supply is OK (AC GOOD	ette Interfa n 7.10.12 valve contri o determin 7.10.):	ce Board a). ols. ie if any of	and retest.	
PWR CNTRL DC-DC FAIL			HIGH) but the system reports using the battery (BATT STAT 1 and 2 LOW).	Medium	PC		
	Check U-frame wiring. Set system switch to Standby; remove mains; wait 20 seconds; power up system. If problem continues, replace PCB.						
Quick check fails.			A message or failure displayed during the system checkout.		DU		
		Check for other errors in the error logs.					

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Act	tion/Troubleshooting		1	1	1
REVERSE EXPIRATORY FLOW		Reverse exp flow. Check valves OK?	Flow towards the patient (volume >= 20 mL) on expiratory sensor and flow towards the patient (volume >= 5 mL) on the inspiratory sensor during inspiration for 6 consecutive mechanical breaths.	Medium	AC Vent	In-range flow data available, mechanical ventilation on
	Chi Chi Per Chi Rej Chi	eck flow sensor connecti eck the breathing circuit. form flow sensor calibra eck Insp/Exp check valve place the flow sensors. eck for kinked VIB tubing eck the VIB cabling.	ons for "No Flow Sensor" alarm. tion. es.			
SCGO		Vol and Apnea monitoring off	Non Circle SCGO selected.	Low	DC	System has SCGO
	No	service action required.				
SEVERE SUSTAINED PAW			Indicates the measures airway pressure was greater than 100 cm H20 for 10 seconds.		ACB	
	No Rel	Service Action. boot system. If problem o	continues, check Airway Pressur	e signal in	Service M	lode.
STANDBY PATIENT DETECTION		No fresh gas flow!	3 volume breaths are detected within 30 seconds or 3 CO_2 breaths are detected within 30 seconds	High	DC	System in Checkout: General or Checkout: Start Case
	No	service action required.	1	1	1	
System Self-tests failed			Indicates the Power-on tests failed. Look for other entries for clarification.		DU	
	Ch	eck for other errors in the	error logs (Compatibility failure	, Compatil	bility incor	nplete, etc.).
VALVE CH1 LEAK TESTS NOT DONE			Indicates the O2 Leak Test skipped. Can be caused by no O2 supply connected at power- up.		Mixer	
	No	Service Action Required	•	,	,	
VAP CASS TEMP SENSOR COMPAT FAIL			Vap Cassette Temperature Sensor revision not supported by Aisys System Software.			
	Co So	rrect system configuratio ftware.	n by updating Cassette Tempera	ature Sens	or hardwa	re or Aisys System

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria	
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting		1	1	1	
VAPCHK		Vaporizer Failure	Vaporizer fault detected				
(various messages)			during system checkout.				
	Re	fer to Vaporizer Checkout	Troubleshooting (Section 7.1)). 13 on p	age 7-93	}).	
VAP CONDENSATION			Measured cassette		EV		
CONDITIONS EXIST			temperature is at least 5				
			degrees warmer than				
			Flowmeter Block temperature.				
			Extreme condensation of				
			agent vapor in the Flowmeter				
			Block can result in erratic				
			delivery and/or CLOSED				
			LOOP CONTROL FAILURE due				
			to closure of the Liquid Flow				
			Prevention valve.				
	Ad	vise user to avoid storage	e of cassettes in warm environm	ents that c	ould resu	It in warm cassettes	
	be	ing placed in relatively co	older machines.				
VAP ENHANCED			The two independent		EV		
CASSETTE			temperature sensing				
TEMPERATURE			elements in the Aladin ₂				
FAILURE			cassette disagree by more				
			than the allowed amount				
			indicating that one has failed.				
			Cassette temperature sensing				
			reverted to legacy Cassette				
			Temperature Sensor at the				
			time this was logged.				
	Aladin ₂ cassette failure.						
	Re	place cassette and retes	t.			1	
VAP FLOW METER BLK			Flow Meter Block revision not				
COMPAT FAIL			supported by Aisys System				
			Software.				
	Correct system configuration by updating Flow Meter Block / Vap hardware or Aisys System Softwa					isys System Software.	
VAP-MIXER FAN FAIL		Cooling fan needs	Fan current	Medium	Mixer	Communication	
		service. System OK	< 0.09 Amps			between Display	
			> 0.25 Amps			Computer - ACB	
						and ACB - Mixer.	
	Со	nnect rear panel fan.					
	Re	place rear panel fan.					
	Re	place Mixer if no voltage.		1	1		
VAPORIZER LOST		Vaporizer Failure	Five seconds pass without		AC		
MIXER FLOW			valid measured flow data				
			from the mixer.				
		Check trouble shooting procedures for Electronic Mixer.					

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria	
	Action/Troubleshooting		1	1		
VAPORIZER SUBSYSTEM COMM FAILURE	Vaporizer Failure	Anesthesia Computer and Agent Delivery Subsystem communication lost or error for greater than 1 second.		AC		
	Verify harnesses from ACB to PCB and ACB to ADB are connected. Replace and retest, in the following order (Also see Section 7.10.): • ADB • ACB • PCB/Harnesses					
VAP SENSOR ERROR	Vaporizer Failure	One or more of the vaporizer sensors is grossly out of range (indicating electrical fault or disconnect).		AC		
	Check all temp/pressure/f Cycle power. If problem persists, • run PC Service App Vapo (Also see Section 7.10.)	Tow sensors connections to the <i>P</i> prizer Test (Section 12.10.2).	ADB.			
Vent check stage 1 failed.		A message or failure displayed during the system checkout.		DU		
	Checkout failed. Check for other errors in th	e error logs.				
Vent check stage 1 fails.		A message or failure displayed during the system checkout.		DU		
	Checkout failed. Check for other errors in the error logs.					
Vent check stage 2 failed.		A message or failure displayed during the system checkout.		DU		
	Checkout failed. Check for other errors in th	e error logs.		1		
Vent check stage 2 fails.		A message or failure displayed during the system checkout.		DU		
	Checkout failed. Check for other errors in the error logs.					
VENT FLOW VALVE FAIL DAC	Vent Fail. Monitoring Only	Incorrect DAC feedback for 3 consecutive readings	Medium	AC, Vent		
	Reboot System. If problem increase the Flow Valve con match.	continues, in the Service Softwa unts and view the Flow Valve Fee	are / Vent I dback mV	Flow and F and Coun	Pressure Diagnosis, ts. Verify the settings	

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria	
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting	1		<u> </u>		
VENT +12.5V FAIL		Vent Fail. Monitoring Only	Nominal 12.5V <11.3 Vdc or >13.13 Vdc	Medium	AC, Vent		
	In	the Service Software / Ve	ent Interface Bd Power Diagnosis	s, view the	"Vent Int	Bd 10VA Voltage" from	
	BC If '	oard Supplies: Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage	" reads "OK and +12 5 Vdc rea	ds "Fail" r	enlace th	VIB	
	lf '	'Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage	" reads "Fail" and the "Vent Int E	3d 10VA Vo	oltage" fro	m the Anes Cntrl Bd	
	re	ads "OK", Check cabling I	petween ACB and VIB.				
VENT +6V FAIL		Vent Fail. Monitoring	VSIB +6V out of range<5.51	High	AC,	Vent +12.5 V (10 VA) is	
		Only	Vdc or > 6.5 Vdc		Vent	ОК	
	In	the Service Software / Ve	ent Interface Bd Power Diagnosis	s, view the	"Vent Int	Bd 10VA Voltage" from	
	БС lf '	'Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage	" reads "OK. and +6.0Vdc reads	s "Fail". rer	place the V	/IB.	
	lf ' rea	"Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage ads "OK", Check cabling I	" reads "Fail" and the "Vent Int E between ACB and VIB.	3d 10VA Vo	oltage" fro	m the Anes Cntrl Bd	
VENT 1.22V FAIL		Vent Fail. Monitoring	Voltage < 1.074Vdc or Voltage	Medium	AC,	Vent +12.5 V (10 VA) is	
		Only	> 1.367 Vdc		Vent	ОК	
	In	the Service Software / Ve	ent Interface Bd Power Diagnosis	s, view the	"Vent Int	Bd 10VA Voltage" from	
	Bo	bard Supplies:		4E 118			
	lf ' If '	Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage	" reads "UK, and 1.22 Vdc read " reads "Fail" and the "Vent Int F	s "Fail", re Sd 10VA Vo	place the	VIB. m the Anes Cntrl Bd	
	reads "OK", Check cabling between ACB and VIB.						
VENT -6V FAIL		Vent Fail. Monitoring	VSIB -6V out of range<-6.72	High	AC,	Vent +12.5 V (10 VA) is	
		Only	Vdc or > -5.28 Vdc		Vent	ОК	
	In the Service Software / Vent Interface Bd Power Diagnosis, view the "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" from						
	Board Supplies:						
	II vent int Bd 10VA voltage reads UK, and -6.0VdC reads "Fall", replace the VIB. If "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" reads "Fail" and the "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" from the Anes Cotrl Bd						
	re	ads "OK", Check cabling I	petween ACB and VIB.				
VENT ADC VREF FAIL		Vent Fail. Monitoring	VSIB ADC3.200V ref voltage	High	AC,	Vent +12.5 V (10 VA) is	
		Only	out of range <3.179 or		Vent	ОК	
			>3.221 Vdc				
	In the Service Software / Vent Interface Bd Power Diagnosis, view the "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" from Board Supplies:						
	If "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" reads "OK, and 3.2 Vdc reads "Fail", replace the VIB.						
	If "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" reads "Fail" and the "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" from the Anes Cntrl Bd						
	re	ads "OK", Check cabling I	petween ACB and VIB.				
VENT AIRWAY		Inspiration stopped	High airway overpressure	Medium	AC,	Mechanical Ventilation	
OVERPRESS SIGNAL	NI.	O and in a Antian	signal set.		vent	Un	
	NC Re) Service Action. Moot system If problem (continues, check Airway Pressur	e signal in	Service M	lode	
VENT ΔΙΡΨΔΥ		Vent Fail Monitoring	Ventilator SIR indicates the	Medium		Mechanical Ventilation	
OVERPRESS SIGNAL		Only	High Airway overpressure	Weddulli	Vent	On	
FAIL			signal was set and Paw < 90				
			cmH ₂ O and Pmanifold <80				
			cm H ₂ 0.				
	No	Service Action.					
	Re	Reboot system. If problem continues, check Airway Pressure signal in Service Mode.					

Error Log Entry		Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
	Ac	tion/Troubleshooting				•
VENT FLOW VALVE FAIL CURRENT		Vent Fail. Monitoring Only	Incorrect current feedback for 7 consecutive readings.	Medium	AC, Vent	
	Re in	boot System. If problem crease the Flow Valve cou	continues, in the Service Softwa Ints and view the Flow Valve Curr	are / Vent I rent mA an	Flow and F Id Counts.	Pressure Diagnosis,
VENT SIB 10VA OVER CURRENT			Indicates the current feedback from the VIB was incorrect.		ACB	
	Disconnect VIB power harness and restart the system. If the error does not reappear in the log, • replace the VIB and retest. If the error persists, • replace the ACB.					
VENT SIB COMMUNICATION FAILURE			Indicates a loss of communication between the Anesthesia Controller Board (ACB) and the Ventilator Interface Board (VIB) after communication has been established.		ACB	
	Check cabling. Replace Pan Connector Board. Replace VIB. Replace ACB.					
VENT SUSTAINED PAW SDOWN		Vent Fail. Monitoring Only	Paw > 100 cmH ₂ 0 for 10 seconds.	Medium	AC, Vent	In-range Paw data available
	No Service Action. Reboot system. If problem continues, check Airway Pressure signal in Service Mode.				lode.	
VENT VALVE 10VA OVER CURRENT			Indicates the current feedback from the Insp Flow Valve was incorrect for seven consecutive readings.		ACB	
	In the Service Software / Vent Flow & Pressure Diagnosis, increase the Flow Valve co Flow Valve Current mA and Counts.					ve counts and view the
VENT VALVE POWER FAIL		Vent Fail. Monitoring Only	Nominal 12.5V <11.3 V or >13.13Vdc	Medium	AC, Vent	
	In the Service Software / Vent Interface Bd Power Diagnosis, view the "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" f Board Supplies: If "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" reads "OK, and the Vent Valve 10VA Volts reads "Fail", disconnect the " Pan connector harness. If the Vent Valve 10VA Volts continues to read "Fail", replace the VIB. If "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" reads "Fail" and the "Vent Int Bd 10VA Voltage" from the Anes Cntrl B reads "OK". Check cabling between ACB and VIB.				Bd 10VA Voltage" from il", disconnect the VIB to place the VIB. m the Anes Cntrl Bd	

Error Log Entry	Alarm Text	Condition (Basic info)	Priority	Source	Enabling Criteria
Ac	tion/Troubleshooting				
VLV BAL GAS CH		Indicates the Bal Gas Leak		Mixer	
LEAK TESTS NOT		Test skipped.			
DONE		Can be caused by no Bal			
		Gas connected at power-up.			
	Service Action Required				

7.10 Electronic Vaporizer (eVap) Troubleshooting

As a general rule, proceed with electronic vaporizer fault isolation as follows:

- 1. Review the system error logs for vaporizer specific entries.
 - Refer to Section 7.9 for procedures related to the system error log entries.
- 2. Within the PC service application, perform the Vaporizer Test (Section 12.10.2).
 - Follow procedures below as directed by the vaporizer test results.
- 3. After servicing the vaporizer, rerun the Vaporizer Test to confirm any repairs made were successful.

7.10.1 Vaporizer Test Results

The Vaporizer Test will display extended diagnostic information upon completion.

If the test passes, the message **PASSED: Electronic Vaporizer Subsystem Check** is displayed along with the data used during the check. This indicates that the vaporizer is ready for use.

If the check encounters a problem, it will perform an automated fault isolation procedure. With most single fault failures the automated procedure will identify the failed component or a small set of possibilities.

In the event of a failure, a variety of messages are possible:

• Refer to the table in Section 7.10.2 for corrective actions.

7.10.2 Vaporizer Test Results troubleshooting procedures

Note 1: If a vaporizer alarm becomes active before or during the Vaporizer Test, the following message is printed along with the test results.

"CAUTION! Critical Vaporizer Alarm(s) Active. May Affect Results"

- Check the error log for vaporizer errors.
- Take any necessary corrective action.
- Repeat the test.

Note 2: If the Vaporizer Test results returned by Aisys are not supported by the Service Application the message below will be displayed.

"FAILED: Test results not supported by this version of Aisys Service Application"

• Upgrade Service Application to the latest version.

Vaporizer Test message	Corrective Action
Check Terminated: Test Cassette not detected.	Insert Test cassette.
Check Terminated: O2 supply or mixer flow failure.	Correct O_2 supply or Mixer flow function faults before proceeding with Vaporizer Test.
Check Terminated: Ventilator in bag mode or non-circle selected (ACGO).	Place Bag/Vent switch to Vent, select circle, and retest.
FAILED: Backpressure Valve: Low backpressure at 200ml/min flow.	Replace Backpressure Valve and retest.
FAILED: Cassette Circuit Flow Error	Identify the failing flow meter. Check the InputFlowAt500mlCheck and OutputFlowAt500mlCheck values in the printed results data. Whichever one deviates most from 500 (500 ml/min test flow) is the failing flow meter. If replacing the Zero Valve as suggested below, replace the zero valve of the failing flow meter. Replace and retest in the following order: Backpressure Valve Flowmeter Block ADB
FAILED: Cassette Communications: Check Cassette Interface Board.	 Check, replace, and retest in the following order: All four magnets on Cassette Interface Board fingers draw down and make contact with Test Cassette contacts Cassette Interface Board to Agent Delivery Board cable connections are secure Cassette Interface Board Agent Delivery Board
FAILED: Cassette Pressure Incorrect.	Replace and retest in the following order: • Both zero valves leaking/stuck open. • Flowmeter Block • ADB

Vaporizer Test message	Corrective Action
FAILED: Cassette: Leak detected.	 Measured inflow is excessive when outflow and scavenging circuits are closed. If pre-use check also fails with a therapy cassette, replace and retest in the following order: Missing, damaged, worn Mechanical Connector Valve o-rings. Mechanical Connector Valves Valve Block Flowmeter Block NOTE: If pre-use test passes with a therapy cassette the Test Cassette may be leaking.
FAILED: Fault Detected. Invalid Outflow.	Replace and retest in the following order: • Outflow Zero Valve • Flowmeter Block • ADB
FAILED: Fault Detected. No cassette pressure rise.	Replace and retest in the following order: Inflow Valve Inflow Check Valve Backpressure Valve Flowmeter Block ADB
FAILED: Fault Detected. No output flow.	Replace and retest in the following order: • Scavenging Valve • Flowmeter Block • ADB
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Cassette pressure out of range.	 If 'Reading' is significantly below ambient pressure, replace flowmeter block and retest. If 'Reading' is high, manually depressurize cassette and retest. If failure persists, replace and retest in the following order: Flowmeter Block ADB
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Inflow/Outflow mismatch. (3000mL/min)	Replace and retest in the following order: • Check altitude setting (Section 4.3.1). • Flowmeter Block • ADB
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Inflow/Outflow mismatch. (500mL/min)	Replace and retest in the following order: • Check altitude setting (Section 4.3.1). • Flowmeter Block • ADB
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Mixer and cassette pressure sensors disagree. (High Pressure)	Mixer and Vaporizer measured pressures do not agree at the second of two test pressures (high pressure). Replace Flowmeter Block and retest. If problem persists, check troubleshooting procedures for Electronic Mixer. If mixer is not at fault, replace the ADB and retest.
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Mixer and cassette pressure sensors disagree. (Low Pressure)	Mixer and Vaporizer measured pressures do not agree at the first of two test pressures (low pressure). Replace Flowmeter Block and retest. If problem persists, check troubleshooting procedures for Electronic Mixer. If mixer is not at fault, replace the ADB and retest.
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Mixer/Inflow mismatch. (100mL/min)	Replace and retest in the following order: • Flowmeter Block • Mixer • ADB

Vaporizer Test message	Corrective Action
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Mixer/Inflow mismatch. (3000mL/min)	Replace and retest in the following order: • Flowmeter Block • Mixer • ADB
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Mixer/Inflow mismatch. (500mL/min)	Replace and retest in the following order: • Flowmeter Block • Mixer • ADB
FAILED: Flow Meter Block: Noisy cassette pressure signal.	Cassette Pressure Sensor signal is noisier than can be expected under normal conditions. Replace and retest in the following order: • Flowmeter Block • ADB
FAILED: Inflow Check Valve: Leaking/Stuck open.	Replace and retest in the following order: Inflow Check Valve ADB
FAILED: Inflow Read Failure	Replace and retest in the following order: Inflow Zero Valve Flowmeter Block ADB
FAILED: Inflow Valve: Leaking/stuck open.	Replace and retest in the following order: Inflow Valve ADB
FAILED: Inflow Zero Valve: Failed closed.	Replace Inflow Zero Valve and retest.
FAILED: Maximum Cassette Circuit Flow Not Achieved.	Replace and retest in the following order: Proportional Valve Mechanical Connector Valves Flowmeter Block Outflow Valve Inflow Valve Scavenging Valve ADB
FAILED: Mixer: Measured flow does not match set. (3000mL/min)	Mixer is not delivering commanded flow at a setting of 3000 mL/min. Check troubleshooting procedures for Electronic Mixer.
FAILED: Mixer: Measured flow does not match set. (500mL/min)	Mixer is not delivering commanded flow at a setting of 500 mL/min. Check troubleshooting procedures for Electronic Mixer.
FAILED: Outflow Read failure	Replace and retest in the following order: • Outflow Valve • Proportional Valve • Liquid Flow Prevention Valve • ADB

Vaporizer Test message	Corrective Action
FAILED:	Replace and retest in the following order:
Outflow Valve: Leaking/stuck	• Outflow Valve
open.	• ADB
FAILED: Outflow Zero Valve: Failed closed.	Replace Outflow Zero Valve and retest.
FAILED:	Replace and retest in the following order:
Proportional Valve:	• Proportional Valve
Drive current error detected	• ADB
FAILED:	Replace and retest in the following order:
Proportional Valve:	• Proportional Valve
Erratic operation, sticking	• ADB
FAILED:	Replace and retest in the following order:
Proportional Valve:	• Proportional Valve
Leaking/stuck open.	• ADB
FAILED:	Replace and retest in the following order:
Scavenging Valve:	• Scavenging Valve
Failed closed	• ADB

7.10.3 eVap Troubleshooting Flowchart



Flowchart 19

7.10.4 eVap Error Log table

Symptom	eVap Troubleshooting Flowchart
Agent Delivery check failed.	See associated errors (Section 7.10.13)
Cassette Not Latching	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting
Compatibility failure: DCB hardware	(Flowchart 23) ACB Comm
No Liquid Level Indicator	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting
Error Log Entry	
ADB 10VA POWER ERROR	(Flowchart 26) Power and Valves Troubleshooting
ADB VOLTAGE ERROR	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting
AGENT LEVEL LOST	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting
AGENT LEVEL OVER RANGE	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting
AGENT LEVEL UNDER RANGE	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting
CASSETTE LEVEL LOW	See other associated errors
CASSETTE OVERFILL DETECTED	(Flowchart 22) Leak and Cassette Troubleshooting
CASSETTE PRESSURE ERROR	(Flowchart 21) Pressure Troubleshooting
CASSETTE PRESSURE ERROR	(Flowchart 21) Pressure Troubleshooting
CASSETTE TEMPERATURE EEPROM FAILURE	(Flowchart 25) Temperature Troubleshooting
CASSETTE TEMPERATURE FAILURE	(Flowchart 25) Temperature Troubleshooting
CLOSED LOOP CONTROL FAILURE	(Flowchart 20) Flow and Zero Troubleshooting
COM ERROR VENT TO ACB	(Flowchart 23) ACB Comm
DCB RAM ERROR	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting
FLOW MANIFOLD EEPROM FAILURE	(Flowchart 21) Pressure Troubleshooting
INFLOW CHECK VALVE FAILURE	(Flowchart 20) Flow and Zero Troubleshooting
INFLOW OUTFLOW CROSSCHECK FAILURE	(Flowchart 22) Leak and Cassette Troubleshooting
INFLOW OUTFLOW CROSSCHECK FAILURE RECOVERABLE	(Flowchart 22) Leak and Cassette Troubleshooting
INFLOW ZERO 10VA POWER ERROR	(Flowchart 26) Power and Valves Troubleshooting
INFLOW ZERO POINT ERROR	(Flowchart 20) Flow and Zero Troubleshooting
INSERT CASSETTE	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting
INVALID CASSETTE ID	(Flowchart 22) Leak and Cassette Troubleshooting
LOSS OF VAPORIZER USER SETTINGS	(Flowchart 14) DU-ACB Communication
MAN CASS OVER UNDER TEMP	(Flowchart 25) Temperature Troubleshooting
MANIFOLD TEMPERATURE EEPROM FAILURE	(Flowchart 25) Temperature Troubleshooting
MANIFOLD TEMPERATURE FAILURE	(Flowchart 25) Temperature Troubleshooting
OUTFLOW SCAV 10VA POWER ERROR	(Flowchart 26) Power and Valves Troubleshooting
OUTFLOW ZERO POINT ERROR	(Flowchart 20) Flow and Zero Troubleshooting
OUTPUT FLOW LIMIT REACHED	(Flowchart 20) Flow and Zero Troubleshooting
PROP VALVE HTR 10VA POWER ERROR	(Flowchart 26) Power and Valves Troubleshooting
VAP CASS TEMP SENSOR COMPAT FAIL	(Flowchart 25) Temperature Troubleshooting
VAP FLOW METER BLK COMPAT FAIL	(Flowchart 21) Pressure Troubleshooting
VAP SENSOR ERROR	See other associated errors
VAP-MIXER FAN FAIL	(Flowchart 26) Power and Valves Troubleshooting
VAPORIZER LOST MIXER FLOW	(Flowchart 23) ACB Comm
VAPORIZER SUBSYSTEM COMM FAILURE	(Flowchart 23) ACB Comm
VAP_CONDENSATION_CONDITION EXISTS	(Flowchart 25) Temperature Troubleshooting
VAP ENHANCED CASSETTE TEMPERATURE FAILURE	(Flowchart 22) Leak and Cassette Troubleshooting
VAP PORT ZERO READ BACK FAIL	(Flowchart 24) ADB Troubleshooting

7.10.5 eVap Flow and Zero troubleshooting





7.10.6 eVap Pressure troubleshooting



Flowchart **21**

7.10.7 eVap Leak and Cassette troubleshooting



Flowchart **22**



7.10.8 eVap Communication troubleshooting

7.10.9 eVap ADB troubleshooting



Flowchart **24**

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7.10.10 eVap Temperature troubleshooting





7.10.11 eVap Power and Valves troubleshooting





7.10.12 Electronic vaporizer 10VA power interconnect fault isolation

Troubleshooting of the following Error Log Entries may lead you to further troubleshoot the problem as detailed below:

ADB 10VA POWER ERROR

INFLOW ZERO 10VA POWER ERROR

- OUTFLOW SCAV 10VA POWER ERROR
- PROP VALVE HTR 10VA POWER ERROR

10VA power interconnect fault isolation procedure:

Continue to disconnect harnesses in the following order and retest until problem resolved:

- 1. Disconnect the ADB harness at PCB.
 - If problem goes away, replace ADB-PCB harness.
- 2. Disconnect the ACB harness at PCB.
 - If problem goes away, replace PCB.
- 3. Disconnect the ACB harness at ACB.
 - If problem goes away, replace ACB-PCB harness.
- 4. If cable disconnects do not eliminate the failure, replace ACB and retest.

7.10.13 Vaporizer Checkout Troubleshooting

Error Log Entry	Condition / Test Configuration	Action/Troubleshooting	
VAPCHK BACKPRESSURE	Pressure generated by the Backpressure Vale is too low.	Replace: • Backpressure Valve	
	Inflow Valve closed is below limit.		
VAPCHK CASS LEAK	Cassette / eVap leak greater than limit. eVap Inflow flow reading greater than limit when cassette flow is off. Test: Mixer Flow: 2 I/min Inflow Valve: On Scav Valve: Off Outflow Valve: Off Prop Valve: 0	Retest with different cassette to determine if leak is in the cassette or eVap. If leak is in eVap, replace: • Connector Valves and Spring Seals • Tubbing/fittings between eVap and Mixer • Scavenging Valve	
VAPCHK CASSETTE COMM	Digital communication with Test Cassette Failed.	 Check, replace, and retest in the following order: All four magnets on Cassette Interface Board fingers draw down and make contact with Test Cassette contacts. Cassette Interface Board to Agent Delivery Board cable connections are secure. Cassette Interface Board. Agent Delivery Board. 	
VAPCHK CASS PRESS RANGE	Ambient pressure as measured by Cassete Pressure Sensor outside limit. Reported pressure is outside the service altitude conditions with the Scavenging Valve open.	 Disconnect the scavenging tube (blue). Restart test: If the test passes, troubleshoot occlusion in scavenging circuit tubing. Look specifically for occluded Scavenging Downtube. If the test still fails, replace: Flow Meter Block Assembly 	
VAPCHK CONFIG	Machine is ACGO and circuit selector switch is in the ACGO position OR Bag/Vent switch is in the Bag position	User training/information.	
VAPCHK FLOW CONTROL	Unable to control eVap output flow.	Replace: • Proportional Valve • Backpressure Valve • Flow Meter Block Assembly • Agent Delivery Board	

Error Log Entry	Condition / Test Configuration	Action/Troubleshooting	
VAPCHK INCHECK LEAK	Inflow Check Valve leak exceeds limit. Test: Mixer Flow: 8 I/min Inflow Valve: On Scav Valve: Off Outflow Valve: Off Mixer Flow reduced to 2 I/min. Monitor eVap Inflow Flow for negative flow.	Replace: • Inflow Check Valve	
VAPCHK INFLOW LEAK	Inflow Valve leak exceeds limit. Test: Mixer Flow:2 I/min Inflow Valve: Off Scav Valve: On Outflow Valve: On Prop Valve: 65534 Inflow flow values indicate flow equal to Inflow Valve leak rate.	 Replace: Inflow Valve (right side valve block assembly as viewed from front). 	
VAPCHK INFLOW OUTFLOW	Input and Output Flow Meters do not match to within limit Test: Mixer Flow: 0.5 I/min Inflow Valve: On Scav Valve: Off Outflow Valve: On Prop Valve: 65534	Replace: • Flow Meter Block Assembly • Agent Delivery Board	
VAPCHK INFLOW ZERO	Inflow Meter Zero Valve fails to operate Test: Mixer Flow: 0.5 I/min Inflow Valve: On Scav Valve: Off Outflow Valve: On Prop Valve: 65534 Verify Inflow reads at or near 0.5 I/min Uncheck Zero Valves Auto and select Inflow Zero – On. Verify LED comes on, valve clicks, and Inflow reads at or near 0 ml.	 Replace: If the test fails: Input Flow Meter Zero Valve (right side of Flow Meter Block Assembly as viewed from the front) Agent Delivery Board If the test passes: Flow Meter Block Assembly 	
VAPCHK MAX FLOW	Unable to achieve required maximum eVap output flow	Replace: • Backpressure Valve • Proportional Valve • Flow Meter Block Assembly • Agent Delivery Board	

Error Log Entry	Condition / Test Configuration	Action/Troubleshooting	
VAPCHK MIX CASSP	Mixer outlet pressure and eVap cassette pressure do not match to within limit.	Replace: • Flow Meter Block Assembly • Agent Delivery Board • Mixer	
VAPCHK MIX INFLOW	Delivered flow measured by Mixer does not agree with the eVap Inflow flowmeter within limit. Test: Mixer Flow: 0.5 I/min Inflow Valve: On Scav Valve: On Outflow Valve: ON Prop Valve: 65534	Check Mixer/eVap Inlet connection. Replace: • Backpressure Valve • Flow Meter Block Assembly • Agent Delivery Board • Mixer	
VAPCHK MIXER SET	During eVap check: Mixer measured flow does not match set.	Troubleshoot Mixer.	
VAPCHK MIXER TEST	Before start of eVap check: Mixer flow test failed. Mixer running 3 and 7 LPM test. All eVap valves off.	 Disconnect eVap Inlet tube. Restart test. If the VAPCHK MIXER TEST error recurs, troubleshoot mixer. If a different error occurs, reconnect Inlet tube and disconnect outlet tube. Restart test. If the VAPCHK MIXER TEST recurs, replace backpressure valve. 	
VAPCHK OUTFLOW LEAK	Outflow valve leak exceeds limit Test: Mixer Flow: 2 l/min Inflow Valve: On Scav Valve: Off Outflow Valve: Off Prop Valve: 65534 Outflow flow values indicate Outflow Valve leak rate.	 Replace: Outflow Valve (rear valve on left side of valve block assembly as viewed from front) 	
(APCHK OUTFLOW ZERO Outflow Meter Zero Valve fails to operate Test: Mixer Flow: 0.5 I/min Inflow Valve: On Scav Valve: Off Outflow Valve: On Prop Valve: 65534 Verify Outflow reads at or near 0.5 I/min Uncheck Zero Valves Auto and select Outflow Zero – On. Verify LED comes on, valve clicks, and Outflow reads at or near 0 ml.		 Replace: If the test fails: Input Flow Meter Zero Valve (right side of Flow Meter Block Assembly as viewed from the front) Agent Delivery Board If the test passes: Flow Meter Block Assembly 	

Error Log Entry	Condition / Test Configuration	Action/Troubleshooting	
VAPCHK PROP DRIVE	Proportional Valve drive current feedback does not match commanded current to within limit	Replace: • Proportional Valve • Agent Delivery Board	
VAPCHK PROP LEAK	Proportional valve leak exceeds limit Test: Mixer Flow: 2 l/min Inflow Valve: On Scav Valve: Off Outflow Valve: On Prop Valve: O Outflow flow values indicate Prop Valve leak rate.	Replace: • Proportional Valve.	
VAPCHK SCAV FAIL	Scavenging circuit not flowing gas / excessive restriction. Excessive pressure rise when flowing through scavenging circuit.	 Disconnect eVap scavenging tube (Blue). Restart test: If the test passes, troubleshoot occlusion in scavenging circuit tubing (Look specifically for occluded Scavenging Downtube.). If the test still fails, replace: Scavenging Valve Agent Delivery Board 	
VAPCHK VAP ALARM	Multiple Test Conditions	See additional eVap entries in error log. Address the cause of the alarm before continuing.	

7.11 eVap Therapy Cassette Leak Test

- 1. Connect and establish communication with the PC Service Application.
- 2. On the Gas Delivery Schematic, set the following:
 - Mixer 02 Flow to 2.0 l/min.
- 3. On Vaporizer Schematic, set the following:
 - Inflow valve to **On**
 - Outflow valve to Off
 - · Scavenging to Off
 - Prop Flow Valve DAC Value to 0
 - Cassette Power to Off
 - Zero Valves Auto box checked (☑)
- 4. After the readings stabilize, record the **eVap Inflow** flow value. It should be zero or near zero.
 - Note: Stable readings are defined as either a) not changing or b) shifting up and down through some minimum to maximum range. If shifting up and down, record the maximum inflow value displayed once the displayed flow range is neither increasing nor decreasing significantly. Disregard values during and immediately after flow meter zeroing.
- 5. Insert cassette under test.
- 6. Allow the eVap Inflow flow reading to stabilize and record flow.
 - Pass/Fail Criteria: Stable flow readings above 10 ml/min indicate a potential leak in the cassette or eVap Connection Valves.
- 7. Repeat steps 5 through 6 for each non-DES therapy cassette on the machine four to five times with varying insertion forces (gentle, normal, and aggressive).
- 8. If therapy cassette leak rate is greater than 10 ml/min, insert test cassette and confirm eVap leakage with test cassette is less than 10 ml/min.
 - Replace therapy cassette if therapy leak rate is greater than 10 ml/min and test cassette leak rate is less than 10 ml/min in same eVap unit.
- 9. Replace any cassette that exhibits leak rates above 10 ml/min.
- 10. If multiple (therapy and test) cassettes tested on one machine exhibit leaks, replace the Valve Connector Assembly or o-ring on the Valve Connector Assembly in the eVap subassembly.

7.12 eVap Backpressure Valve Test

- 1. Connect and establish communication with the PC Service Application.
- 2. In the File>Preferences menu set the Gas Supply Pressure Units to kPa.
- 3. Install a Test Cassette in the eVap.
- 4. On the Vaporizer Schematic, set the following:
 - Prop Flow Valve DAC Value to 65534
 - Inflow valve to **On**
 - Outflow valve to On
 - Scavenging to **On**
 - Cassette Power to Off
 - Zero Valves Auto box checked (☑)
- 5. On the Gas Delivery Schematic, set the following:
 - Mixer O2 Flow to **0.00** I/min.
- 6. Record the following:
 - Mixer Outlet pressure
 - Cassette Pressure
 - and eVap Inflow flow readings
- 7. On the Gas Delivery Schematic, set the following:
 - Mixer 02 Flow to **0.50** I/min.
- 8. Record the following:
 - Mixer Outlet pressure
 - Cassette Pressure
 - and eVap Inflow flow readings
- 9. On Vaporizer Schematic, set the following :
 - Scavenging to Off
- 10. Wait for the flow and pressure values to stabilize.
- 11. Record the following:
 - Mixer Outlet pressure
 - and eVap Inflow flow readings
- 12. On **Vaporizer Schematic**, reduce the Prop Flow Valve DAC Value to approximately **23000** counts. Observe the **eVap Outflow** flow reading.
 - Reduce or increase the Prop Flow Valve DAC Value setting until the **eVap Outflow** flow reading is between 150 to 250 ml.

- 13. Observe the eVap Inflow flow reading.
 - Ensure the **eVap Inflow** flow reading does not drop more than 10 ml from the value recorded in step 11 as the **Mixer Outlet** pressure increases 5 to 10 kPa above the **Mixer Outlet** pressure recorded in step 11.
- 14. When the **eVap Inflow** flow reading approximately matches the **eVap Outflow** flow reading (± 20 ml), record the **Mixer Outlet** pressure.
- 15.To calculate the leak rate of the Backpressure Valve, subtract the **eVap Inflow** flow reading recorded in step 8 from the **eVap Inflow** flow reading recorded in step 11.
 - Replace the Backpressure Valve if the flow rate difference is greater than 10 ml/min.
- 16.To calculate the pressure created by the Backpressure Valve, subtract **Mixer Outlet** pressure reading recorded in step 6 from the **Mixer Outlet** pressure reading recorded in step 14.
 - Replace the Backpressure Valve if the pressure created by the backpressure valve is less than 24 kPa.

Note: A typical backpressure created by the Backpressure Valve is between 30 kPa and 50 kPa.

Record Values Here

Step 6	
Mixer Outlet (kPa)	
Cassette Pressure (kPa)	
Inflow flow (mL)	
Step 8	
Mixer Outlet (kPa)	
Cassette Pressure (kPa)	
Inflow flow (mL)	
Step 11	
Mixer Outlet (kPa)	
Inflow flow (mL)	
Step 14	
Mixer Outlet (kPa)	
Step 15 Backpressure Leak	
Inflow (Step 8) - Inflow (Step 11)	
Step 16 Backpressure Generated	
Mixer Outlet (Step 14) – Mixer Outlet (Step 6)	

7.13 eVap Inflow Check Valve Test

Test Equipment	 Certifier 4070 or equivalent low-pressure measurement device (±1% of reading or better accurate) M-Gas/E-Gas Calibration Gas with Calibration Regulator (755530-HEL or M1006864) Note: If using the M1006864 calibration regulator, the tubing must be pushed on the hose barb past the bleed hole (bleed hole must be occluded) for the test to function correctly. ADU Test Cassette (8500006) Various tubing and Tee fittings (locally sourced) PC Service Application and Serial Cable (Section 10.1.1) Gilmont Flow Restrictor (6027-0000-126) or equivalent adjustable flow restrictor
Test Procedure	1. Move the dashboard forward to the service position or remove rear cover to access the eVap.
	Connect and establish communication between the Aisys and the PC Service Application.
	3. Insert the ADU Test Cassette in the eVap bay.

- 4. In Vaporizer Schematic, set the following valves to the following settings:
 - Inflow valve to "On"
 - Outflow valve to "On"
 - Scavenging valve to "Off"
 - Prop Flow Valve DAC Value to "65534"
 - Cassette Power to "Off"
 - Zero Valves Auto box checked
- Note

Ensure Outflow meter reading is zero. If non-zero, wait for the system to perform an Auto-zero cycle. When the eVap auto-zeros, an audible click can be heard and the LED (CR15) next to the zero valve connector temporally illuminates.

- 5. Connect the Calibration Gas Regulator output (without "Y" piece adapter) to the ADU Test Cassette port labeled "Cassette pressure calibration" as illustrated. Open the calibration regulator (on the nonadjustable) or set the regulator to approximately 3 PSI (on the adjustable regulator) and adjust the inline restrictor until the eVap Outflow flow reading on the PC Application reads 5ml (±1 ml). Readjustment of the regulator may be necessary after flow is established.
- 6. On the Gas Delivery Schematic:
 - Set the Total Flow to 15.00 LPM.
 - Then set the Total Flow to 0.00 LPM.
 - Then set the Total Flow to 15.00 LPM.
 - Then set the Total Flow to 0.20 LPM.



- 7. Disconnect the Mixer to eVap "Inlet" tubing from the back of the eVap.
- **Note** Ensure Inflow meter reading is zero. If non-zero, wait for the system to perform an Autozero cycle. When the eVap auto-zeros, an audible click can be heard and the LED (CR17) next to the zero valve connector temporally illuminates.
 - 8. Connect the Calibration Gas Regulator output to the ADU Test Cassette port labeled "Inlet Check".
 - 9. Observe the Inflow flow reading and the pressure on the pressure measurement device. After 20 seconds, record the readings for the flow and pressure.



10.Determine the Pass/Fail disposition of the valve using the table below:

Scenario	Pressure Response	Inflow Reading (ml/min)	Pass / Fail	Comments
1	Pressure sharply increases	O flow	Pass	Inflow Check Valve is functioning properly.
2	Pressure sharply increases	Negative flow less than 4 ml/min	Pass	Inflow Check Valve is acceptable (leak below limit of 5 ml/min).
3	Pressure does not increase	Negative flow 4 ml/min or more	Fail	Inflow Check Valve is leaking. Replace Inflow Check Valve.
4	Pressure sharply increases	Negative flow 4 ml/min or more	Possible test error or inflow meter not zeroed	 Wait for Inflow meter auto zero cycle and re-record flow. If flow goes to 0 (or less than -4 ml/min), Inflow Check Valve is acceptable. If negative flow (greater than -4 ml/min) persists, troubleshoot for test pressure reading error or flowmeter reading error. Repeat test as needed.
5	Pressure does not increase	O flow	Possible test error or test set-up leak	Possible adjustment of restrictor or leak in tubing. Check test setup and re-test.

11. Repeat steps 5 through 10 three times (reconnecting the Mixer to eVap "inlet" tubing to the back of the eVap).

- 12. If any of the three tests results indicate "Fail", replace the Inflow Check Valve.
- 13.Re-connect all the machine tubing and re-install the dashboard.
- 14. Perform a post service checkout on the machine.

7.14 eVap Scavenger Path Testing

- 1. Connect and establish communication with the PC Service Application.
- 2. In the File>Preferences menu set the Gas Supply Pressure Units to kPa.
- 3. On the Gas Delivery Schematic, set the following:
 - Mixer 02 Flow to **0.50** l/min.
- 4. Insert a de-pressurized Test Cassette.
- 5. On the Vaporizer Schematic, set the following:
 - Inflow valve to Off
 - Outflow valve to Off
 - Scavenging to **On**
 - Prop Flow Valve DAC Value to 0
 - Cassette Power to Off
 - Zero Valves Auto box checked (☑)
- 6. Record the Cassette Pressure value.
- 7. Set the Inflow valve to **On**.
- 8. After the reading stabilizes, re-record the Cassette Pressure.
- 9. Subtract the second reading from the first reading.
 - a. If the difference between the two readings is less than or equal to 1.00 kPa, there is no restriction in the scavenger path. No action is required.
 - b. If the difference between the two readings is greater than 1.00 kPa, disconnect the eVap scavenger tubing (blue tubing) and repeat the test.
 - c. With the scavenger tubing disconnected, if the pressure difference is less than 1.00 kPa, inspect the scavenger tubing for kinks and replace as necessary. If no kinks or restrictions are noted, inspect the Scavenger Downtube (1407-3904-000) for restrictions, replace as necessary.
 - d. If the pressure gradient remains greater than 1.00 kPa, troubleshoot or replace the eVap.

7.15 Steps and Messages displayed during the System Checkout

Stage 1: Step 1: "Bag/Vent Switch" - Verify the Bag/Vent Switch is set correctly.

- · If the switch is set to Ventilator Mode continue with next step
- If the switch is set to Manual Mode, fail with "Wrong circuit selected".

Step 2: "02 Pressure" - Is 02 available and working.

- If O₂ Supply is adequate and mixer passes a mixer flow test of 250 ml/min of O₂ continue with the next step.
- If not fail with "Low O2 supply pressure" or with mixer failure.

Step 3: "Ventilator Drive Pressure" - Make sure ventilator has drive gas pressure:

- If drive gas pressure (as measured by the Manifold Pressure Transducer) continue with the next step.
- If no drive gas pressure, fail with "Ventilator has no drive gas".
- If all of the steps above pass, the ventilator will be commanded to flow 12 L/min (Software less than 3.20) or 18 L/min (Software equal to or greater than 3.20). Before selecting "Continue" on the next menu, "Make sure the bellows are fully collapsed" before you "Occlude the Patient Y".
- **Stage 2:** Step 1: "Verify the Bellows Empty" Check to make sure bellows is collapsed.
 - If Airway pressure increases to or above 30 cm H₂0 in 5 seconds fail the test with, "Can not empty bellows".
 - If not continue with next step.
 - Step 2: "Circuit Leak Test" Attempt to find the leak of the ventilator mode system.

If the Leak < 250 ml is set to No:

- Flow 1 I/min 02 until pressure increases to 20 cm H₂0.
- If pressure does not increase to 20 cm $\rm H_20$ within in 15 seconds, fail with "Cannot pressurize circuit". If it does reach 20 cm $\rm H_20$, change flow to 250 ml/min.
- If a flow of 250 ml/min reaches 30 cm H₂0 or greater, display "Circuit leak is less than 250 ml/min" and continue to next step. If it does not, increase flow up to 750 ml/min.
- If a flow of 750 ml/min that reaches 30 cm H₂0, continue to next step but indicate the "Ventilator circuit leak is between 250 ml/min and 750 ml/min".
- If the circuit pressure does not increase to 30 cm H20 with 750 ml/min flow, fail with "Ventilator circuit leak is greater than 750 ml/min".

If the Leak < 250 ml is set to Yes:

- Flow 1 I/min 02 until pressure increases to 20 cm H₂0.
- If pressure does not increase to 20 cm H₂0 within in 15 seconds, fail with "Cannot pressurize circuit". If it does reach 20 cm H₂0, change flow to 100 ml/min.
- If a flow of 100 ml/min reaches 30 cm H₂0 or greater, display "Circuit leak is less than 100 ml/min" and continue to next step. If it does not, gradually increase flow until pressure reaches 30 cm H₂0.
- If a flow is found that reaches 30 cm H20 and that flow is less than 750 ml/ min continue to next step but indicate that, "Ventilator circuit leak is ## ml/ min".
- If the circuit pressure does not increase to 30 cm H20 with 750 ml/min flow, fail with "Ventilator circuit leak is greater than 750 ml/min".
- Step 3: "Mechanical Ventilation" Tests the Mechanical Ventilation by delivering small Pressure Controlled breaths and look for alarms:
 - If alarm condition is detected it will be stated in final menu.
 - · Continue to next step.
- Step 4: "Circuit Compliance" Tests the circuit compliance by delivering small (15 cm H₂O) Pressure Controlled breaths, measures the circuit volume via the expiratory flow sensor, and looks for alarms:
 - If the measured volume is less than 15 ml (either due to small patient circuit or flow sensor issues) a "Check Flow Sensor" alarm may be generated that prohibit the calculation of circuit compliance, state that "Can not measure circuit compliance".
 - If alarms did not occur then calculate compliance and state, "Circuit Compliance YYY ml/ cm H20"
- Step 5: " O_2 Flow" Run the mixer tests on O_2 channel (Check gas supply and run a 3L and 10L flow delivery test and leak test:
 - If O2 pressure is low, fail with "Low O2 Supply pressure".
 - If mixer does not fail the 3L, 10L and the leak test, continue with the next step.
 - If mixer fails the 3L, 10L or the leak test, fail with the mixer failure.
- Step 6: "AIR Flow" Run the mixer tests on AIR channel (Check gas supply and run a 3L and 10L flow delivery test and leak test:
 - If O2 is drive gas and air supply is low, continue with next step and indicate, "Could not test air".
 - If Air is the drive gas and air supply is low, continue with next step and indicate, "Ventilator has not drive gas".
 - If mixer does not fail the 3L,10L and the leak test, continue with the next step.
 - If mixer fails the 3L,10L or the leak test, fail with the mixer failure.

- Step 7: " N_2O Flow" Run the mixer tests on N_2O channel (Check gas supply and run a 3L and 10L flow delivery test and leak test:
 - If N₂O is disabled, continue with next step.
 - If N_2O supply is low, continue with next step and indicate, "Could not test N_2O ".
 - If mixer does not fail the 3L,10L and the leak test, continue with the next step.
 - If mixer fails the 3L,10L or the leak test, fail with the mixer failure.
- Step 8: "Battery and Electrical" Are the AC/Mains connected and the battery charged?
 - If AC/Mains failed indicate, "Power cord disconnected. Using battery".
 - If Battery failed indicate, "Battery failure".
 - If Battery charging with 20 30 minutes available indicate, "Battery still charging."
 - If Battery charging with 10 20 minutes available indicate, "Battery still charging".
 - If battery charging with 0-10 minutes available indicate, "Battery still charging".
 - If battery fully charged, pass step.

Notes
8 Software Download and Special Functions

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8.1 Overview

This section covers the functions of the Compact Flash card used to download system software or to access logs (Special Functions) from the High Performance Display Unit.

To run the application, first set the system switch to Standby and set the AC Inlet power switch to Off. Insert the Compact Flash card into the interface slot of the display unit (behind left side door), then set the AC Inlet power switch and the system switch to On. The application will load and display the Main Menu along with the System Information page.

8.1.1 Main Menu and System Information

The Main Menu appears on the left-hand side of the screen and includes the following selections as shown in the table below:

Main Menu	Remarks
Software Download	Access to the Software Download function.
Special Functions	Access to logs from the Display Unit.

Note

You can not return to the Special Functions section of the CF application after entering the software download section. You must reboot the system to exit Software Download.

The System Information page appears on the right-hand side of the screen and displays the following system information as shown in the table below:

System Serial Number

ABCXXXXX

Main Menu	
Software Download	
Special Functions	

Aisys System Information				
Currently Installed				
Subsystem	HW Rev	Serial #	SW Ver	BootVer
Front Panel Cntl	n/a	n/a	XX.XX	XXaXX
Power Controller	XXXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	XX.XX	XX.XX
Electronic Mixer	XXXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	XX.XX	XX.XX
Vent Intface Bd	XXXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	XX.XX	XX.XX
Vaporizer	XXXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	XX.XX	XX.XX
Vap Flow Meter	XXXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	n/a	n/a
Vap Temp Sensor	XXXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	n/a	n/a
Anes Control Bd	XXXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	XX.XX	XX.XX
Dsply Unit BIOS	XXXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	XX.XX	n/a
Dsply Unit App	XXX/A/XXX	ABCXXXXX	XX.XX	n/a

8.2 Software Download

Selecting **Software Download** bring up the Software Download menu.

Software Download	Remarks
Download New	Downloads only new software versions not found on the system and compatible with installed subsystem hardware.
Download All	Downloads all software subsystems.

Note

You can not return to the Special Functions section of the CF application after entering the software download section. You must reboot the system to exit Software Download.

Since downloading all the subsystem software can take up to 30 minutes, you should normally choose "Download New" to install only the updated subsystem software or software required for newly installed subsystems.

System Serial Number ABCXXXXX

Software Download

Download New Download All Loading Aisys Product Software Version XX.XX

	Currently In	stalled	New	
Subsystem	HW Rev	SW Ver	SW Ver	Status
Front Panel Cntl	n/a	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Power Controller	XXXX/A/XXX	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Electronic Mixer	XXXX/A/XXX	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Vent Intface Bd	XXXX/A/XXX	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Vaporizer	XXXX/A/XXX	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Anes Control Bd	XXXX/A/XXX	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Dsply Unit BIOS	XXXX/A/XXX	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Dsply Unit App	XXX/A/XXX	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
ModBus Controllr	n/a	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Dsply Unit FontC	n/a	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx
Dsply Unit FontJ	n/a	XX.XX	XX.XX	Xxxxxxx

Notes about downloading software

If there is no Front Panel Control software installed in the system (as would be the case when the display units control board is replaced), the Service Application automatically downloads the Front Panel Controls software at startup. During the download the two display unit LEDs will flash and the display speaker will sound an alarm tone to indicate that Software Download is proceeding.

To ensure that all software versions on the system are compatible, the end result of "Download All" or "Download New" will be the same. The software loaded on the machine will exactly match what is on the card. Be sure to have the latest/correct version of software before attempting a download to avoid inadvertent overwrites of newer software with an older version.

If, during the "Download New" process, the compatibility checker detects a newer version of software component on the system, a "Notice" appears on the screen that asks you to confirm the downgrade.

"Download All" will download all compatible software from the card to the system without issuing a notice that newer version of software component may be on the system.

Download process	The Compact Flash card includes only the latest software for each subsystem along with the diagnostic application.		
	As each subsystem software segment is being downloaded, the following status messages note the state of each subsystem and the result of the download:		
	 In App - System is running its application code; not ready for download. Ready - System is in its boot code; ready for download. Loading - System is accepting download data. Done - Software download has completed successfully. Fail - Software download did not complete successfully. A "Fail" message will require reloading of the software; or repair of the system may be necessary. Skipped - Software download was bypassed. No Comm - The subsystem is not communicating with the HPDU. If the subsystem is communicating but the HW Rev or current SW Rev are not known, 		
	As the software loads, an activity bar at the bottom of the screen shows the download progress for each subsystem.		
Download complete	When all the required subsystem software is download, the following message appears on the screen. You must shut down the system to exit the download function.		
	Remove AC mains power. Turn on/standby switch to Standby. Then remove external CF card. Wait 20 seconds before restoring power to the system.		

Note After powering down the system, be sure to wait at least 20 seconds before restarting the system.

8.3 Special Functions

Selecting **Special Functions** on the Main Menu brings up the following menu selections in the left-hand frame:

	Special Functions		
	Display Diagnostics		
	Compatibility Table		
	System Download Log		
	CF Card Install Log		
	View Install Errors		
	-> Main Menu		
Display Diagnostics	Refer to section 8.3.1.		
Compatibility Table	The Compatibility Table lists the cur downloaded on to the system. In es in the Revision Log, which allows yo having to scroll to it.	rent software components that were last sence, it is the latest listing that appears u to view the current log directly without	
System Download Logs	Whenever a Software Download is completed, the specific software download is recorded in the System Download Log (<i>Refer to section 8.3.3</i>) that resides on the system (Display Unit) and in the CF Card Install Log that resides on the Compact Flash Card.		
CF Card Install Log	Selecting CF Card Install Log brings up the CF (CompactFlash) Card Install Log for the software download card. The log includes chronological entries for every Software Download that was completed with the card.		
View Install Errors	If Software Download detects an incompatible subsystem, an error message noting the incompatible subsystem is recorded on the CF card.		
	ERROR!! INCOMPATIBLE	SOFTWARE.	
	The software version on compatible with the inst	he CF card is not alled XXX subsystem.	
	Installed part #: (Stock N CF card part #: (Stock Nu	umber) (Rev X), swver XX.XX mber) (Rev X), swver XX.XX	
	Note: The Install Errors log includes two "screen dumps" for each occurrence		

Note: The Install Errors log includes two "screen dumps" for each occurrence of an error. The last "screen dump" includes the error message at the point where the incompatibility was detected. You can scroll up to the next "screen dump" in sequence to view the completed downloads.

8.3.1 Display Diagnostics

Special Functions
Display Diagnostics
Compatibility Table
System Download Log
CF Card Install Log
View Install Errors
-> Main Menu

Selecting **Display Diagnostics** brings up the Display Diagnostics menu.

Display Diagnostics		
Test LEDs	Board part #:	XXX-XXX-XXX B XXX
Test Speaker	Serial #:	ABCXXXXX
Test Backlight 1	BIOS Version:	XX.XX
loor Buokinght 1	FPC Version:	XX.XX
Test Backlight 2	MBC Version	Х
Test Soft Keys	MAC Address:	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX
Test Keys and Battery	Internal CF disk:	
Test LCD Pixels	Card geometry:	
	CPU Temperature = XX.X deg C	
-> Previous Menu	CPU Fan Speed = XXXX RPM	

Display Diagnostics	Action when selected		
Test LEDs	Selecting Test LEDs causes the red and yellow LEDS next to the Silence Alarms key to flash 5 times.		
Test Speaker	Selecting Test Speaker causes the speaker to sound for 2 seconds.		
Test Backlight 1	Selecting Test Backlight 1 turns backlight 2 off for 4 seconds. "If screen goes blank during test then a backlight is out."		
Test Backlight 2	Selecting Test Backlight 2 turns backlight 1 off for 4 seconds. "If screen goes blank during test then a backlight is out."		
Test Soft Keys	On the Test Soft Keys screen, pressing a softkey will cause a highlighted square to appear next to the soft key. A second press of the softkey removes the square.		
Test Keys and Battery	Refer to section 8.3.2.		
Test LCD Pixels	On the Test LCD Pixels screen, press the ComWheel to sequence through the color screens. The first press results in a "blank" screen.		
-> Previous Menu	Selecting Previous Menu returns to the Special Functions screen.		

8.3.2 Test Keys and Battery

Note: System Software version 3.X only includes the **Test Keys** function. System Software version 4.X includes the combined **Test Keys and Batery** function.

Selecting **Test Keys and Battery** brings up an expanded test keys screen which includes the battery test.

Display Diagnostics

Test LEDs

Test Speaker

Test Backlight 1

Test Backlight 2

Test Soft Keys

Test Keys and Battery

Test LCD Pixels

-> Previous Menu

Test Soft Keys and Battery

Press each softkey to display a box. Press again to clear it.

To start the battery test, shut off the AC mains. Then wait for the end of the 2-minute countdown. (You can test the keys while you wait.)

After turning off the AC main inlet switch, the test begins automatically in a few seconds.

Test Soft Keys and Battery Press each softkey to display a box. Press again to clear it. Countdown = XXX sec Battery 1 (right) = XX.XX Vdc Battery 2 (left) = XX.XX Vdc Battery Current = -X.XX A Battery test PASSED/FAILED Restore AC mains power.

Note If the Aisys system is operating under battery power, the test begins as soon as you make the **Test Keys and Battery** selection, bypassing the instructions.

8.3.3 System Download Log

Selecting **System Download Log** brings up the Revision Log for the system. The log includes chronological entries for every Software Download that was completed to the system.

Note: To view currently downloaded system software, scroll to last entry in log. Also, see Compatibility Table.

# System s/n ABCDXXXXX loaded by Download XXX on (day) (date) (time) # using HPDU Software Loader Ver XX.XX from card [XXXX] to [XXXX} # System Version XX XX				
Aisys FPC, *	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (# n/a) Front Panel CN		
Aisys PSC, (Stock Number) (RevX),	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (Serial #) Power Controll		
Aisys ACB, (Stock Number) (RevX),	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (Serial #) AnesControl B		
Aisvs VNT. (Stock Number) (RevX).	(Software Level). (File Na	ame) (Serial #) Vent Intface B		
Aisvs MXR. (Stock Number) (RevX).	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (Serial #) Electronic Mix		
Aisvs VAP. (Stock Number) (RevX).	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (Serial #) Vaporizer		
Aisys FMB. (Stock Number) (RevX).	(n/a).	(Serial #) Van Flow Meter		
Aisys CTS. (Stock Number) (RevX).	(n/a),	(Serial #) Vap Temp Senso		
Aisys DIIB. (Stock Number) (RevX).	(Software Level), (File N	ame) (Serial #) Dsnlv Unit BIO		
Aisys DUD, (Stock Number) (RevX),	(Software Level), (File N	ame) (Serial #) Deply Unit App		
Alaya MDO (n/a)	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (# m/a) MadBus Cantral		
AISYS WIBC, (II/a) ,	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (# n/a) woobus control		
Aisys MHB, (n/a) ,	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (# n/a) Dsply Unit Fon		
Aisys HGG, (n/a) ,	(Software Level), (File Na	ame) (Serial #) Dsply Unit Fon		

Note The Stock Number listed is for the board assembly and may not represent an orderable service item. Refer to the parts lists in Section 10 for service level stock numbers.

The Front Panel Control (FPC), Display Unit Application (DUA), the ModBus Control (MBC), the two font files (MHB and HGG) reside, along with the Display Unit BIOS (DUB), on the Display Unit CPU board.

9 Repair Procedures

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- **WARNING** To prevent fires:
 - Use lubricants approved for anesthesia or O₂ equipment, such as Krytox.
 - Do not use lubricants that contain oil or grease; they burn or explode in high O₂ concentrations.
 - All covers used on the system must be made from antistatic (conductive) materials. Static electricity can cause fires.
 - △ Obey infection control and safety procedures. Used equipment may contain blood and body fluids.
 - A movable part or a removable component may present a pinch or a crush hazard. Use care when moving or replacing system parts and components.
 - A Some internal parts have sharp edges and can cause cuts or abrasions. Use care when servicing internal components.
 - After repairs are completed, always perform the checkout procedure. Refer to Section 3 of this manual.
- **CAUTION** Electrostatic discharge through circuit boards may damage the components on them. Wear a static control wrist strap before touching the circuit boards. Handle all circuit boards by their non-conductive edges. Use anti-static containers when transporting them.

9.1 Circuit board replacement precautions

The Aisys anesthesia system has processors on several boards. On three of these boards, information such as the machine serial number and optional ventilation modes (PCV, SIMV, and PSVPro) are stored redundantly.

During power-up, the machine serial number and installed options information stored on the boards are compared. If one board differs, information from the two agreeing boards will be written to the new board. If three boards differ (in the case of two boards replaced) the system defaults to "NO OPTIONS" and default machine serial number.

To retain the installed options, install only one replacement board at a time.

If multiple boards are to be installed, install the first board, load software on the new board, and power-up the machine in normal mode. Repeat this procedure for each board installation.

The following table lists the actions required after replacing printed circuit boards:

Board Name (Short Name)	Required Action After Installation	
Display Unit CPU (DU CPU)	Load Software (see Note). Check / Re-Configure Machine Configurations. Affix the new Key Code and Board ID Label to Vent Casting. Preoperative Checkout.	
Anesthesia Control Board (ACB)	Load Software. Check / Re-Configure Machine Configurations. User Calibrations (O2 Cell, Flow Sensor, etc.). Gas Transducer Zero. All Ventilator Calibrations. Preoperative Checkout.	
Power Controller (PCB)	Load Software. Preoperative Checkout.	
Ventilator Interface Board (VIB)	Load Software. User Calibrations (O2 Cell, Flow Sensor, etc.). All Ventilator Calibrations. Preoperative Checkout.	
Electronic Mixer (Mixer)	Load Software. Zero Mixer Pressure Sensors. Preoperative Checkout.	
Agent Delivery Board (ADB)	Load Software. Do Agent Delivery test with Test Cassette (Section 3.3.6). Preoperative Checkout.	
All Others	Preoperative Checkout.	
Note : Flash software starts loading immediately when the Download Application first boots. Do not interrupt the Flash download. Allow the download to complete before proceeding.		

9.2 How to bleed gas pressure from the machine

Before disconnecting pneumatic fittings, bleed all gas pressure from the machine.

- 1. Close all cylinder valves and disconnect all pipeline supplies from the source.
- 2. Set the system switch to On.
- 3. Ensure that all cylinder and pipeline pressures read zero.
- 4. Establish a flow for the affected gas to bleed down the pressure.
- 5. Set the system switch to Standby.

9.3 How to remove the rear panels

To access components in the upper electronic enclosure from the rear of the machine, you must remove the rear cosmetic panel and an inner enclosure cover.

To access components in the lower electronics enclosure, you must remove the lower access panel.

9.3.1 To remove the rear upper panels

- 1. Bleed all gas pressure from the machine (Section 9.2).
- 2. Ensure that all cylinder and pipeline pressures read zero before proceeding.
- 3. Disconnect all electrical cables.
- 4. To remove the rear cosmetic panel, fully loosen the five captive screws that hold the panel in place. Remove the panel.
- 5. To remove the inner access panel, remove the 18 mounting screw around the periphery of the panel. Disconnect the fan cable to remove the panel.

9.3.2 To remove the lower access panels

- 1. Disconnect the power cord from the AC mains supply.
- 2. Bleed all gas pressure from the machine (Section 9.2).
- 3. Ensure that all cylinder and pipeline pressures read zero before proceeding.
- 4. If present, remove the inboard cylinders.
- 5. To remove the lower access panel, remove the 11 mounting screws around the periphery of the panel.
- 6. Loosen the thumbscrew (A) at the top edge of the panel to remove it.





9.4 How to remove the tabletop

The tabletop is held in place with four captive screws along the periphery of the pan assembly (accessed from below the rim of the tabletop).

- Two screws (A) are at the front of the tabletop: one screw is at the right corner of the tabletop, one is near the O_2 Flush button.
- To access the remaining two screws (**B**), you must remove the ABS: one screw is at the left corner of the tabletop, one is near the APL Valve.



9.5 Servicing the pan electrical enclosure components



The pan electrical enclosure includes the following components (Section 10.8):

- the Electronic Gas Mixer assembly
- the Ventilator Interface board
- the Filter board
- the Pan Connector board
- O₂ Flush Regulator

To replace these components, remove the tabletop (Section 9.4) and the pan enclosure cover. Access to some of these components require further disassembly for replacement.

9.5.1 Ventilator Interface board

- 1. Disconnect the white and black inline tubing fittings from the Inspiratory pressure transducer (**A**).
- 2. Disconnect the blue and yellow inline tubing fittings from the Expiratory pressure transducer (**B**).
- 3. Disconnect the white inline tube fitting from the Manifold pressure transducer and the black inline tube fitting from the Airway pressure transducer (**C**).



- 4. Disconnect the harness from the Filter board (D).
- 5. Disconnect the harness from the Pan Connector board (E).
- 6. Remove the four mounting screws, one at each corner, that hold the board to the enclosure.
- 7. To replace the Ventilator Interface board, reassemble in reverse order.
 - Ensure that the tubing fittings are connected to like color fittings and that the tubing will not kink when the cover is replaced.
- 8. Load Software.
- 9. Perform User Calibrations (Section 4.5.2).

10.Perform all Ventilator Calibrations (Section 5.4).

9.5.2 Electronic Gas Mixer assembly

- The following procedure describes how to replace the Electronic Gas Mixer assembly.
- 1. Bleed all gas pressure from the machine (Section 9.2).
- 2. Ensure that all cylinder and pipeline pressures read zero before proceeding.
- 3. Loosen the mounting screws and move the dashboard to the service position (Section 9.6).
- 4. Disconnect the inlet tubing or fittings from the manifold. If the machine does not include N_2O , transfer the plug from the N_2O inlet to the replacement assembly.
- 5. Disconnect the tubing from the elbow outlet fitting (A).



- 6. Disconnect the ribbon cable from the Pan Connector board (B).
- 7. Disconnect the fan harness (C).
- 8. Remove the two screws (**D**) that hold the manifold to the enclosure.
- 9. Remove the mounting screw (E) at the front edge of the main circuit board.
- 10. Temporarily remove the Ventilator Interface board to provide clearance to slide the mixer forward and out of the pan enclosure.
- 11. Replace the Electronic Gas Mixer assembly and reassemble the removed components in reverse order.
- 12. Load Software.
- 13. Zero Mixer Pressure Transducers (Section 4.5.10).

9.6 How to access dashboard components

- 1. Bleed all gas pressure from the machine (Section 9.2).
- 2. Ensure that all cylinder and pipeline pressures read zero before proceeding.
- 3. Remove the tabletop (Section 9.4).
- 4. Remove the upper bezel located above the dashboard.
- 5. Loosen 10 captive dashboard mounting screws and move the dashboard forward to the stop position.



CAUTION When replacing the dashboard back into the machine, take care not to trap, kink, or snag any tubing or wiring harnesses.

9.7 Replace electronic vaporizer and components

- 1. Move the dashboard forward to the service position (Section 9.6).
- 2. Lift the assembly slightly to release the hanging pin from the rail.



- 3. Position the dashboard so that the eVap support bracket (A) rests on the edge of the chassis and the bottom edge of the dashboard (B) straddles the pan electronic enclosure.
- 4. In the forward position, the following eVap components can be replaced without removing the eVap from the machine. Refer to the following sections for details.
 - · Flowmeter subassembly
 - Flowmeter inflow and outflow zero valves
 - · Manifold temperature sensor board
 - Agent delivery board
 - · Cassette interface board
- 5. To replace the eVap, or components not mentioned above, remove the eVap from the machine as detailed in the following section.

9.7.1 Remove the electronic vaporizer

 If the eVap is equipped with bulkhead fittings on the eVap support bracket, disconnect the inlet, outlet, and scavenging tubing from the bulkhead fittings. Remove the suction tubing connectors (if equipped) from the clips on the bottom of the eVap support bracket.



If the eVap is not equipped with bulkhead fittings, disconnect the tubing directly from the inlet, outlet, and the scavenging ports of the eVap.

- 2. Disconnect the pan connector harness (A) from the Agent Delivery board.
- 3. Clip the tie-wrap holding the pan connector harness to the eVap support bracket.
- 4. Remove the six screws (B) holding the eVap to the dashboard.



- 5. **Note**: The eVap assembly weighs approximately 5 kg (11 lb). Most of the weight of the eVap is at the rear.
- **CAUTION** When handling the eVap, be careful not to damage the Flow Control Valve at the back of the flowmeter block.
 - 6. To remove the eVap:
 - Firmly take hold of the eVap at the rear with one hand without touching any boards.
 - Support the front of the eVap with the other hand.
 - Raise the rear of the eVap tilting the dashboard forward.
 - When clear, remove the eVap from the machine.

9.7.2 Replacing eVap components

Do not remove any components on the eVap flowmeter subassembly that are fastened with Torx head fasteners. The components are not serviceable items.

Most components can be replaced by disconnecting associated wiring, removing mounting hardware and remounting the replacement component in place. Where applicable, note the additional comments for specific components detailed below.

Cassette Interface board (A)

- Disconnect jumper cable (1).
- Remove retaining bracket (2).
- Remove mounting screws or nuts and washers (3).
 When replacing boards with nuts, tighten the nuts by hand, then torque to 0.6 Nm.
 Do not overtighten!
- Be careful not to bend fingers.

Agent Delivery board (B)

- Remove cover if installed.
- Remove the cassette interface board retaining bracket and jumper cable as above.
- Disconnect harnesses and ribbon cables.
- Remove mounting screws/standoffs (circled).
- Raise the rear edge of the board to free it from the assembly.

Manifold Temperature Sensor board (C)

 The bottom of the board includes two thermistors that contact a thermal transfer pad. When removing the board, ensure that the pad remains with the manifold. If required, reposition the pad before replacing the board.

Cassette Temperature subassembly (D)

• Do not overtighten the mounting screws. Tighten the screws until just snug.

Flow Control valve (E)

Inspect o-rings; replace as necessary.

Inflow/Outflow zero valves (F)

- Inspect gasket; replace as necessary.
- Be sure gasket is fully seated in cavity before installation.

Inflow/Outflow/Scavenging solenoid valves (G)

 Apply thin coat of silicone sealant (Refer to section 10.1.4) to the threads of the mounting post (3) after mounting the solenoid but before securing the thumb nut (4). Install washer (5) with dome facing outward (toward nut). The raised surface of the thumb nut should bear on the washer.





Access mechanical connector valves (H)

You can access the connector valves by removing the flowmeter and valve block subassemblies from the cassette bay as a unit.

- Disconnect harnesses and ribbon cables from the agent delivery board.
- If applicable, disconnect the tubing from the inlet, outlet, and the scavenging ports of the eVap.
- Remove the top two screws (6) and middle two screws (7) from inside the cassette bay to release the flowmeter and valve block subassemblies.





Replace connector valve assembly

- Place a spring (8) and alignment bushing (9) into the valve block.
- Insert a spring energized seal (10) into the insertion tool (spring surface facing out).
- Position the insertion tool into the valve cavity.
- Press the seal in place to retain the spring.
- Position the connector valve (11) into the valve block cavity. (*Note: Pressing the connector valve in too far will cause the seal to be ejected by the spring.*)



Replace the relief valve

- Hold the backpressure plug (11) with non-marring pliers while turning the relief valve (12) counterclockwise to remove it.
- If you are replacing the relief valve and the backpressure valve (13), remove the relief valve and the backpressure plug as a unit before replacing the relief valve.

Replace the backpressure valve

- Loosen the mounting screw (14).
- Pull on the backpressure plug as you continue to loosen the mounting screw until both the screw and plug come loose.
- Use an angled probe to grab the backpressure valve (13) and pull it out of the manifold. (If the machine is on, hold a hand over the backpressure valve bore and push the alternate O_2 button; the backpressure valve may pop out. Push the alternate O_2 button again to disable flow.)
- Inspect and replace the plug o-ring if required.
- Insert the backpressure valve into the manifold; note the direction (flow arrow should point out of the manifold).
- Using only a finger, push the backpressure valve into the bore.
- Position the plug assembly and the mounting screw together in place.
- Tighten the mounting screw while pushing down on the plug assembly until it is fully seated.

To replace the Flowmeter subassembly

• Refer to the Installation Instructions included in the Flowmeter Subassembly Kit.

Replace the inflow check valve assembly

• Refer to the Installation Instructions included in the Inflow Check Valve Assembly Kit.

To replace the valve block subassembly

• Refer to the Installation Instructions included in the Valve Block Subassembly Kit.









9.8 Servicing Aladin₂ cassettes

Before service or returning a cassette to the manufacturer, make sure that the cassette is empty. All Aladin₂ cassettes must be emptied before shipping. Package and ship the cassettes in a suitable container.



9.8.1 Emptying an Aladin₂ cassette

- 1. Connect an empty bottle to the filling system and hold it tight.
- 2. Turn the Aladin₂ cassette so that agent flows into the bottle and wait until the cassette is empty.



- 3. To get the maximum amount of agent out, rock the cassette from left to right and tip it forward and back several times.
- 4. Remove the bottle before returning the cassette to the horizontal position.

Note

9.8.2 Aladin₂ cassette parts replacement

You can replace the handle assembly (**Item 1**) and the o-ring (**Item 2**) for the filler cap without disassembly. To prevent scratching the cap sealing surface, use caution when removing the o-ring.



For the remaining components, follow the outlined sequence to access the individual components.

- 1. Ensure that the cassette is empty of agent (refer to Section 9.8.1).
- 2. Remove the handle assembly.
- 3. For non-DES cassettes, remove the filler cap.
- 4. Turn the cassette over and remove the bottom plate (Item 3).
 - Note that the DES cassette does not use a bottom plate.



5. Remove the label (Item 4) to access the mounting screw (Item 5) for the mask.





- 6. To replace the Agent Cassette board (Item 6) remove the two mounting screws.
 - For a non-DES cassette, use a2.5-mm hex wrench to remove the mounting screws (Item 7).
 - For a DES cassette,

use a 5.5-mm socket to remove the fully exposed mounting screw (**Item 8**). To remove the screw under the filler assembly (**Item 9**), use a 5.5-mm open end wrench or a small size adjustable open end wrench to loosen the screw to the point where you can spin it out with your fingers. When mounting the board, ensure that you include the insulating washer under the screw head to prevent board damage when tightening this fastener. Place the hardware into the board mounting hole prior to positioning the board on the DES cassette.



- 7. Note that the ribbon cable attached to the Agent Cassette board uses a **ZIF** (zero insertion force) connector; pull tabs toward ribbon cable to release (push down after inserting cable). The conductors on the ribbon cable face the top of cassette.
 - Cassettes without enhanced temperature sensing do not include this ribbon cable.







ZIF

8. When replacing the sight glass (**Item 10**), orient it so that the rounded edge is facing down. Ensure that the two o-rings (**Item 11**) are seated in the sight glass before tightening the mounting screws.



- 9. When replacing the filler cap, thread the cord through the hole in the mask and tie a knot so that **at least 95 mm** of cord remains external.
- 10. When replacing the label (Item 12), be sure to align the top of the label with the top edge of the recess in the mask. Be careful to apply the correct label with regards to whether the cassette has an enhanced temperature sensor or not.



11. When reattaching the mask, be sure that the contact retainer (Item 13) engages the slot in the mask.



9.9 Replace Alt O₂ components

1. Move the dashboard forward to the service position (Section 9.6).



Alt 0 ₂ Flowmeter (A)	Disconnect the tubing from the flowmeter. Remove the four screws that hold the flowmeter mounting bracket to the dashboard. Transfer the mounting bracket to the new flowmeter.
Needle Valve Assembly (B)	Loosen the set screw that holds the knob to the needle valve; remove knob. Disconnect the tubing from the needle valve assembly. Remove the three screws that hold the needle valve assembly to the dashboard. Transfer the mounting plate to the new needle valve assembly.
Alt 0 ₂ Switch (C)	Disconnect the switch harness. When replacing the switch, face the tab on the washer toward the switch body (tab not used for positioning).

9.10 Replace system switch assembly



1. Move the dashboard forward to the service position (Section 9.6).

- 2. Disconnect the wires from the electrical switch.
- 3. Back out the system switch mounting screws just enough to allow the knob collar to be released.
- 4. While holding the switch assembly, push in the knob and turn it counterclockwise.
- 5. Pull the knob and collar out from the front and remove the switch assembly.

- 6. Install the replacement switch assembly:
 - a. Transfer the 8-mm plugs from the old system switch to the new system switch on the pneumatic module (pull on the plug to ensure that it is locked into the module).
 - b. Turn back the system switch mounting screws until their tips recede.
 - c. Orient the switch assembly with the plugged fittings toward the left (facing the back of the dashboard).
 - d. Install the switch assembly through the dashboard.
 - e. Push the knob collar in with the indicator up and turn it clockwise until it locks.
 - f. Tighten the mounting screws. Make sure that the top edge of the switch assembly is parallel to the top edge of the dashboard.
 - g. Loosen the two screws on the electrical module.
 - h. Insert the wires in the electrical module and tighten the screws.
 - i. Pull the wires on the electrical module to ensure that there is a good connection.
 - j. Transfer the tubing from the old system switch to the new system switch on the pneumatic module (pull on the tubing to ensure that it is locked into the module).



0₂ Out (Port 4) to Electronic Mixer

0₂ In (Port 3) from Alt 0₂ Flow Control

- 7. Test the replacement switch assembly:
 - a. Connect an O_2 supply.
 - b. Connect the power cable to an electrical outlet.
 - c. Set the system switch to On.
 - d. Make sure that the display comes On.
 - e. Select Alt O₂ flow.
 - f. Increase the Alt O₂ flow. Make sure that gas flows.
 - g. Make sure that you do not feel or hear any leaks.
 - h. Set the system switch to Standby.
 - i. Make sure all gas flow stops and the display turns Off.
- 8. Reinstall the dashboard, the upper cosmetic panel, and the tabletop.
- 9. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

9.11 Servicing the High Performance Display Unit





The item numbers appearing in parenthesis in this section refer to items in the parts list in Section 10.41.

The fan filter (26) and the access door (3) to the Compact Flash interface can be replaced with the Display Unit in place.

To replace the filter, slide the filter capsule (25) downward to remove it from the Display Unit.



To service other components of the Display Unit, you must first remove the Display Unit from the machine.

9.11.1 Remove the Display Unit

The Display Unit is mounted to the wrist assembly on the display arm. It is held in place with four screws.

- 1. Disconnect the cables from the Display Unit.
- 2. Before removing the display, move the display arm to its highest position.
- 3. Remove the DU from the display arm.
 - If the DU is the only display, it is mounted to a counterweight that is attached to the wrist assembly. Remove the four screws that hold the DU to the counterweight.





 If the display arm also supports an optional monitor display, the DU is attached to a vertical or horizontal mounting plate through four keyhole slots. Loosen the four screws that hold the DU to the mounting plate.



9.11.2 Disassemble the Display Unit

- Place the Display Unit face down on an anti-static pad.
- 1. Loosen (L) the four captive screws at each corner of the rear enclosure.
 - 2. Lift the rear enclosure slightly and pivot it away from the lower enclosure at the bottom side of the Display Unit.





At this point, you can replace the following items (The item numbers refer to the parts list in Section 10.41):

- the internal Compact Flash card (27)
- the external Compact Flash Kit (28)
- the fan (24) for the HPDU this is a 12-volt fan
- the connector panel assembly (21)
- the encoder assembly (12)
- the **battery** (5)
- the **speaker** (20) (To access the mounting screws for the speaker, you must first remove the ten screws that hold the mounting plate to the front enclosure so that you can raise the bottom edge of the assembly slightly Refer to section 9.11.5.)
- the rear enclosure (1) You can transfer the captive screws to the new enclosure. However, the gasket (2) is held in place with adhesive. When replacing the rear enclosure, also include a new gasket.

To replace the remaining items requires further disassembly.

CAUTION: Do not remove the heatsink from the CPU board.

9.11.3 CPU Fan

- 1. Note the orientation of the fan harness. Disconnect the fan harness from the CPU board.
- 2. Remove the fan (29) from the CPU heatsink, leaving the heatsink in place.
- 3. Remove the heatsink (discard) from the replacement fan assembly.
- 4. Noting the orientation of the fan harness, secure the fan to the CPU heatsink.
- 5. Connect the fan harness to the CPU board.

- 9.11.4 To replace the CPU board
- 1. Remove the **connector panel assembly** (21) two screws.
- 2. Disconnect the following cables:
 - Inverter harnesses (A)
 - Right membrane switch flex-cable at ZIF (zero insertion force) connector (B)
 - Speaker cable (C)
 - Encoder assembly cable (D)
 - Lower membrane switch flex-cable at ZIF (zero insertion force) connector (E)
 - Fan cable (F)
 - LCD cable (G)
 - Left membrane switch flex-cable at ZIF (zero insertion force) connector (H)



- 3. Remove the remaining four screws (I) that hold the CPU board to the mounting plate.
- 4. Remove the CPU board from the mounting plate.
- 5. Transfer the battery (5) to the new CPU board.
- 6. Reassemble in reverse order.
- 7. Download the latest software (Section 8.2).
- 8. Reconfigure the Machine Configurations (Install/Setups).
- 9. Affix a new Key Code and Board ID label to the display's rear enclosure.

9.11.5 To replace the LCD display

- 1. Disconnect the following cables:
 - Right membrane switch flex-cable at ZIF (zero insertion force) connector (A)
 - Encoder assembly cable (B)
 - Lower membrane switch flex-cable at ZIF (zero insertion force) connector (C)
 - Fan cable (**D**)
 - LCD cable (E)
 - Left membrane switch flex-cable at ZIF (zero insertion force) connector (F)
- 2. Remove the ten screws (circled) that hold the mounting plate to the front enclosure.



- 3. Remove the mounting plate assembly from the front enclosure.
- 4. Disconnect the backlight harnesses (\mathbf{G}) from the inverter boards.
- 5. Slide the grommet (H) out of the mounting plate slot (transfer to new LCD).

6. Remove the four screws (circled) that hold the LCD to the mounting plate.



- 7. Lift the left side of the LCD display slightly away from the mounting plate to pull some of the display ribbon cable (I) to the top side of the plate. Flip the LCD over to the left of the assembly.
- 8. Disconnect the display ribbon cable (J).



9. Reassemble in reverse order.

Note: When replacing the LCD, pull the excess ribbon cable to the bottom side of the plate as you lower the LCD on to the plate. For the backlight harness grommet (**H**), ensure that the slit in the grommet faces toward the inside of the keyhole.

Aisys

9.11.6 To replace the backlights

Note: When replacing a backlight or a backlight inverter, you must replace both inverters and the backlight assembly found in the Backlight Kit. The backlight replacement kit includes a backlight assembly (with two backlights) and two inverters with mounting hardware. To replace the backlight assembly follow the procedure in Section 9.11.5 to gain access to the assembly. To replace the inverters, follow the procedure in the next section.

- 1. Remove the one screw (K) that holds the backlight assembly to the LCD.
- 2. Slide the backlight assembly to the left to free it from the retaining tabs and then lift it out of the holder.



- 3. Transfer the grommet (**H**) to the new backlight assembly.
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order.

9.11.7 To replace the Inverters

Note: When replacing a backlight or a backlight inverter, you must replace both inverters and the backlight assembly found in the Backlight Kit. The Display Unit includes two inverters (one for each backlight).

The inverters "sandwich" the mounting plate and use it as a heatsink. Follow the procedure in Section 9.11.5 to gain access to the inverters. Replace one inverter at a time.

- 1. Disconnect the backlight cable (A) from the inverter.
- 2. Remove the two Nylon screws (B) that hold the inverter to the backplate.
- 3. Slide the inverter out of the sleeve and disconnect it from the CPU harness (C).
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order.

The "front" inverter


The "rear" inverter



9.11.8 To replace the front enclosure or components

Disassemble the Display Unit following procedures in the previous sections to the point where you have removed the mounting plate assembly from the front enclosure.

If you are replacing the front enclosure, you can transfer the encoder (12) assembly to the new enclosure; but, you must build up the replacement enclosure with:

- a new window (11)
- new membrane switches right-side (14), lower (15), left-side (16)
- new keypads right-side (17), lower (18), left-side (19)
- new EMC gasket (10)

If you are replacing a keypad or a membrane switch, you must replace both items.



To replace the window

- 1. Place the front enclosure face up on a flat surface.
- 2. Press down on one corner of the window to free it from the enclosure.
- 3. Work your way around the window until you can get a hold of it from the back.
- 4. Slowly pry the window from the enclosure.
- 5. Place the front enclosure face down on a flat surface, taking care not to damage the encoder.
- 6. Remove any remaining residue from the mounting area; clean with isopropyl alcohol.
- 7. Remove the inside protective material from the front of the window.
- 8. Peel the front outside frame of the release liner.
- 9. Lower the window straight down in the enclose, noting the notch in the window and the matching nub on the enclosure.
- 10. Before seating the window, position it in contact with the bottom and right sides of the frame (see arrows) so that the larger gap between the window and the enclosure is at the top and left edges (as viewed from behind).
- 11. Remove the protective film from the back side of the window.

To replace a membrane switch and keypad

- 1. Remove the screw that attaches the grounding strap to the enclosure.
- 2. Pry the membrane switch and keypad from the enclosure.
- 3. Remove any remaining residue from the mounting area; clean with isopropyl alcohol.
- 4. Remove the backing from the membrane. Be sure to remove the small backing below the flex cable. Be careful not to allow the ribbon cable to adhere to the backing.



5. Insert the flex cable and ground strap through the slot in the enclosure. Ensure that all of the ground strap passes through the slot an does not remain folded over under the membrane.



- 6. Carefully lower the membrane straight down to the enclosure. Seat the membrane in place.
- 7. Remove the backing from the keypad and install it over the membrane switches.
- 8. Attach the ground strap to the enclosure.

To install the EMI gasket

To fully seal the Display Unit enclosure, you will need approximately 2.3 meters of EMC gasket (10). Cut the gasket into five strips shown below.

Insert a continuous length of gasket in the outside grove of the enclosure (sparingly apply "Super Glue Gel" to the channels near the corners before installing the gasket).

Insert individual lengths of gasket in the inside grove around the window (sparingly apply "Super Glue Gel" to the channels near the corners before installing the gasket).



9.12 Servicing the lower electrical enclosure components

The lower electrical enclosure includes the following components (Section 10.7):

- the Power Controller board
- the universal Power Supply
- the Anesthesia Control board
- the Display Connector board
- the backup batteries and the lower enclosure fans.

To replace these components, remove the access panel at the rear of the machine (Section 9.3).

9.12.1 Power Controller board

- 1. Disconnect the cables coming from the following components:
 - the Display Connector board (A),
 - the Anesthesia Control board (B),
 - the batteries (C),
 - the fans (D),
 - the power supply (E) and (F).
 - the auxiliary connector board (G), if present.



- Remove the four screws (circled) that hold the Power Controller to the mounting plate.
- 3. Loosen the two screws (arrows) at the top edge of the Power Controller.
- 4. Lift the Power Controller slightly to release it from the keyhole slots.
- 5. To replace the Power Controller board, reassemble in reverse order.
- 6. Load Software.

9.12.2 Power Supply

The power supply is secured to the mounting plate with hardware from the back side of the plate. To replace the power supply, you must remove the plate assembly (power supply and controller board) from the electrical enclosure.

- 1. Disconnect the cables from the power controller board as described in the previous section.
- 2. Also disconnect the AC power input harness (H) from the power supply.



- 3. Loosen the four screws (arrows) at each corner of the mounting plate.
- 4. Lift the assembly slightly to release it from the keyhole slots.
- 5. Note that the assembly is still attached to a ground wire at the lower right-hand corner of the mounting plate.
- 6. Lower the assembly to a convenient position and replace the power supply.
- 7. Transfer the power supply output harness to the new power supply.
- 8. Reassemble in reverse order.

9.12.3 Anesthesia Control board

To replace the Anesthesia Control board, first remove the Power Supply/Power Controller board assembly (Section 9.12.2). Then, follow the procedure below:

- 1. Disconnect the cables coming from the following components:
 - the large ribbon cable from the Pan Connector board (A),
 - the harness from the Display Connector board (B),
 - the small ribbon cable from the Display Connector board (C),
 - the harness from the Power Controller board (D),
 - the harness from the Pan Connector board (E).



- 2. Loosen the six screws (**circled**) that hold the Anesthesia Control board to the enclosure.
- 3. Lift the Anesthesia Control board slightly to release it from the keyhole slots.
- 4. To replace the Anesthesia Control board, reassemble in reverse order.
- 5. Load Software.
- 6. Check/Reconfigure the Machine Configurations (Install/Setups).
- 7. Perform User Calibrations (Section 4.5.2).
- 8. Zero Gas Transducers (Section 4.5.8).
- 9. Perform all Ventilator Calibrations (Section 5.4).

9.12.4 Backup To remove the batteries

batteries

- 1. Loosen the two screws (circled) that hold the battery retainer to the enclosure.
 - 2. Remove the retainer.
 - 3. Disconnect the flex-cable from the Power Controller board (A).





- 4. Remove both batteries simultaneously as a unit from the machine.
- To avoid damaging the flex-cable, handle it with care. Support both batteries to avoid tearing the flex-cable.

To replace the batteries

1. Transfer the flex-cable to the new batteries.



- 2. To replace the batteries, reassemble in reverse order
- 3. Allow the batteries to charge.
- 4. Recycle old batteries in same packaging according to local requirements.

9.13 Servicing the Vent Engine



The Vent Engine is found in a housing located below the breathing system bellows assembly.

The Vent Engine includes the following subassemblies.

- Vent Engine Connector board (1)
- Gas Inlet Valve Assembly (2)
- Inlet Filter (3) located under the gas inlet valve
- Inlet Valve Solenoid (4)
- Drive Gas Regulator (5)
- Flow Control Valve (6)
- Reservoir (7)
- Drive Gas Check Valve (8)
- Interface Manifold (9)

To replace any of the Vent Engine components, you must first remove the Vent Engine from the housing (refer to Section 9.13.1).



9.13.1 To remove the Vent Engine

- 1. Disconnect pipeline supplies; close cylinder valves; bleed off pressure.
- 2. Remove the ABS breathing system.
- 3. Remove the Exhalation valve.
- 4. Remove the scavenging downtube.
- 5. Loosen the five captive screws (**A**) that hold the Vent Engine cover to the housing. Raise the cover to access the Vent Engine.





- 6. Disconnect the Vent Engine harness (B).
- 7. Disconnect the white tube-coupler (**C**) inline with tube to manifold pressure transducer on the Ventilator Interface Board.
- 8. If present, disconnect the black tube-coupler (**D**), inline with tube to AGSS flow indicator.
- 9. Disconnect the drive gas hose (E).
- 10. Loosen the three captive screws (F) that hold the engine manifold to the housing.
- 11. Lift the Vent Engine out of the housing.
- 12. To replace the Vent Engine, reassemble in reverse order.

9.13.2 Replacing Vent Engine components

Refer to Section 6 for Vent Engine components that are to be serviced under regular maintenance. Most of the components on the Vent Engine can be replaced by removing the mounting screws and reusing them to secure the replacement part.



ng Lubricate items marked with an asterisk (*) sparingly with Krytox.

9.13.3 Replacing GIV components



- 1. Remove the retaining ring (A) and the GIV cap (B).
- 2. Use pneumatic pressure to remove the shuttle. Cover the shuttle with a cloth and briefly apply pressure (connect the drive gas hose or use pipeline pressure) through the drive gas inlet.
- 3. Remove the upper o-ring (C) and the lower o-rings (D).
- 4. Install the lower o-ring (**D***).
- 5. Lubricate the shuttle (**E**) at the three areas (*) shown: the circumference of the shuttle where the upper and lower u-cup seals are placed and the body part of the shuttle that slides along the lower o-ring.
- 6. Install the lower u-cup seal (F*) and the upper u-cup seal (G*) on the shuttle.
- 7. Press the shuttle assembly into the GIV manifold.
- 8. Install the upper o-ring (**C***).
- 9. Install the cap (**B**) and the retaining ring (**A**).
- 10. Reassemble in reverse order.

9.14 Servicing the pipeline inlet manifold components

The pipeline inlet filter and the inlet check valve can be replaced without removing the pipeline manifold from the machine. To replace the pressure transducer, you have to remove the manifold.

9.14.1 Replace pipeline inlet filter

- 1. Remove the pipeline inlet fitting.
- 2. Pull the pipeline inlet filter out of the fitting. The o-ring should come out with the filter.



3. Install the new pipeline inlet filter in the pipeline inlet fitting. The new filter comes with an o-ring.

9.14.2 Replace pipeline inlet check valve

- 1. Remove the rear panel (Section 9.3).
- 2. Remove the pipeline inlet fitting.
- 3. The Air and O_2 pipeline manifolds include a drive gas connection at the back of the manifold. Remove the drive gas tube or plug to access the check valve.
- 4. From the back of the pipeline manifold, use a thin tool to push out the check valve. (For an N_2O manifold, you will have to carefully apply pressure at the outlet of the manifold with a syringe for example to gently force the check valve out of the manifold).



5. Push the new check valve into the opening, using the same thin tool. The new check valve includes an o-ring — orient it toward the pipeline inlet. **Note:** Make sure to push the new check valve all the way back into the opening until it bottoms out on the shoulder.



6. Install the pipeline inlet fitting.

9.14.3 Replace the inlet manifold

- 1. Remove the rear panel (Section 9.3).
- 2. Disconnect the tubing from the manifold outlet(s).
- 3. Disconnect the transducer harness.
- 4. Remove the two screw that hold the manifold to the side extrution.



- 5. Transfer the following items to the replacement manifold or install new as required.
 - pipeline check valve (1)
 - inlet filter (2)
 - inlet fitting (3) and o-ring (4)
 - relief valve (5)
- 6. Transfer the pressure transducer to the new supply (Section 9.16).
 - Ensure the o-ring is in place.
 - Install the transducer.
- 7. To reassemble, perform the previous steps in reverse order.
- 8. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

9.15 Service the cylinder supply modules

A WARNING	Be careful not to expose internal components to grease or oil (except Krytox or equivalent).		
9.15.1 Tightening procedure for high-pressure	The regulator for an outboard cylinder supply is connected to the high pressure hose assembly through a copper tube with fittings at both ends. Use the following tightening procedure whenever you are replacing the regulator or the high pressure hose assembly.		
tube intiligs	1. Insert the tubing into the fitting until the ferrule seats in the fitting.		
	2. Tighten the nut by hand.		
	3. Continue tightening the nut with a wrench until it reaches the original position (about $1/4$ turn). You will feel an increase in resistance at the original position.		
	4. After reaching the original position, tighten the nut just slightly.		
Note	If you are installing a new tube that has not been tightened before, tighten the nut with a wrench an additional 3/4 of a turn after the nut is finger tight.		
9.15.2 Replace	1. Bleed all gas pressure from the machine (Section 9.2).		
primary regulator	2. Ensure that all cylinder and pipeline pressures are at zero before proceeding.		
module (complete replacement)	3. Remove the rear upper panels (Section 9.3.1).		
	4. Disconnect the output tube fitting (A).		
	5. Cut the cable ties (B) that hold the looped cable to the transducer body.		
	6. Remove the three mounting screws (c) and lockwashers.		
	7. Remove the elbow fitting from the replacement gas supply.		
	8. Transfer the pressure transducer (and elbow fitting, if present) to the new supply (Section 9.16).		
	Remove any teflon tape remnants from the transducer mounting threads (transducer and module).		
	• Apply 1-1/4 turns of new teflon tape around the treads. Verify that the first few		

- Apply 1-1/4 turns of new teflon tape around the treads. Verify that the first few threads are free of tape.
- Install the transducer.
- Replace the cable ties.

- 9. To reassemble, perform the previous steps in reverse order.
 - Pull on the cylinder output fitting to ensure it is locked in place.
- 10. Check the output of the regulator BEFORE you install the rear panel. Adjust if necessary (Section 5.1).
- 11. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

9.15.3 Replace cylinder inlet filter

- 1. Open the cylinder yokes.
- 2. Remove the inlet adapter from the cylinder yoke, using a 4 mm hex wrench.

Note: A brass retaining ring keeps the filter inside the inlet adapter.

3. Thread a 6-mm screw (two turns only) into the brass retaining ring and pull it out.

 \triangle **CAUTION** Be careful not to crush the filter. Do not thread in the screw more than two full turns.



- 4. Remove the filter.
- 5. Install the new filter and brass retaining ring.
- 6. Install the inlet adapter in the cylinder yoke.
- 7. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

9.15.4 Replace cylinder check valve

The cylinder check valve is not a replaceable item. If the check valve is defective, you must replace the complete cylinder supply module.

9.16 Replace gas-supply pressure transducers

The gas-supply pressure transducer includes an integral cable that connects to the Filter board on the pan enclosure. The transducer itself is mounted directly to the supply module. To replace a pressure transducer (pipeline or cylinder) you have to remove the module from the machine.

- 1. To access the Filter board, remove the tabletop (Section 9.4).
- 2. Disconnect the transducer cable from the Filter board.
- 3. Remove the supply module to access transducer.
 - For cylinder supplies, refer to Section 9.15.
 - For pipeline supplies, refer to Section 9.14.
- 4. Remove the transducer from the module.
- 5. Install the new transducer.
 - For pipeline transducers:
 - Be sure that an o-ring is in place.
 - For cylinder transducers:
 - Remove any teflon tape remnants from the module.
 - Apply 1-1/4 turns of teflon tape around the treads of the transducer. Verify that the first few threads are free of tape.
 - Install the transducer.
- 6. To reassemble, perform the previous steps in reverse order.
- 7. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).



9.17 Replace ACGO selector switch

Removal

- 1. Remove the tabletop (Section 9.4).
- 2. Clip the tie wraps (1) from the outlet barb fittings at the side of the switch.



- 3. Disconnect the fresh gas (2) and flush (3) tubes at the back of the switch.
- 4. Disconnect the wires from the ACGO mode microswitch (4) at the back of the selector switch.
- 5. Disconnect the wires from the flush pressure switch (5) on top of the selector switch.
- 6. Set the ACGO selector switch to ABS.
- 7. Back out the selector switch mounting screws (6) until the tips are flush with the face of the mounting casting.
- 8. While pushing the selector knob toward the machine and holding it steady, push the valve body toward the knob and rotate it counterclockwise to separate the valve body from the knob assembly.
- 9. Remove the knob assembly and protective shroud from the machine.
- 10. Remove the valve from the silicone output tubes.
- **Replacement** 1. Remove the knob assembly from the valve body.
 - 2. Back out the selector switch mounting screws until the tips are flush with the face of the mounting casting.
 - 3. Guide the outlet fittings of the valve body into their respective silicone tubes.
 - 4. Hold the selector knob with the indicator mark facing down. Turn the chrome collar to its maximum counterclockwise position (as viewed from the front).



- Place the shroud over the knob and guide the assembly into the pan opening.
- 6. Ensure that the indicators on the shroud align with label on the pan and the alignment tab mates with the alignment hole in the pan.
- While holding the knob assembly steady against the pan, place the valve assembly over the knob actuator. Using moderate force press the two assemblies together. The knob should rotate to the ACGO position.





- 8. While continuing to force the assemblies together, rotate the knob assembly to the ABS position. The assemblies should snap into place.
- 9. Verify proper alignment of the knob with the setting indicators. Tighten the mounting screws evenly to secure the switch assembly to the pan.
- 10. Secure the outlet tubing with tie wraps.
- 11. Connect the fresh gas and flush gas tubing. Pull on the tubing to ensure that it is locked in the fitting.
- 12. Reconnect the wires to the ACGO mode microswitch at the back of the valve (top two terminals).
- 13. Reconnect the wires to the flush pressure switch at the top of the valve (upper and lower terminals).
- 14. Replace the tabletop.
- **Test procedure** 1. Confirm that flush flow and 5 L/min fresh gas flow are diverted to the ACGO port and the ABS in the respective knob positions.
 - 2. Confirm that the ventilator display indicates ACGO mode when the valve is set in the ACGO position.
 - Test the function of the flush pressure switch (Service Application - "Ventilation Status" – Section 12.9.1).
 - 4. Perform the low-pressure leak test (Section 3.3.5).
 - 5. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3)

9.18 Clean or replace ACGO port flapper valve

- 1. Remove the tabletop (Section 9.4).
- 2. Remove the ACGO cap mounting screws.
- 3. Remove the cap.
- 4. Examine the flapper and disk for obstructions or debris. Clean with isopropyl alcohol if necessary; retest.
- 5. If leak persists, replace the flapper.
 - Remove the flapper from the check valve disk.
 - Clean the new flapper with isopropyl alcohol.
 - Apply a drop of isopropyl alcohol to the center hub of the new flapper.
 - Before the alcohol evaporates, align the center hub of the new flapper with the center hole of the check valve disc.
 - While pressing the flapper against the disc, use your fingernail to help pull the hub through the disc from the other side.





0-ring

- 6. Lubricate the o-ring sparingly with Krytox (do not get Krytox on the flapper).
- 7. Insert the flapper assembly into the ACGO outlet with the flapper up.
- 8. Replace the cap.

9.19 Replace the APL valve

- 1. Remove the ABS breathing system.
- The APL valve is held in place with a spring and a retainer (A) that snaps into a recess in the lower body of the APL valve. To release the retainer, place an appropriately sized straight blade screwdriver into the housing cutout (B). Twist the screwdriver to release the retainer.



- 3. Place the new APL valve into position with the setting indicator facing to the front of the machine.
- 4. Place the spring into the retainer.
- 5. While holding the APL valve tight to the housing, snap the spring and retainer onto the valve body from below.
- 6. Reinstall the ABS breathing system.
- 7. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).



9.20 Replace the bag support arm

Note: To help prevent the bag arm mounting from loosening, current production machines use socket head screws and flat washers to secure the bag arm to the casting instead of Posidriv screws and lockwashers. Refer to the parts section for stock numbers. 1. Remove the ABS breathing system from the machine.

- 2. From the underside of the casting, remove the hardware (**A**) that holds the arm in place.
 - If either of the pins (see below) remain in the casting, remove them from the casting.
- 3. Install the new bag support arm assembly.
 - Position the bag arm over mounting pattern of 4 small holes in the support casting. The arm should extend towards the front of the machine. Align the two pins
 (B) extending from the base of the bag arm assembly, with two of the small holes in the casting that are in line with the APL valve.





- Lower the bag arm, pushing the two pins into the holes.
- From the underside of the casting, secure the bag arm with two M3x20 socket head screws and flat washers.
- 4. Test the force required to swing the bag arm from side to side and adjust if necessary.

The force is adjusted by turning the lock nut (8-mm socket) which is accessible from underneath the support casting. Turn clockwise to increase the force and counterclockwise to reduce the force.

 Swing the bag arm sideways through the 90 degree arc permitted by its internal stop.



- Adjust to just enough friction to prevent the bag arm from swinging sideways as the bag height is being changed. The bag arm height is changed by squeezing the lock release lever (**C**) at the free end of the bag arm and rotating it to the desired position.
- 5. Replace the ABS breathing system.

Note: The adjustment nut is initially set so that 5-mm of exposed thread extends from the adjusting nut. With use, the force required to move the arm increases and may require readjustment.

9.20.1 Servicing the bag support arm

Service parts for the bag support arm include the upper and lower assemblies.

To replace either assembly:

- 1. Remove the bag support arm from the machine (Section 9.20).
- 2. To separate the upper assembly from the lower assembly, use a small (2.5-mm) pin punch from the bottom to drive the dowel pin up and out.
- To assemble the bag arm, apply a light coat of Krytox to the area of the upper arm (A) that extends into the lower arm (including the dowel pin groove).





- 4. Insert the upper assembly into the lower assembly. Align the surface (**B**) of the upper assembly with the surface (**C**) of the lower assembly.
- Insert the dowel pin into the hole (from the top side as shown). Drive the dowel pin into the bag arm until it is flush with the top surface.



9.20.2 Replace bag port housing

- Remove the bag support arm cover (A) – screw and lockwasher from below.
- 2. Remove nut (**B**) to remove the release lever (**C**).
- 3. Remove the retaining ring (\mathbf{D}).
- 4. Slide the bag port housing (**E**) off the end of the bag support arm.
- Before installing the new bag port housing, clean and lubricate sparingly with Krytox the exposed metal end (F) and the guide slot (G) of the bag support arm.



- Lubricate sparingly with Krytox the pivot boss (H) before replacing the release lever.
- 8. After replacing the release lever, adjust the mounting nut so that a 2-mm gap remains between the lever and housing when the release lever is fully depressed.
- 9. Replace the bag arm cover.









9.21 Replace ABS breathing system components

9.21.1 Replace Bag/Vent switch assembly

- 1. Remove the ABS breathing system.
- 2. From the underside, remove the bellows base manifold (**A**) and fully loosen the two captive screws (**B**) at the bag port side of the APL/BTV manifold.





- 4. Lift out the Bag/Vent switch cartridge from the housing.
- 5. Replace the Bag/Vent switch cartridge in reverse order.
- 6. Reinstall the ABS breathing system.
- 7. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).



9.21.2 Replace bellows base latch assembly

To replace the latch assembly, you must disassemble the bellows base assembly to the point where you can remove the guide (**A**) and latch assembly (**B**) as a unit.

- 1. Remove the Bag/Vent switch cartridge (Section 9.21.1).
- 2. Remove the two remaining screws (**C**) that hold the APL/BTV manifold to the bellows base assembly. Remove the APL/BTV manifol.



- 3. To remove the guide/latch assembly, remove two mounting screws (**D**) from the underside. Remove two additional mounting screws from the topside. Remove the guide/latch assembly from the bellows base assembly.
- 4. Separate the latch assembly from the guide assembly.
- 5. To install the new latch assembly, put the spring (**E**) into place in the guide assembly (long leg down).
- 6. Place the latch assembly on the guide assembly so that the latch engages the short leg of the spring. Secure the latch assembly (**F**) to the guide assembly.





- 7. Mount the guide/latch assembly into the bellows base assembly.
 - Extend the latch (G) while placing the assembly into the base.
- 8. Reassemble the breathing system in reverse order.
- 9. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

9.21.3 EZchange Canister spring replacement

- 1. Detach the EZchange module from the machine.
- 2. Remove the two M3 screws (A) that hold the module cover (B); set the cover aside.



- 3. Remove the two M3 shoulder screws (C) that fasten the canister latch lever (D).
- 4. Remove the latch lever, the switch actuator lever (**E**) and the spring; discard the spring.
- 5. Place the new spring on the module (as shown below). Position the switch actuator lever over the spring. Ensure the spring hooks are fully engaged into the posts on the manifold and the actuating lever.





- 6. Clean any residual Loctite debris from the M3 shoulder screws removed in Step 3.
- 7. Place the canister latch lever in position. Apply Loctite 242 to the threads of the two M3 shoulder screw threads and secure the canister latch level.
- 8. Check the switch actuator lever to ensure free movement. If sticking is observed, loosen the M3 shoulder screw approximately 1/8 of a turn until free movement of the switch actuator lever is observed.
- 9. Install the module cover.
- 10.Install the EZchange module.
- 11. Verify that the following message appears on the screen when the absorber canister is released.
 - 'No CO2 absorption' for Aespire machines
 - · CO2 Absorber Out of Circuit' for Avance and Aisys machines
- 12. Perform the Preoperative Checkout Procedure (refer to the User's Reference manual).

9.22 Replace casters

A **WARNING** Replacing a caster requires at least two people to maneuver and tip the machine. Personal injury and/or machine damage is possible if one person attempts this procedure alone.

- 1. Disconnect all pipeline hoses from the wall and the machine, close all gas cylinders, unplug the power cord, and set the system switch to standby.
- 2. Remove the absorber, the Aladin cassettes, gas cylinders, drawers and all auxiliary equipment.
- **CAUTION** To prevent damage, do not tip the Aisys machine more than 10 degrees from vertical.
 - 3. Block the opposite wheels; then, block up the machine until there is enough room to remove the defective caster.

To block up the machine, tip and slide blocks under the caster base. Raise both sides evenly until the unit is high enough to remove the caster.

- The casters are threaded into the base and held with a Loctite compound. Remove the caster with an appropriately sized open-end wrench.
- 5. If required, clean the threads of the new caster with denatured alcohol.
- 6. Apply Loctite 242 to the threads of the new caster. Install the caster securely into place.
- 7. Make sure the caster turns freely.
- 8. Carefully lower the machine to the floor.
- 9. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).



9.23 Reconfigure sample gas return line

Note In the U.S., it is not permitted to return sample gas to the breathing circuit.

Sample gas return is directed to the scavenging system as a factory default. Perform the following to reroute the sample gas back to the breathing system. Refer to "Tubing" on page 11-11.

- 1. Remove the tabletop (Section 9.4).
- 2. Port 4 (**A**) of the ABS breathing system is connected to the expiratory circuit, downstream of the expiratory check valve. As a factory default, Port 4 is plumbed with a length of tubing that is plugged (**B**) at the far end.
- 3. Remove the plug from the tube.
- 4. Find the sample return line at the left-rear corner of the pan assembly. The sample return line includes an inline connector (C) at the point where the sample line goes down into the vent engine housing.





5. Separate the scavenging tube,

removing the inline connector from the portion of the tube that extends into the vent engine housing. Plug the open end of the scavenging tube with the plug removed in step 3.

- 6. Insert the inline connector from the sample return port into the open tube to Port 4. Pull on the connector to ensure that it is securely connected.
- 7. Replace the tabletop.
- 8. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

9.24 Change drive gas

- **CAUTION** If you change the drive gas, you must also change the drive gas selection on the ventilator service setup screen. Refer to Section 4 of the ventilator Technical Reference manual.
 - If the drive gas selection and the actual drive gas do not agree, volumes will not be correct.

The ventilator will alarm with the message "Low Drive Gas Press" if the selected drive gas pressure, either O_2 or Air, is lost.

- 1. Remove the rear panel (Section 9.3).
- **Note:** The O₂ and Air pipeline manifolds have a drive gas connection at the back. The connection not in use is plugged.
 - 2. Remove the plug from the new connection.
 - 3. Disconnect the drive gas hose from the present connection.
 - 4. Install the plug in this connection (pull on the plug to ensure that it is locked into the fitting).
 - 5. Reroute the drive gas hose so that it does not cause kinks in other tubing.
 - 6. Connect the drive gas hose to the new connection (pull on the hose connector to ensure that it is locked into the fitting).
 - 7. Do a high-pressure leak test (Section 3.6).
 - 8. Enter the service mode and select the correct drive gas.
 - 9. Test the primary regulator. Verify that it functions within specifications now that it will be supplying drive gas to the ventilator (Section 5.1).
 - 10. Perform the checkout procedure (Section 3).

9.25 Display arm adjustments

Adjustments can be made to the following components to maintain proper positioning of the displays:

- · Counterbalance of the display arm (up and down movement)
- Wrist casting (side to side movement of displays)
- Clutch bearings (tilt position of the displays)

9.25.1 Display arm counterbalance adjustment



1. Remove the display arm cover by loosening the five captive screws.

- 2. Ensure that the displays are not positioned over the top shelf.
- 3. Access the counterbalance adjustment nut at the back of the display arm; it is approximately 6.5 cm inside the metal frame of the arm.



- 4. Using a 1/2-inch socket and at least a 8-cm extension, turn the adjustment nut clockwise to add more counterbalance or counterclockwise to remove counterbalance.
- 5. Adjust the counterbalance to the desired setting.
 - The display arm should move up or down freely when assisted but remain in position after moving it to the desired vertical position.
 - The arm should not fall or rise independently when the counterbalance is correctly adjusted.
- 6. Reinstall the display arm cover.

9.25.2 Wrist Casting adjustment

friction washers that control the resistance to side movement (swivel) of the displays.
Using a 3/4-inch (19-mm) socket, tighten (clockwise) or loosen (counterclockwise) the mounting nut to adjust the resistance.

The mounting hardware for the wrist casting includes a thrust bearing and several

- 2. Adjust the resistance to the desired setting.
 - The display should swivel from side to side freely but remain in position after moving it to the desired position.
 - The display should not move out of position when front panel controls on the display are used.

9.25.3 Clutch bearing adjustment

The clutch bearings provide resistance when tilting the displays forward but have no effect when tilting the displays backward. To ensure that each bearing is adjusted to a relatively equal torque, adjust each bearing in small increments while testing for the proper resistance.

1. Using a 5-mm hex wrench, turn the adjustment screw on each clutch bearing incrementally clockwise to increase forward resistance or counterclockwise to decrease forward resistance.



- 2. Adjust the resistance to the desired setting.
 - When tilted backward, the display should move up freely but remain in position at the desired position.
 - The display should not move out of position when front panel controls on the display are used.
 - The display should move with minimal resistance when being tilted forward.

Notes

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10.1 Service tools

10.1.1 Software tools

Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Aisys System Software 4.00 (for HPDU) (on Compact Flash card)	M1130672-S
2	Service Application, PC based	1011-4038-000
3	Cable, DU serial port to PC serial port	1011-3984-000

10.1.2 Manifold pressure test adapter

The manifold pressure test adapter is used to tee into the manifold pressure line for the Manifold P Span calibration (Section 5.4.2).

r Assemble the adapter using the parts shown.



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Coupler, male - white	1503-3236-000
2	Tee (male barb)	1009-3011-000
3	Coupler, female - white	1503-3119-000
4	Tubing (low-pressure) 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000

10.1.3 Test Devices and service tools

Item	ΤοοΙ	Stock Number
1	Test flowmeter, 6-50 L/min (Suction Flow Test)	1006-8431-000
2	Spring seal insertion tool, eVap	1011-8004-000
3	Test cassette, Aisys eVap	1011-8006-000



Not Shown

Low-pressure Leak Test Device(negative pressure)	0309-1319-800
Low-pressure Leak Test Device(positive pressure - ISO)	1001-8976-000
Low-pressure Leak Test Device(positive pressure - BSI)	1001-8975-000
Flow test device capable of measuring 0-15 L/min with an accuracy of $\pm 2\%$ of reading	Refer to Section 6.7
Vacuum test gauge capable of measuring 0 to 550 mm Hg with an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ of reading	Refer to Section 6.9
Test device capable of measuring 0–30 L/min (see Item 1 above)	Refer to Section 6.9
Leakage current test device	Refer to Section 3.13
Test device capable of measuring 689 kPa (100 psi)	Refer to Section 5.1.1

10.1.4 Lubricants and Adhesives

Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Lubricant, Krytox GPL 205, 2 oz	1001-3854-000
2	Lubricant, Dow 111, 5.3 oz	6700-0074-200
3	Thread Lock, Loctite No 24221, 10 ml	0220-5017-300
3	Silicone sealant (Refer to Section 10.26.2)	0220-5251-300
10.1.5 Test Tools

Item	Tool	Stock Number
1	Leak Test Tool Kit, ABS breathing system	1407-7013-000
1a	Test Tool, bulkhead	1407-8500-000
1b	Plug, tapered 27x12 mm	1407-8505-000
1c	Plug, tapered 24x18 mm	1407-8506-000
1d	Test Tool, circle module (2 each)	1407-8502-000
1e	Plug, service B/S 11 mm (2 each)	1407-8504-000
1f	Plug, service BTV 18 mm (2 each)	1407-8503-000
2	Adapter, positive low-pressure leak test	1009-3119-000
3	PEEP/INSP Calibration Flow Orifice	1504-3016-000
4	Airway Pressure Sensing Tee	1504-3011-000
5	Plug, stopper	2900-0001-000
Not Sh	own	
	Tool to help disconnect tubing from Legris fittings	2900-0000-000
	Test Lung	0219-7210-300
	Leak detection fluid, Snoop	obtain locally









Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Caster, 125-mm with brake (front)	1011-3811-000
2	Caster, 125-mm no brake (rear)	1011-3812-000
3	Shelf, top	1011-3304-000
4	Screw, M6x14 (3 front) Screw, M6x35 (3 each side)	0144-2131-922 0144-2131-912
5	Lockwasher, M6 internal	0144-1118-130
6	Label, Aisys	1011-3566-000
7	Components - upper bay	Refer to Section 10.45
8	Worksurface cover, Kit	M1074608



10.3 Components - front view references



Item Description

- 1 High Performance Display Unit (HPDU)
- 2 Panel, cosmetic upper left-side
- 3 Breathing System
- 4 Vent Engine Housing
- 5 Anesthetic Gas Scavenging System AGSS
- 6 Panel, cosmetic lower left-side
- 7 Airway module (M-Gas) components
- 8 Front panel, Alt O2, and system switch
- 9 Electronic Vaporizer
- 10 Tabletop components
- 11 ABS to machine Interface Components (SCGO) ABS to machine Interface Components (ACGO) 02 Flush Valve
- 12 Auxiliary 02 Flowmeter and Sample Gas Return
- 13 Integrated Suction Regulator
- 14 Upper (pan) electronic enclosure components
- 15 Panel, cosmetic upper right-side
- 16 Panel, cosmetic lower right-side
- 17 Display arm
- 18 Wrist casting assembly mounting

Section number

Refer to Section 10.41 Refer to Section 10.24 Refer to Section 10.40 Refer to Section 10.16 Refer to Section 10.28 Refer to Section 10.25 Refer to Section 10.38 Refer to Section 10.15 Refer to Section 10.26 Refer to Section 10.29 Refer to Section 10.12 Refer to Section 10.13 Refer to Section 10.14 Refer to Section 10.19 Refer to Section 10.18 Refer to Section 10.8 Refer to Section 10.22 Refer to Section 10.23 Refer to Section 10.42 Refer to Section 10.43

10.4 Components - rear view



ltem	Description	Stock Number		
1	AC Inlet	Refer to Section 10.5		
2	AC Outlets	Refer to Section 10.6		
3	Pipeline Inlets	Refer to Section 10.10		
4	Panel, cosmetic upper rear	Refer to Section 10.45		
5	Rear panel components	Refer to Section 10.20		
	Upper enclosure panel items	Refer to Section 10.21		
6	Cylinder Gas Supplies	Refer to Section 10.11		
7	Lower electronic enclosure components	Refer to Section 10.7		
	Enclosure panel	Refer to Section 10.21		
8	Auxiliary Connector Board	1011-3579-000		
9*	Screw, jacksocket hex	1011-3987-000		
10	Bracket, plug guard	1011-3899-000		
11	Screw, M3x8 Sems	0140-6219-130		
12	Screw, M4x8 DIN84	1006-3178-000		
* Apply Loctite 242.				

10.5 AC Power cords and AC Inlet



ltem	Description		Stock Number
1	Power Cord		
	100-120V~ 50-60Hz, NEMA, Japan and	US	1006-3907-000
	220-240V~ 50-60Hz, AS 3112, Australia	a	1006-3888-000
	220-240V~ 50-60Hz, GB2099, China		M1053942
	220-240V~ 50-60Hz, BS1363, UK		1006-3884-000
	220-240V~ 50-60Hz, BS546, India and	South Africa	1006-3885-000
	220-240V~ 50-60Hz, CEE 7/7, EURO ar	nd France	1001-3380-000
	220-240V~ 50-60Hz, Danish		1011-3696-000
	220-240V~ 50-60Hz, SEV 1011, Swiss		1006-3889-000
	220-240V~ 50-60Hz, NEMA, Peruvian		1006-3882-000
2	Guard, power cord retainer	(all except China) (China)	1011-3221-000 M1054218
3	Screw, M4x8 Pozidriv DIN84		1006-3178-000
4	AC Inlet		Refer to Section 10.6
5	Screw, M3x6 Pozidriv Sems		0140-6219-128
6	Stud, 6mm Equipotential		0208-0070-300

10.6 AC Inlet/Outlet Components

ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Circuit Breaker, 1A, Rocker	1009-5722-000
	Circuit Breaker, 2A Rocker	1009-5721-000
	Circuit Breaker, 3A Rocker	1009-5720-000
	Circuit Breaker, 4A Rocker	1009-5719-000
2	Outlet Receptacle, Australia, AS 3112	1001-3305-000
	Outlet Receptacle, China, AS 3112 (CCC)	M1061131
	Outlet Receptacle, Danish, AFSNIT 107-2-D1	1011-3910-000
	Outlet Receptacle, EURO, CEE 7/7	1202-3551-000
	Outlet Receptacle, France, CEE 7/4 Support Frame, snap in	1006-4421-000 1006-4422-000
	Outlet Receptacle, India and South Africa, BS 546	1006-3805-000
	Outlet Receptacle, Japanese	1006-3578-000
	Outlet Receptacle, NA, Nema 5-15	1006-3555-000
	Outlet Receptacle, Swiss, SEV 1011	1006-3807-000
	Outlet Receptacle, UK, BS1363	1001-3309-000
3	Circuit board, Inrush, 100-120V Circuit board, Inrush, 220-240V	1006-3245-000 1006-3246-000
4	Screw, M4x8 Pozidriv Sems	0140-6226-113
5	Harnesses	Refer to Section 10.35
6	Toroid, 100-240V	1009-5692-000
7*	Screw, M8x70 Lockwasher, M8 external Washer, M8	1006-3905-000 0144-1118-225 9213-0180-006
8	Fuse, 5A - 5x20mm Fuse holder Screw, M2x6	1202-3345-000 1009-5674-000 0140-6712-102
9	Guard, fuse holder	1011-3622-000
10	Screw, M3x6 Pozidriv Sems	0140-6219-128
11	Screw, M4x8 DIN84	1006-3178-000
12	Cover, transformer	1011-3371-000
13	Screw, M4x8 FLAT HD	0140-6226-107
14	Inlet, 100-120A~, with line filter and 15 A circuit breaker Inlet, 220-240A~, with line filter and 8 A circuit breaker	1009-5698-000 1009-5757-000

* Apply Loctite 242.

10 Illustrated Parts





10.7 Lower electronic enclosure components

ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Power Controller board (Tested)	1011-3572-000-S
2	Harness, J4-ACB to J4-PCB	1009-5551-000
3	Harness, J3-PCB to J5-DCB	1009-5552-000
4	Harness, J3-ACB to underside of Pan Connector Board	1011-3199-000
5	Cable, ribbon J1-ACB to underside of Pan Connector Board	1011-3186-000
6	Harness, J7-ACB to J6-DCB	1009-5556-000
7	Display Connector Board	1009-3005-000
	(requires Rev D or later board for battery backup of S5 monitor)	
8	Cable, ribbon J2-ACB to J9-DCB	1009-5561-000
9	Anesthesia Control board (tested)	1011-3004-000-S
10	Fan (flow upward)	1009-5697-000
11	Guard, fan wire form	0208-2737-300
12	Battery, sealed lead acid, 12V 12AH (two required)	1011-3557-000
13	Flex-cable, battery to PCB	1011-3698-000
14	Label, battery service instructions	1011-3556-000
15	Bracket, battery restraint	1011-3212-000
16	Power Supply, universal 225W	1011-3832-000



10.8 Upper (pan) electronic enclosure components

Iter	n Description	Stock Number
1	Regulator, O ₂ Flush	1011-3168-000
2	Gas Mixer Assembly, complete	Refer to Section 10.9
3	Pan Connector Board	1009-3003-000
4	Gasket, Pan Connector Board	1011-3216-000
5	Ventilator Interface Board, calibrated	1009-8236-000
6	Filter Board, ABS	1009-3007-000
7	Cover, upper electronic enclosure	1011-3239-000
8	Screw, M4x8 DIN84	1006-3178-000
9	Seal	1011-3816-000
10	Retainer, seal	1011-3815-000
11	Nut, M4 Keps	0144-3717-314

10.9 Electronic Gas Mixer

A CAUTION Ensure a clean environment when servicing the gas mixer.







ltem	Description	Stock Number		
1	Mixer Assembly - complete	1011-8000-000-S		
2	Valve, 2-way NO (includes screws and gasket)	1009-3014-000		
3	Valve, 2-way NC (includes screws and gasket)	1009-3013-000		
4	Valve, proportional	1011-3560-000		
5	O-ring (2 used with each proportional valve)	6027-0000-165		
6	Screw, M3x16 (2 used for mounting each valve)	1504-3003-000		
7	Lockwasher, M3 external	9213-0530-003		
8	Valve, 3-way NC (includes screws and gasket)	1009-3346-000		
9	Flex-cable, valve interface	1009-3359-000		
10	Outlet check valve, replacement kit	1009-8246-000		
	(includes o-ring and flapper valve)			
11	Retainer, flapper valve	1011-3516-000		
12	O-ring, retainer	1011-3518-000		
13	Elbow, $1/4$ inch tube to $1/8$ inch NPT	1011-3071-000		
14	Cable, TSI interface	1011-3082-000		
Mounting Hardware				
15	Screw, M4x6	1009-3283-000		
16	Screw, M4x40	0140-6226-128		
17	Lockwasher, M4 external	9213-0540-003		
* Lubricate sparingly with Krytox.				

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10.10 Pipeline inlet fittings



Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Pipeline inlet - 0 ₂ fittings	
	Body, O ₂ DISS	1006-5149-000
	Body, O ₂ NIST	1006-5158-000
	Body, O ₂ DIN	1006-5161-000
	Body, O ₂ G 3/8 BSPP	1006-5170-000
	Pipeline inlet assembly O ₂ France	1006-8363-000
	Pipeline inlet assembly O ₂ Canada	1006-8360-000
	Pipeline inlet assembly O_2 Australia	1006-8396-000
1	Pipeline inlet - N20 fittings	
	Body, N ₂ O DISS	1006-5150-000
	Body, $N_2^{-}O$ NIST	1006-5159-000
	Body, $N_2^{-}O$ DIN	1006-5162-000
	Body, N ₂ O G 3/8 BSPP	1006-5171-000
	Pipeline inlet assembly N ₂ O France	1006-8362-000
	Pipeline inlet assembly N ₂ O Canada	1006-8359-000
	Pipeline inlet assembly N ₂ O Australia	1006-8397-000
1	Pipeline inlet Air fitting	
	Body, Air DISS	1006-5151-000
	Body, Air NIST	1006-5160-000
	Body, Air DIN	1006-5163-000
	Body, Air G 3/8 BSPP	1006-5172-000
	Pipeline inlet assembly Air France	1006-8361-000
	Pipeline inlet assembly Air Canada	1006-8358-000
0	Pipeline inlet assembly Air Australia	1006-8398-000
2	O-rillig, bore seal	0210 0/70 200
		0210-0479-300
3	All Sintered metal filter with o-ring	1006-8351-000
4	Pipeline check valve with o-ring	1505-3273-000
5	Gas Inlet Manifold (replacement) O_2	1009-8066-000
	N ₂ 0	1009-8067-000
	Âir	1009-8068-000
6	Relief valve, 689/758 kPa (100/110 psi)	1011-3049-000
7	Transducer, pipeline pressure (includes cable)	1011-3413-000
8	Screw, M4x20	0144-2124-218
	Lockwasher, M4	0144-1118-128



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10.11.1 Power outlets and third cylinder high-pressure hoses



ltem	Description		Stock Number	
1*	Outlet, pneumatic power - DISS (Field Upgrade Kit)		1011-8075-000	
2*	Outlet, pneumatic power - Euro (Field Upgrade Kit)		1011-8077-000	
3*	Hose assembly, high pressure, Pin Index	0 ₂ - N ₂ 0 -	1011-3869-000 1011-3870-000	
4*	Hose assembly, high pressure DIN	0 ₂ - N ₂ 0 -	1011-3871-000 1011-3872-000	
5	Nut, M20x1.5 Brass		1006-5065-000	
6	Plug, cover		1011-3813-000	
* Apply Loctite 242.				

10.11.2 Cylinder inlet fittings



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Cylinder inlets (Pin Index)	
1a	Gasket	0210-5022-300
1b*	O-ring	9221-3013-116
1c	Adapter, inlet	1001-4075-000
1d	Filter, sintered bronze	9914-6380-000
1e	Retaining ring, filter	1001-5954-000
2	Cylinder inlets (DIN)	
2a	Screw, M8x16	0144-2140-242
2b	Sealing ring (DIN)	1009-3356-000
2c	DIN Adapter (0 ₂)	1006-4000-000
	DIN Adapter (N ₂ O)	1006-4001-000
	DIN Adapter (Air)	1006-4002-000
2d	0-ring, 0.687 ID, 0.812 OD	0210-0544-300
2e	Filter, sintered bronze	9914-6380-000

* Lubricate sparingly with Krytox



10.12 ABS to machine Interface Components (SCGO)

Item		Description	Stock Number
1		SCGO Selector Module, complete	1009-3098-000
	1a	Solenoid kit CGO	1009-3279-000
	1b	Flush pressure switch (includes o-ring)	1006-3972-000
	1c	O-ring	1006-3213-000
	1d	Valve, relief 150 cmH20	1009-3052-000
	1e	Screws, M3x20	0144-2124-201
	1f	Switch, mode (CGO/SCGO), kit	1009-3282-000
2		Tubing, silicone (110 mm, 100 mm)	1009-3164-000
3		Cable Tie	0203-5915-300
4		Elbow, Legris 1/4 inch	1006-3737-000

i + i = 1

10.13 ABS to machine Interface Components (ACGO)

ltem	Description	Stock Number
	ACGO Field Conversion Kit	1011-8071-000
	(parts to convert machine from SCGO to ACGO)	
1	Port, ACGO body	1011-3361-000
2	Screw, M4x30	9211-0640-304
3	Lockwasher, M4	9213-0540-003
4	Cap, ACGO check valve	1009-3095-000
5	Screw, M4x8	9211-1040-069
6	Disk, ACGO check valve	1009-3062-000
7	Flapper, ACGO check valve	1009-3097-000
8*	O-ring	0210-0543-300
9	Fitting, barbed	1011-3830-000
10*	O-ring	0210-0691-300
11	Screw, M3x6	9211-1030-055
12	ACGO Selector Switch, complete	1009-3099-000
	(without guard - item 13)	
12a	Flush pressure switch	1006-3972-000
12b	O-ring	1006-3213-000
12c	Screws	0144-2124-201
13	Guard	1011-3659-000
14	Tubing, silicone (80 mm, 60 mm)	1009-3164-000
15	Cable Tie	0203-5915-300

10.14 O₂ Flush Valve



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Flush valve, without button	1006-8357-000
2	Flush Button with rod (O_2^+ black text)	1011-3354-000
3	Spring	1006-3186-000
4	E-clip	0203-5225-300
5	Label, 0_2^+ green (for locations that require green)	1011-3988-000
6	Bracket	1011-3355-000
7	Screw, M4x8	1006-3178-000
8	Screw, M4x12	0140-6226-111
9	Lockwasher, M4	9213-0540-003

10.15 Front panel, Alt 02, and system switch

Table 1:		
Table 1:		
Language	Alt O ₂ Label	
Chinese	1011-3913-000	
Czech	1011-3939-000	
Danish	1011-3949-000	
Dutch	1011-3931-000	
English	1011-3567-000	
Estonian	M1090083	
Finnish	1011-3932-000	
French	1011-3929-000	
German	1011-3930-000	
Greek	1011-3943-000	
Hungarian	1011-3944-000	
Italian	1011-3936-000	
Japanese	1011-3933-000	
Korean	M1093583	
Norwegian	1011-3941-000	
Polish	1011-3940-000	
Portuguese	1011-3938-000	
Russian	1011-3912-000	
Spanish	1011-3937-000	
Swedish	1011-3945-000	
Turkish	1011-3942-000	



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Switch, system On/Standby, Kit	M1115795-S
2*	Harness, On/Standby system switch	1009-5542-000
3	LED assembly, mains green	1009-5514-000
4	Label, Alt O ₂	See Table 1
5	Needle Valve assembly, flow control	1011-3429-000
6	Knob (set screw not included)	1011-3472-000
	Set screw	9211-0830-053
7	Plate, needle valve	1011-3639-000
	Screw, M4x8	1006-3178-000
8	Switch, Alt O ₂ (includes harness)	1009-5517-000
9	Flowmeter, Alt O ₂	1011-3428-000
10	Plate, flowmeter	1011-3270-000
	Screw, 10-32x3/8 (bracket to flowmeter - 2 each)	0140-6631-107
	Screw, M4x8 (assembly to front panel - 4 each)	1006-3178-000
* Users as a structure M111F70F C switch		

* Harness not used with M1115795-S switch.

18 8 7 9 B 6 5 11 (12) 3 4 10 -16 17 AGFS 2 13 (14, 15)

10.16 Vent Engine Housing

Item	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Vent Engine Cover Plate Assy	1407-7009-000	
2	CASTING VENT ENG HOUSING	1407-3301-000	
3	TAB GUIDE BELLOWS BASE	1407-3313-000	(2)
4	SCR M3X16 POSI DR PAN HD A4 SST	1504-3003-000	(2)
5	Cap, Plug	1406-3524-000	
6	FITTING PNL MOUNT 3.18 HOSE BARB UNION	1504-3014-000	(2)
7	PLUG HOLE 15.9 DIA NYLON MICRO PLASTICS	1006-1473-000	
8	PLATE CONN VENT	1407-3321-000	
9	SCR M4X8 POZI-DR DIN84 PAN SERRATED	1006-3178-000	(3)
10	Harness, Vent Engine Board to Connector Plate	1009-5545-000	
11	BLOCK LATCHING DSUB CONN	1504-3617-000	(2)
12	SCR 4-40 X 3/8 SKT BCG HD CAP	0144-2117-206	(2)
13	CLIP-SUCTION BAG HOSE	1407-3327-000	
14	SCR M5 X 16 PAN PH HD SST	9211-8350-163	(2)
15	Lockwasher	0144-1118-220	(2)
16	Vent Engine	Refer to Section 10.17	
17	Label, AGFS (for German variant)	1009-3300-000	
18*	Screw, M4x12 Flat HD SKT, relieved	M1136824	

* Requires new-style plate with flat-head socket screws.

10.17 Vent Engine





1 6-pin connector **1**a 12 Volt

Item

1a

1b

1d

1h

2

4

5

10



m	Description
	Vent Engine Assembly, Service (Avance/Aisys)
	Gas Inlet Valve (GIV) components
1a	Solenoid, 3-way NO (12 Volt)
1b	Screw, M1.6x14
1c	Retaining ring, 34.9 mm
1d	Cap, inlet valve
1e	O-ring, upper Viton
1f	Shuttle, inlet valve
1g	U-cup, upper EDPM (fits on shuttle valve)
1h	U-cup, lower Viton (fits on shuttle valve)
1i	O-ring, lower Viton
	Filter (under GIV), 2-micron (install course side DOWN)
	Fitting, manifold pressure
	Reservoir, pneumatic engine
	0-ring, base, 56.87 ID x 60.43 0D
	0-ring, screw head, 0.219 ID x 0.344 OD
	Screw, M6x90
	Flow control valve (12 Volt)
	O-ring under flow control valve (2 each)
	Drive gas check valve
	O-ring under drive gas check
	Interface Manifold
	Regulator, 172 kPa BCG

Vent Engine Connector board (not part of assembly)

Stock Number

1009-8216-000 Refer to Section 9.13.3 1503-3853-000 1006-4730-000 1500-3158-000 1503-5006-000 9221-3032-116 1503-5018-000 1503-3090-000 1503-3089-000 1503-3108-000 1504-3708-000 1500-3116-000 1504-3704-000 1504-3614-000 0210-0686-300 1504-3004-000 1503-3854-000 1503-3056-000 1503-3006-000 1503-3213-000 Refer to Section 10.17.1 1504-3623-000 1011-3165-000

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10.17.1 Vent Engine - under side



- 3 Plug, 6.35-mm (1/4-inch)
- 4 Fitting, barbed
- 5 Manifold
- 6** Gasket, manifold
- 7 Plate, manifold
- 8*** Screw, M4x8 Pozidriv PAN
- * If necessary, clean with alcohol before installing new; trim off flush with outside surface of seat (refer to removed flapper).
- ** Install gasket into manifold. Check to see that it is properly positioned.
- *** Carefully install plate onto manifold making sure not to disturb the gasket.
 - First, start all screws. Then, torque to 1.7 N-m (15 lb-in) using sequence shown.

1503-3245-000

1504-3014-000

1503-3843-000

1503-3845-000

1503-3844-000

1006-3178-000

10.18 Integrated Suction Regulator

10.18.1 Components





Not Shown

ltem	Description
1	Suction Control Module
2	Cover, blank (if no Suction)
3	Bracket, blank cover mounting
4	Screw, M4x10 self-tapping
5	Screw, M4x45 Hex
6	Screw, #6 - 2 inch
7	Union, 8mm Legris
8	Cap, white
9	Fitting, barb to 8-mm Legris
10*	Coupling, Colder insert metal
11**	Adapter, 1/4 NPTF hose
12	Nut, M20x1.5 Brass
13a*	Connector, Barb
13b*	Connector, NIST
13c*	Connector, Air Liquide
13d	Muffler, for Venturi Drive
14	Tubing
15	Overflow Safety Trap
* Apply ⁻	Feflon tape to threads (not 13d).

** Apply Loctite 242.

Stock Number

Refer to Section 10.18.2 1011-3200-000 1011-3202-000 1009-5534-000 N122024 1009-3340-000 1006-3973-000 1009-3192-000 1009-3137-000 1009-3135-000 1011-3603-000 1006-5065-000 0221-0702-300 1011-3524-000 1009-8292-000 1011-3511-000 Refer to Section 10.31 6700-0647-800

10.18.2 Suction Control Module



Item	Description	Stock Number
1 1a	Gauge, 760 mmHg O-ring, Gauge (included with gauge assy, 2ea. required)	1009-3227-000 6700-0133-500
2	Control panel assembly, with suction regulator knob and mode control knob	1009-3274-000
3 3a 3b	Regulator Module (plugs into manifold assembly) O-ring, Regulator Module, Large (included with regulator module) O-ring, Regulator Module, Stem (included with regulator module)	6700-1225-800 6700-0136-500 0210-0527-300
4	Manifold Assembly, without Gauge and Regulator Module	1009-3277-000
5	Screw, #6 - 2 inch	1009-3340-000
6	Filter	0206-5159-300
7	Pilot valve adapter assembly (includes plunger, jam nut, and valve assembly)	1009-3278-000
8	Cap, white	1009-3385-000

* Lubricate the regulator module o-rings and the mating bore of the manifold sparingly with Dow 111 lubricant. ** Drop the plunger (**7a**), round end first, into the manifold. Thread the pilot valve into the manifold body. Set the mode switch to raise the plunger. Adjust the pilot valve (**7b**) so that the plunger actuates the pilot valve approximately half of its travel. Tighten the jam nut (**7c**).

10.18.3 Venturi assembly



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	C-clip retainer, Truarc	1500-3158-000
2	Elbow fitting, 4-mm Legris	1006-3663-000
3	Сар	1011-5002-000
4	Spoppet	1011-5001-000
5	Seal, u-cup large	1503-3090-000
6	Orifice	1011-3508-000
7	Screen, 150 mesh monel	1001-3808-000
8	Seal, u-cup small	1503-3089-000
9	Body	1011-5000-000
10	Venturi	1011-3509-000
11	Elbow fitting, 8-mm Legris	1011-3510-000
12	O-ring, large	9221-3032-116
13	O-ring, small	1503-3108-000
14	Check valve	1011-8002-000
15	Bracket, Venturi mounting	1011-3359-000
16	Nut, M4 Keps	0144-3717-314
17	Cable Tie	0203-5915-300
18	Fitting, barbed Legris	1009-3137-000
19	Tubing	Refer to Section 10.31

Stock Number



10.19 Auxiliary 0_2 Flowmeter and Sample Gas Return

ltem	Description

1	Cover, panel for machines with Auxiliary ${\rm O}_2$ Cover, panel for machines without Auxiliary ${\rm O}_2$	1011-3230-000 1011-3263-000
2	Flowmeter, 1-10 L/min, without fittings	1006-3841-000
3	Knob, gray	1011-3471-000
4	Setscrew	9211-0830-053
5*	Nipple, Panel-Mount, Auxiliary O ₂ Outlet	1006-5177-000
6	Nut, M12x1.75, SST	0144-3132-140
7	Screw, M4X12 Pozidriv Pan HD	1504-3001-000
8**	Coupling, Colder	1009-3134-000
9	Jam Nut	0402-1787-500
10***	Fitting, 1/8 NPTM, barb elbow	0204-8788-300
11	Tubing	Refer to Section 10.31
12***	Fitting, 1/8 NPTM, 6-mm Legris elbow	1011-3824-000
13	Plate, Flowmeter Mounting	1011-3270-000
14	Screw, 10-32 x 3/8	0140-6631-107
15	Screw, M4x8 Pozidriv DIN84	1006-3178-000

* Apply Loctite 242.

** Note orientation of release; do not apply Loctite; tighten the nut until it is snug, so that the coupler cannot be rotated by hand — do not overtighten.

*** Apply Teflon tape.



10.20 Rear panel components

12 (14, 15)



13 (14, 15)



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Cover, rear upper	1011-3227-000
2	Cap, hose reel	1009-3075-000
3	Screw, M5x20 BHSCS PT THD FORMING	1009-3384-000
4	Screw, M4x12	1504-3001-000
5	Washer, M4 flat	0144-1025-165
6	Washer, M4 retaining Nylon	1009-3178-000
7	Strap, hook/loop	1009-3233-000
8	Label, power outlet	1011-3563-000
9	Label, vacuum (suction)	1011-3564-000
10	Plug, 31.8 DIA hole	1011-3822-000
11	Plug, 38.1 DIA hole	1011-3971-000
12	Wrench, pin index cylinder (with cable)	0219-3415-800
13	Wrench, DIN cylinder (does not include cable)	1202-3651-000
14	Cable	1010-3049-000
15	Ferrule, cylinder wrench cable retainer	1001-3708-000

* Five locations

10.21 Panels, rear







Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Panel, upper electrical rear	1011-3240-000
2	Screw, M4x8	1006-3178-000
3	Panel, cosmetic rear lower	1011-3655-000
4	Screw, M4x12 relieved	1504-3001-000
5	Washer, M4 flat	0144-1025-165
6	Washer, M4 retainer Nylon	1009-3178-000
7	Spacer, cable tie	1011-3657-000
8	Holder, cable tie	1011-3607-000
9	Screw, M4x20	0140-6226-116
10*	Fan	1009-5697-000
11	Nut, M4 Keps	9212-0340-001
12	Guard, fan	0208-2737-300
13	O-ring, retaining	0210-0526-300
14	Washer, flat	0140-1025-165
15	Filter with mount	0208-2734-300
16	Screw, M4x20	0144-2117-724
17	Clip, cable flat	1011-3653-000
18	Panel, lower electrical rear	1011-3208-000
19	Filter, foam	1011-3214-000

* Note: Air flow into electrical enclosure.





Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Panel, upper right cosmetic	1011-3222-000
2	Screw, M4x12 relieved	1504-3001-000
3	Washer, M4 flat	0144-1025-165
4	Washer, M4 retainer Nylon	1009-3178-000
5	Extrusion, dovetail/GCX upper	1011-3605-000
6	Screw, M5x16	0144-2117-727
7	Plug	1011-3619-000
8	Screw, M4x8	1006-3178-000

10.23 Panel, cosmetic lower right-side



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Panel, lower drawer cosmetic	1011-3379-000
2	Seal	1006-4154-000
3	Screw, M4x12 relieved	1504-3001-000
4	Washer, M4 retainer Nylon	1009-3178-000
5	Panel, lower right-rear cosmetic (for pendant machines)	1011-3223-000 1011-3926-000
6	Screw, M4x8	1006-3178-000
7	Extrusion, dovetail/GCX lower	1011-3606-000
8	Screw, M5x16	0144-2117-727
9	Plug, 7.9 mm DIA hole	1011-3823-000







ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Panel, upper left cosmetic	1011-3224-000
	(for pendant machines)	1011-3927-000
2	Screw, M4x12 relieved	1504-3001-000
3	Washer, M4 flat	0144-1025-165
4	Washer, M4 retainer Nylon	1009-3178-000
5	Screw, M4x8	9211-0640-083
6	Extrusion, dovetail/GCX upper	1011-3605-000
7	Screw, M5x16	0144-2117-727
8	Handle, clamping display arm	1011-3650-000
9	Hook	1006-4192-000
10	Flowtube, AGSS	1406-3560-000
11	Label, flow indicator AGSS	1406-3527-000
	Label, flow indicator AGFS (for German variant)	1009-3301-000
	Label, blank (for machines without flow indicator)	1009-3241-000
12	Dovetail, CMA upper	1011-3307-000
13	Screw, M5x20 SKT HD CAP	0144-2131-919
14	Lockwasher, M5 internal	1011-3651-000

10.25 Panel, cosmetic lower left-side



Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Panel, lower left AGSS cover (for pendant machines)	1011-3225-000 1011-3928-000
2	Screw, M6x43 thumb	1406-3304-000
3	Washer, split	1406-3319-000
4	Panel, cosmetic drawer left	1011-3277-000
5	Screw, M4x12 relieved	1504-3001-000
6	Washer, M4 flat	0144-1025-165
7	Washer, M4 retainer Nylon	1009-3178-000
8	Label, CO ₂ canister	1011-3946-000
9	Bracket, suction reservoir	1009-3107-000
10	Screw, M4x16	9211-0440-163
11	Lockwasher, M4	9213-0540-003











ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Electronic Vaporizer Assembly	1011-7004-000-S	
2*	Cassette Bay, with Insulator installed	1011-3054-000-S	
3	Cable, Jumper	1011-3552-000	
4	Screw, M4x8 BT SKT HD SST Type 316 (6)	0140-6226-118	(6)
5**	Bracket, Support	1011-3137-000	
6	Union, Snap-in Bulkhead, 1/4-inch	M1130871	(3)
7	Flowmeter Subassembly	Refer to Section 10.26.3	
8	Valve Block Subassembly	Refer to Section 10.26.2	
9	Cassette Temperature Subassembly	1011-7002-000-S	

* The original cassette bay included threaded inserts to mount the Cassette Interface Board using Sems screws. The current cassette bay uses studs to mount the Cassette Interface Board with nuts and washers instead (hardware included in kit). Refer to Section 10.26.1 for required hardware. ** The current bracket is backwards compatible with the original bracket.



10.26.1 Electronic Vaporizer Agent Delivery

* Item 7a used with original cassette bays. Items 7b used with current cassette bays.

N115001

M1126638

M1123585

M1123480

M1126635

9213-0530-003

** Use together if replacing in an original eVap without the cover.

Cover Kit (includes Items 9 through 12)

Washer, M3

Standoff, M3x28

Bolt, shoulder

Hanging pin

Lockwasher, M3 external

8

9

10

11**

12**

(2)

(2)

(2)



10.26.2 Electronic Vaporizer - Valve Block

ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Flowmeter Subassembly	Refer to Section 10.26.3	
2*	Valve Block Subassembly	1011-7000-000-S	
3**	Valve, Solenoid 2-way BCG	1011-3115-000	(3)
4	Valve Connector Assembly 4a - Spring 4b - Bushing, alignment 4c - Seal, Spring energized 4d - Connector Asssemly 4e - O-ring ID7.00 BCG OD11.00 Viton Duro 75	1011-7003-000-S 	(2)
5	Insertion tool, spring energized seal	Refer to Section 10.1	
6	O-ring, ID3.68 OD7.24 BCG Viton Duro 75	1011-3139-000	
7	Screw, M4x45 Hex Cap Head	N122024	(4)

* The Valve Block Subassembly (Item 2) includes the Inflow Check Valve Assembly (Item 10 on the following page).

** Apply a thin coat of silicone sealant (Refer to Section 10.1.4) to threads of mounting post after mounting the solenoid but prior to securing the thumb nut. Install the washer with the dome facing outward (toward nut) and the nut with raised surface against the washer.



10.26.3 Electronic Vaporizer - Flowmeter Assembly

Item	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1*	Flowmeter Subassembly	1011-7001-000-S	
2	Manifold Temperature Sensor Board	1011-3107-000-S	
3	Screw, Sems M3x6 Pozidriv Pan HD	0140-6219-128	(2)
4	O-ring, ID3.68 OD7.24 BCG Viton Duro 75	1011-3139-000	(2)
5	Valve, Flow Control BCG	1011-3118-000	
6	Screw, M3x20 Pozidriv Pan HD	0140-6719-103	(2)
7	Bracket	1011-3989-000	
8	Valve, 3-Way Inflow/Outflow Zero	1011-3117-000	(2)
9	Gasket	1011-3136-000	(2)
10*	Inflow Check Valve Assembly	M1106739-S	
11	Valve, Relief 5.5 psi	1006-4128-000	
12	Screw, M4x8 BT SKT HD SST TYPE 316	0140-6226-118	
13	Plug, Backpressure Valve	1011-3142-000	
14	O-ring, Viton .364ID BCG .5040D X .070W	1605-3071-000	(2)
15	Valve, Backpressure	1011-3983-000	

* The Flowmeter Subassembly (Item 1) and the Valve Block Subassembly (Item 2 on the previous page) include the Inflow Check Valve Assembly (Item 10).

10.27 Aladin₂ Cassette Components

Item	Description		Stock Number	Qty
1	Filler cap (includes O-ring and tether)		1100-3043-000	
2	O-ring, filler cap		1100-3135-000	
3	Handle		1100-8001-000	
4	Screw, handle		1100-3134-000	(2)
5	Agent Cassette board		1011-3170-000	
6	Screw, M3x10 with Nylon, SKT HD CAP	non-DES	M1059773	(2)
7	Screw, M3x10 with Nylon, HEX HD CAP	DES	M1083995	(2)
8	Washer, insulating	DES	N115003	(2)
9	Relief Valve, DES cassette only	DES	1100-3077-000	
10	Sight glass, with two o-rings		1100-3083-000	
11	O-ring, sight glass		1100-3114-000	(2)
12	Screw, sight glass		1100-3134-000	(2)
13	Contact retainer		1100-3044-000	
14	Front labels, with Enhanced Temperature Sensi	ng		
		DES	1100-3052-000	
		ENF	M1127133	
		ISO	M1127135	
		SEV	M1127137	
	Front labels, without Enhanced Temperatur Ser	nsing		
		ENF	1100-3053-000	
		ISO	1100-3055-000	
		SEV	1100-3056-000	
15	Masks			
		DES	1100-3058-000	
		ENF	1100-3059-000	
		ISO	1100-3061-000	
		SEV	1100-3062-000	
		Test	1011-3920-000	
16	Screw, M3x10 with Nylon, SKT HD CAP		M1059773	
17	Screw, bottom plate		6019-5404-301	(2)
18	Label, OEM			
		Baxter	1100-3140-000	
	A	bbott SEVO	1100-3139-000	


non-DES cassette



DES cassette



5









10.28 Anesthetic Gas Scavenging System – AGSS

10.28.1 Passive Items 1 AGSS

Items 1 through 12 are included in all AGSS kits.

Item **Description, Common Parts** Stock Number Qty 1 Seal, Receiver Body 1407-3901-000 2 Reservoir 1407-3903-000 3 Seal and scavenging down-tube 1407-3904-000 4 Thumbscrew, M6x28.5 1406-3305-000 5 0-ring, 4.42 ID, 9.65 OD 1407-3923-000 (2) 6 Thumbscrew, M6x43 1406-3304-000 7 Valve, unidirectional (negative pressure relief) 1406-8219-000 7a Seat, Valve, Negative Pressure 1406-3396-000 7b Retainer, disc 1400-3017-000 *7c 0-ring, 20.35 ID, 23.90 OD 1406-3397-000 7d Disc, check-valve 0210-5297-100 8* O-ring, 22 ID, 30 OD silicone 1407-3104-000 (2) 9* 0-ring, 21.95 ID, 25.51 OD 1406-3558-000 10 Screw, M4x8 9211-0640-083 (2) 11 Cap, 3.18 Barb, Silicone 1406-3524-000 12 Adapter, auxiliary inlet, 30-mm male to 30-mm male M1003134 13 Adapter, auxiliary inlet, 30-mm male to 19-mm male M1003947 **Passive AGSS Specific Parts** Receiver, Passive/Adjustable 14 1407-3908-000 15 Plug Assembly, tethered 1407-3909-000 (2) 16 Screw, shoulder M3 1407-3915-000 17 Connector, 30-mm ISO, Male 1406-3555-000

* Lubricate sparingly with Krytox

Adapter, scavenging, 30-mm female to 19-mm male

18

(5 pack)

1500-3376-000



10.28.2 Adjustabl Items 1 through 12 are included in all AGSS kits. e AGSS **Description, Common Parts** Item Stock Number 1 Seal, Receiver Body 1407-3901-000 2 Reservoir 1407-3903-000 3 Seal and scavenging down-tube 1407-3904-000 4 Thumbscrew, M6x28.5 1406-3305-000 5 0-ring, 4.42 ID, 9.65 OD 1407-3923-000 6 Thumbscrew, M6x43 1406-3304-000 7 Valve, unidirectional (negative pressure relief) 1406-8219-000 7a Seat, Valve, Negative Pressure 1406-3396-000 7b Retainer, disc 1400-3017-000 *7c 0-ring, 20.35 ID, 23.90 OD 1406-3397-000 7d Disc, check-valve 0210-5297-100 8* 0-ring, 22 ID, 30 OD silicone 1407-3104-000 9* 0-ring, 21.95 ID, 25.51 OD 1406-3558-000 10 Screw, M4x8 9211-0640-083 11 Cap, 3.18 Barb, Silicone 1406-3524-000

111400 3024 00012Adapter, auxiliary inlet, 30-mm male to 30-mm maleM100313413Adapter, auxiliary inlet, 30-mm male to 19-mm maleM1003947

Adjustable AGSS Specific Parts

14	Receiver, Passive/Adjustable	1407-3908-000
15	Plug Assembly, tethered	1407-3909-000
16	Screw, shoulder M3	1407-3915-000
17	Needle Valve Assembly (with DISS EVAC connector)	1407-3918-000
18	Bag with 30 mm male connector	8004460

* Lubricate sparingly with Krytox

Qty

(2)

(2)

(2)



10.28.3 Active	Items	s 1 through 12 are included in all AGSS kits.		
AGSS	ltom	Description Common Ports	Stool Number	04
	1	Soal Pagaiyar Rody		QLY
	1	Reservoir	1407-3901-000	
	2	Seal and scavenging down-tube	1407-3903-000	
	5 Л	Thumberrew M6v28 5	1407-3304-000	
	т 5	$\Omega_{\rm ring} = 4.42 \text{ID} = 9.65 \Omega_{\rm r}$	1/07-3923-000	(2)
	6	Thumbscrew M6x/3	1/06-330/-000	(2)
	7	Valve unidirectional (negative pressure relief)	1406-8219-000	
	' 7a	Seat Valve Negative Pressure	1406-3396-000	
	7u 7h	Retainer disc	1400-3017-000	
	*7c	0-ring 20 35 ID 23 90 0D	1406-3397-000	
	7d	Disc. check-valve	0210-5297-100	
	8*	0-ring 22 ID 30 0D silicone	1407-3104-000	(2)
	9*	0-ring 21 95 ID 25 51 0D	1406-3558-000	(-)
	10	Screw M4x8	9211-0640-083	(2)
	11	Cap. 3.18 Barb. Silicone	1406-3524-000	(-)
	12	Adapter, auxiliary inlet, 30-mm male to 30-mm male	M1003134	
	13	Adapter, auxiliary inlet, 30-mm male to 19-mm male	M1003947	
	-			
	Active A	GSS Specific Parts		
	14	Receiver, with air brake	1407-3900-000	
	15	Seal, for filter and orifice	1407-3902-000	(2)
	16	Filter	1406-3521-000	
	Active H	ligh Flow Specific Parts		
	17a	Connector, high flow M30 thread	1406-3557-000	
	18	Orifice, high flow	1407-3920-000	
	Active L	ow Flow with EVAC connector Specific Parts		
	17b	Connector, low flow EVAC	1406-3597-000	
	18	Orifice, low flow	1407-3919-000	
	Active L	ow Flow with 25 mm connector Specific Parts		
	17c	Connector, low flow 25 mm	1406-3573-000	
	18	Orifice, low flow	1407-3919-000	
	Active L	ow Flow with 12.7 mm hose barb connector Specific Pa	arts	
	17d	Connector, low flow 12.7 mm (1/2 inch)	1406-3574-000	
	18	-none-		
	Active L	ow Flow with 30 mm ISO male connector Specific Parts	5	
	17e	Connector, 30 mm ISO, Male	1406-3555-000	
	18	Orifice, low flow	1407-3919-000	

* Lubricate sparingly with Krytox





10.29 Tabletop components

Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Tabletop, work surface	1011-3255-000
2	Screw, M4x12 relieved	1504-3001-000
3	Washer, M4 retainer Nylon	1009-3178-000
4a 4b	Screw, relieved M4x16 Washer, M5 flat	1011-3980-000 1006-1459-000
5	Clip (used with bag arm)	1009-3142-000
6	Clip (used with bag on tube)	1009-3139-000
7	Window, check-valve	1009-3088-000
8	Palnut	1009-3090-000
9	Hook, breathing circuit	1009-3086-000
10	Bolt, shoulder	1009-3172-000
11	Washer, wave	1009-3035-000
12	Washer, Nylon	1009-3150-000

10.30 Legris quick-release fittings

		Item	Description	Stock Number
		1	Tees — (tube/tube/tube)	
			4 mm (N ₂ 0)	1202-3653-000
			6 mm (0 ₂)	1006-3544-000
			8 mm (Air)	1006-3545-000
			8 mm/6 mm/8 mm (SCGO pilot)	1009-3297-000
			$3/16$ inch (CO $_2$ and Heliox)	0213-4727-300
		2	Tees – (tube/tube/standpipe)	
			6 mm (0 ₂)	1006-3862-000
			8 mm (Air - Drive gas)	1009-3370-000
\land		3	Elbow — (tube/standpipe)	
\bigwedge	\square		4 mm (N ₂ 0)	1006-3533-000
A			6 mm (0 ₂)	1006-3534-000
			8 mm (Air)	1006-3535-000
			1/4 inch (mixed gas)	1006-3737-000
			1/4 inch (45° - mixed gas)	1009-3368-000
		4	Elbow — (tube/tube)	
			1/4 inch (mixed gas)	1202-3804-000
			4 mm (N ₂ 0)	1009-3040-000
			6 mm (0 ₂)	1009-3041-000
		5	Y	
			6 mm (0 ₂)	1009-3043-000
			8 mm (Air)	1009-3044-000
			8 mm Y with tailpiece	1009-3360-000
			1/4 inch (mixed gas)	1006-3065-000
Г	[6	Plug	
L			4 mm (N ₂ O)	1006-3530-000
			6 mm (0 ₂)	1006-3531-000
			8 mm (Air)	1006-3532-000
			$3/16$ inch (CO $_2$ and Heliox)	1006-3835-000
Г		7	Union, male to male	
L	Ų]		1/4 inch (mixed gas)	M1142987

Note: Not every fitting is used in all machines.

10.31 Vent Drive and low-pressure tubing

Item	Description		Length — Size	Stock Number
1	Coupler, female - black		-	1503-3128-000
2	Coupler, male - black			1503-3237-000
3	Coupler, female - white			1503-3119-000
4	Coupler, male - white			1503-3236-000
5	Coupler, female - yellow			1503-3132-000
6	Coupler, male - yellow			1407-3330-000
7	Coupler, female - blue			1503-3130-000
8	Coupler, male - blue			1407-3331-000
9	Tee (male barb)			1009-3011-000
10	Fitting, coupler barb ends			1009-3077-000
11	Plug, 4-mm			1006-3530-000
12	Tubing (silicone)		72 mm - 3/8 inch	1009-3164-000
13	Tubing (silicone)		62 mm - 3/8 inch	1009-3164-000
14	Tubing (silicone)		70 mm - 3/8 inch	1009-3164-000
15	Tubing (silicone)		70 mm - 3/8 inch	1009-3164-000
	Tube Markings (factory bui	ld only)	Length — Size	
128	unmarked	(low-pressure)	300 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
129	unmarked	(low-pressure)	151 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
134	unmarked	(low-pressure)	25 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
135	unmarked	(low-pressure)	50 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
137	RGM to Circuit	(low-pressure)	300 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
240	PAW	(low-pressure)	500 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
300	VENT DRIVE	(black)	360 mm - 8 mm	1009-3296-000
314	unmarked	(black)	550 mm - 6 mm	1009-3295-000
315	unmarked		60 mm - 8 mm	1001-3063-000
316	unmarked		300 mm - Tygon	6700-0005-300
317	unmarked		470 mm - Tygon	6700-0005-300
318	unmarked		690 mm - Tygon	6700-0005-300
321	unmarked	(black)	640 mm - 8 mm	1009-3296-000
322	unmarked	(black)	235 mm - 4 mm	1009-3363-000
323	unmarked	(black)	110 mm - 4 mm	1009-3363-000
327	VAP SCAV B/S SCAV	(blue)	940 mm - 1/4 inch	1011-3905-000
331	VENT DRIVE	(black)	430 mm - 8 mm	1009-3296-000
332	M GAS SCAV B/S SCAV	(low-pressure)	550 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
333	B/S SCAV AGSS FLWMTR	(low-pressure)	500 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
334	B/S PEEP PORT VIB	(low-pressure)	500 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
335	M GAS SCAV B/S SCAV	(low-pressure)	200 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
340	unmarked		40 mm - 8 mm	1001-3063-000
341	A/SCGO FG VAP OUT		600 mm - 1/4 inch	1001-3064-000
347	unmarked	(blue)	50 mm - 1/4 inch	1011-3905-000
348	unmarked	(low-pressure)	110 mm - 1/4 inch	1605-1001-000
350	unmarked		170 mm - 1/4 inch	1001-3064-000

* Refer to Section 10.32

** Sample gas return is directed to the scavenging system as a factory default. A qualified service representative can reroute the sample gas back to the breathing system (refer to Section 9.23).

*** These are original tubing connections to the eVap. Refer to Section 10.32 for current tubing connections to the eVap.



10.32 Tubing for use with Legris fittings (0₂ supplies)

This tubing is a flexible, Nylon-type tubing for use with quick-release fittings.

Item	Description		Length — Size	Stock Number
1	unmarked		96 mm - 1/4 inch	1001-3064-000
2	unmarked		167 mm - 1/4 inch	1001-3064-000
3	unmarked	(blue)	68 mm - 1/4 inch	1011-3905-000

Tube Markings (factory build only)

303	unmarked		200 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
304	unmarked		150 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
305	unmarked		110 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
306	unmarked		120 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
310	unmarked		310 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
312	ALT 02 FLOWMETER TEE		620 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
313	unmarked		140 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
320	unmarked		420 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
325	unmarked		130 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
326	unmarked		80 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
329	unmarked	(clear)	140 mm - 1/8 inch	0994-6370-010
337	unmarked		45 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
338	unmarked		130 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
341	A/SCGO FG VAP OUT		600 mm - 1/4 inch	1001-3064-000
342	SWITCH PORT 4 ALT 02 IN		500mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
343	MIXER OUT VAP IN		660 mm - 1/4 inch	1001-3064-000
344	unmarked		40 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
345	unmarked		65 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
346	unmarked		60 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000
349	unmarked		130 mm - 1/4 inch	1001-3064-000
350	unmarked		170 mm - 1/4 inch	1001-3064-000
353	unmarked		75 mm - 6 mm	1001-3062-000

* Refer to Section 10.31.

** These are current tubing connections to the eVap. Refer to Section 10.31 for original tubing connections to the eVap.



10.33 Tubing for use with Legris fittings (3rd cylinder)

This tubing is a flexible, Nylon-type tubing for use with quick-release fittings.

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* Refer to Section 10.11.1.





2nd O₂ - Third Cylinder



10.34 Tubing for use with Legris fittings (Air and N_2O supplies)

This tubing is a flexible, Nylon-type tubing for use with quick-release fittings.

ltem	Description	Length — Size	Stock Number
	Tube Markings (factory build only)		
307	unmarked	200 mm - 8 mm	1001-3063-000
308	unmarked	230 mm - 4 mm	1001-3060-000
309	unmarked	440 mm - 8 mm	1001-3063-000
319	unmarked	310 mm - 4 mm	1001-3060-000
336	unmarked	40 mm - 4 mm	1001-3060-000
339	unmarked	40 mm - 8 mm	1001-3063-000

* Refer to Section 10.11.1.



10.35 Cables and harnesses

ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Power Cord	Refer to Section 10.5
2	Harness, 100/120 V to Toroid Harness, 220/240 V to Toroid	1011-3538-000 1011-3539-000
3	Harness, to 100/120 V outlets Harness, to 220/240 V outlets	1011-3526-000 1011-3527-000
5	Harness, Fuse block to Power Supply	1011-3581-000
8	Harness, Filter Board to SCGO/ACGO	1009-5528-000
9	Harness, Filter Board to ABS flow sensors (includes tubing)	1009-8223-000
10	Cable, Filter Board to Vent Engine harness connector	1009-5521-000
11	Harness, Filter Board to O_2 Cell and ABS switches	1009-5531-000
12	Harness, Filter Board to Task Light	1011-3400-000
13	Harness, Task Light switch	1011-3545-000
14	Harness, Vent Engine Board	1009-5545-000
15	Harness, Bag/Vent switch to Filter Board harness	1009-5585-000
16	Harness, O ₂ Cell to Filter Board harness	1009-5586-000
17	Harness, ACGO switch to Filter Board harness	1009-5872-000
18	Harness, Canister Release switch (CO ₂ Bypass)	1407-3144-000





10.36 Cables and harnesses in lower electronic enclosure

Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Cable, to M-Gas (Airway module) power supply	1011-3549-000
2	Cable, to Display Unit system power interface	1011-3547-000
3	Cable, to Display Unit system signal interface	1011-3548-000
4	Harness, J3-PCB to J5-DCB	1009-5552-000
5	Cable, ribbon J2-ACB to J9-DCB	1009-5561-000
6	Harness, J7-ACB to J6-DCB	1009-5556-000
7	Cable, ribbon J1-ACB to underside of Pan Connector Board	1011-3186-000
8	Harness, J3-ACB to underside of Pan Connector Board	1011-3199-000
9	Harness, J6-ACB to J4-PCB	1009-5551-000
10	Harness, (flex cable) battery	1011-3698-000
11	Harness, Power Supply to PCB	1011-3591-000
12	Harness, PCB to AuxCB	1011-3590-000
13	Harness, DCB to AuxCB	1011-3582-000
14	Cable, S/5 AM Pwr Comm (F-CU8, Rev 10 or greater, required for battery backup of 12 inch AM Display)	1011-3593-000
15	Cable, On-Standby RS232	1009-5935-000



10.37 Cables and harnesses in Pan enclosure

ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Cable, ribbon J1-ACB to underside of Pan Connector board	1011-3186-000
2	Harness, J3-ACB to underside of Pan Connector board	1011-3199-000
3	Harness, Filter board to VIB	1011-3408-000
4	Harness, Pan Connector board to VIB	1009-5547-000
5	Cable, ribbon, Pan Connector board to Mixer	1011-3195-000
6	Harness, Pan Fan extension	1011-3561-000
7	Harness, On/Standby (System) switch (not used with new System switch - Refer to Section 10.15)	1009-5542-000
8	Harness, Pan Connector board to gas supply transducers	1011-3404-000
9	Harness, Pan Connector board to Alt O_2 and System switch	1011-3403-000
10	Harness, Pan Connector board to EV	1011-3108-000



10.38 Airway module (M-Gas) components



ltem	Description
1	Screw, M4x8
2	Screw, M3x8 PAN
3	Guide, MGAS module
4	Spacer
5	Screw, 4-40x3/8 PAN HD
6	Base, M-Gas power supply
7	Cover, M-Gas power supply
8	Standoff
9	Lockwasher, #4 split
10	Power Supply board, M-Gas
11	Screw, M4x8

1006-3178-000
9211-0430-083
1009-3072-000
1011-3373-000
0140-6512-106
1011-3350-000
1011-3351-000
1504-3007-000
0144-1104-331
1011-3178-000
0140-6226-113

Stock Number



10.39 Breathing system interface

10.40 Breathing System

10.40.1 APL Valve



	V V
1009-8200-000	
1406-3328-000	
1407-3404-000	
1406-3331-000	
1406-3333-000	
1406-3332-000	
1407-3400-000	
1407-3405-000	
1407-3401-000	
1407-3402-000	
1407-3412-000	
1407-3406-000	
1407-3407-000	
1407-3104-000	
1407-3403-000	
1407-3408-000	
0140-6226-115	(2)
9213-0540-003	(2)
1407-3410-000	(3)
1407-3411-000	(3)
0140-6226-122	(2)
1407-3409-000	(2)
0144-2436-108	(3)
	1009-8200-000 1406-3328-000 1406-3328-000 1406-3331-000 1406-3333-000 1406-3332-000 1406-3332-000 1407-3400-000 1407-3405-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3402-000 1407-3406-000 1407-3407-000 1407-3408-000 0140-6226-115 9213-0540-003 1407-3411-000 0140-6226-122 1407-3409-000 0144-2436-108

10.40.2 Bag/Vent Switch



Item	Description	Stock Number	QTY
	BTV Switch Cartridge	1407-7003-000	
1	COVER BTV	1407-3500-000	
2	SCR SEMS M4X8 BT SKT HD W/EXT L/W SST 316	0144-2436-108	(2)
3	0-RING 44.02 ID 51.1 OD 3.53 W SI 70 DURO	1407-3507-000	
4	SEAL, BTV	1407-3506-000	

10.40.3 Absorber canister



ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Multi-Absorber canister, reusable (does not include absorbent)	1407-7004-000	
2	Cover assembly, CO ₂ canister	1009-8240-000	
3	Foam, CO ₂ canister (pack of 40)	1407-3201-000	
4	0-ring	1407-3204-000	
5	Canister, CO ₂	1407-3200-000	
	Multi-Absorber canister, disposable (white to violet; pack of 6)	8003138	
	Multi-Absorber canister, disposable (pink to white; pack of 6)	8003963	

10.40.4 Flow Sensor Module



ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
	Flow Sensor Module (*)	1407-7001-000	
1*	Flow Sensor (plastic - moisture resistant)	1503-3858-000	
	Flow Sensor (metal - autoclavable)	1503-3244-000	
	Flow Port Adapter	1503-3849-000	
2	Cover, Flow Sensor (Avance and Aespire machines)	1407-3000-000	
	Cover, Flow Sensor (Aisys machines)	1011-3283-000	
3	HOLDER FLOW SNSR UPPER	1407-3002-000	
4	HOLDER FLOW SNSR LOWER	1407-3003-000	
5	SCR THUMB M6X43 SST	1406-3304-000	
6	SCR M4 .07 X 10 SKT CAP BUTTON HEAD SST	0144-2117-718	(2)
7	CUFF FLOW SNSR	1407-3004-000	(2)
8	LATCH FLOW SNSR	1407-3001-000	
9	SPR TORSION FLOW SNSR LATCH	1407-3005-000	
10	RING TRUARC .188 SHAFT E-RING SST	0203-5225-300	

* The flow sensors are not included in the flow sensor module.





** Lubricate sparingly with Krytox.

10.40.6 Exhalation valve



Item	Description	Stock Number	Qty
	Exhalation Valve assembly	1407-7005-000	
1	Base, exhalation valve	1407-3701-000	
2	Diaphragm assembly	1503-8121-000	
3	Seat, exhalation valve	1407-3704-000	
4	Cover, exhalation valve	1407-3700-000	
5	Screw, M4x16 PH PAN HD	9211-0440-163	(3)
6	0-ring, 2.9 ID 6.46 OD 1.78 W EP 70 DURO	1407-3409-000	(3)
7	Thumbscrew, M6x43 10mm head	1406-3306-000	(2)
8	O-ring, 4.47 ID x 8.03 OD 1.78 W EPR 70 DURO	1407-3703-000	(2)
9	Retainer, disk 26.97D 12.7H 0.76T SST flutter	1400-3017-000	
10	Weight, dead 10 cm H2O	1406-3572-000	
11	Seat	1406-3571-000	
12*	0-ring, 0D19.16 ID15.6 EPDM DUR0 70 -016	1006-3616-000	
13	Ring, retaining 19.05 SHAFT DIA	1406-3577-000	

* Lubricate sparingly with Krytox.

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10.40.7 Bellows



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Bellows housing	1500-3117-000
2	Bellows	1500-3378-000
3	Rim	1500-3351-000
4	Pressure relief valve assy	1500-3377-000
5	Latch, base	1500-3352-000
6	Seal, base	1500-3359-000
7	Base, bellows	Refer to Section 10.40.8
8	Manifold, bellows base	1407-3702-000

10.40.8 Bellow base



Description	Stock Number
Bellows Base Assy	1407-7006-000
Latch Assy	1407-7007-000
HOOK LATCH	1407-3604-000
E-Ring	0203-5225-300
	Description Bellows Base Assy Latch Assy HOOK LATCH E-Ring

10.40.9 Bag Arms





10.40.10 EZchange Canister system (CO₂ Bypass)

21 20 18 (19) - 15	(16)		5 5 6 (7) -9	
	ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
		EZchange Canister module	1407-7021-000	
	1	Cover, Bypass Manifold	1407-3123-000	
	2	Manifold, Bypass	1407-3113-000	
	3	Screw, M3x8 PT PAN PH SST	0142-4254-106	(2)
	4**	0-ring, 59.92 ID 66.98 OD 3.53 W SIL 50 DURO	1407-3142-000	
	5	Cap, Manifold	1407-3130-000	
	6	Lever, Switch Actuator	1407-3116-000	
	7	Spring, Torsion Switch Actuator Lever	1407-3117-000	
	8*	Screw, M3x0.5 Shoulder 4 DIA X 4 L SST	1407-3915-000	(2)
	9	Lever, Canister Latch	1407-3115-000	
	10	Seal, Drain	1407-3121-000	
	11**	0-ring, 37.69 ID 44.75 OD 3.53 W SIL 50 DURO	1407-3129-000	
	12**	0-ring, 50.39 ID 57.45 OD 3.53 W SIL 50 DURO	1407-3143-000	
	13**	0-ring, 0D30 ID 22 4W SIL 40 DUR0	1407-3104-000	(2)
	14***	Valve, Housing Assembly Bypass	1407-3126-000	
	15	Screw, Thumb M4 Shoulder 7.5 X 7	1407-3410-000	
	16	Ring, Retaining 3.96 Shaft DIA SST	1407-3411-000	
	17	Cradle Canister	1407-3118-000	
	18	Screw, M4x10 CSK SKT HD SST TYPE 316	0140-6226-119	(2)
	19**	Spacer, Shoulder 6.8 DIA x4.1 L	1407-3120-000	(2)
	20	Support, Cradle Pivot	1407-3119-000	
	21	Screw, M4x8 Sems BT SKT HD SST 316	0144-2436-108	(3)
	* Apply	Loctite 242.		
	** Lubr	icate sparingly with Krytox.		

** Lubricate sparingly with Krytox.
*** Rubber valve seats can not be removed from assembly (Item 14).

10.40.11 Condenser

Item	Description	Stock Number	Qty
	Condenser assembly (includes all Items)	1407-7026-000	
	Condenser module (Items 1 through 16)	1407-7025-000	
	Condenser (Items 17 through 26)	1407-7024-000	
1	Cover, Bypass Manifold	1407-3123-000	
2	Manifold, Condenser	1407-3114-000	
3	Screw, PT PAN PH M3X8 SST	0142-4254-106	(2)
4**	0-ring, 63.09 ID 70.15 OD	1407-3142-000	
5	Lever, Canister Latch	1407-3115-000	
6*	Screw, M3x0.5 Shoulder 4 DIA X 4 L SST	1407-3915-000	(2)
7	0-ring, 12.37 ID 17.6 OD	1006-3968-000	
8**	0-ring, 37.69 ID 44.75 0D	1407-3129-000	
9**	0-ring, 50.39 ID 57.45 OD	1407-3143-000	
10**	0-ring, 22 ID 30 0D	1407-3104-000	(2)
11	Cap, Valve Housing	1407-3125-000	
12	Screw, Thumb M4 Shoulder 7.5 X 7	1407-3410-000	
13	Ring, Retaining 3.96 Shaft DIA SST	1407-3411-000	
14*	Pin, Condenser Manifold	1407-3131-000	(2)
15	Support, Cradle Pivot	1407-3119-000	
16	Screw, M4x8 Sems BT SKT HD	0144-2436-108	(3)
17	Tube Assembly	1407-3133-000-S	
18	Reservoir, Condenser	1407-3137-000	
19	Seal, Condenser Reservoir	1407-3136-000	
20	Spring, Compression Drain Button	1407-3135-000	
21	Button, Drain	1407-3134-000	
22	Cover, Condenser	1407-3138-000	
23	Guard	1407-3145-000	
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* Apply Loctite 242.

** Lubricate sparingly with Krytox.


10.41 High Performance Display Unit (HPDU)

	ltem	Description	Stock Number
	1	Enclosure. rear (HPDU)	1011-8084-000-3
	2	Gasket, cover plate	1009-5678-000
	3	Door	1009-5679-000
	4	CPU Board, HPDU	1009-5933-000
	5	Battery, Lithium 3V (positive side up)	1009-5800-000
	0 7*	Backlight Kit for DG 41 display	1009-5958-000
	'	(backlight assembly 2 inverters 2 insulators and bardware)	1003 0422 000
	7a	Harness, inverter	1009-5527-000
	7b	Spacer, 8mm Nylon	1009-5695-000
	7c	Insulator, tube	1009-3149-000
	8	Grommet, diagonal cut (backlight cable)	1009-3152-000
	9 10	Enclosure, front	1009-5672-000
	10	Window	1009-5602-000
	12	Encoder assembly	1503-3012-000
	13	Knob, ComWheel	898794
	14**	Membrane switches, right	1009-5505-000
	15**	Membrane switches, lower	1009-5507-000
	16**	Membrane switches, left	1009-5506-000
	1/ 18	Keypad, right-side (part of keypad set)	Refer to Table 1
	19	Keypad, left (part of keypad set)	Refer to Table 1
	20	Speaker assembly, 8-ohm	1605-3263-000
	21	Connector Panel Assembly (with interface boards) - HPDU	M1056239
	22	Cable, ribbon CPU to Display	1009-5520-000
	23	Grommet	1009-3151-000
	24 25	Fan, 12Vdc (HPDU) Capsula, fan filter	M1128637
	25	Filter fan	897010
	27	Compact Flash Card, formatted	M1055008
	28	External Compact Flash Interface Replacement Kit	M1056240
	29***	Fan, CPU - with heatsink 12V	1009-6095-000
	30	Guard	1011-3634-000
	31 20	SCIEW, M4X12 PAN	0140-6226-111
	33	Screw M4x16 PAN	9211-0440-163
Where Used (Not Shown)	00		0211 0110 100
Speaker (2) Door (2) -	34	Screw, M3x6 Sems	0140-6219-128
Rear enclosure (4) –	35	Screw, M4x12 relieved body	1504-3001-000
Rear enclosure $(4) -$	36	Lockwasher, M4 external	9213-0540-003
Fan (4) — Fan (4) —	31 38	SCIEW, M3X10 Lockwacher M3 external	1504-3003-000
Inverters (4) –	39	Screw. M3x6 Nvlon	9211-1730-065
CPU to plate (4) –	40	Screw, M4x8 Sems	0140-6226-113
Connector panel (2) –			
Ground straps, keypads (2) –			
Mounting plate (10) –			

* When replacing a backlight or a backlight inverter, you must replace both inverters and the backlight assembly found in the Backlight Kit (Item 7).

** Keypads will likely be damaged during membrane switch replacement, order parts accordingly.

*** Remove (discard) the heatsink from the replacement fan before installing it onto the CPU heatsink on the HPDU CPU board (Refer to Section 9.11.3).



Table 1:	
Language	Keypad Set
Chinese	M1062992
Czech	M1062993
Danish	M1062994
Dutch	M1062995
English	M1062991
Finnish	M1062996
French	M1062997
German	M1062998
Greek	M1062999
Hungarian	M1063000
Italian	M1063001
Japanese	M1063002
Norwegian	M1063003
Polish	M1063004
Portuguese	M1063005
Russian	M1063006
Spanish	M1063377
Swedish	M1063007
Turkish	M1063008





10.42 Display arm



ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Display arm assembly	1011-3290-000	
2	Label, arm cable routing	1011-3568-000	
3*	Washer, friction shoulder	1011-3390-000	
4	Bearing, Nyliner with key	1006-3228-000	
5**	Spacer, split plastic	1011-3393-000	
6	Support, shaft bottom	1011-3388-000	
7	Screw, M6x16 Sems	0144-2436-109	2
8	Support, shaft top	1011-3389-000	
9	Screw, M6x16 SKT HD CAP	1011-3894-000	4
10	Lockwasher, M6 internal	0144-1118-130	4
11	Roll pin, 0.25 OD	0201-0757-300	
12	Washer, shoulder	1407-3814-000	
13	Screw, M4x12 SKT HD CAP	1102-3006-000	
14	Lockwasher, M4 internal	0144-1118-128	

* Lubricate both sides of friction washer (Item 3) and completely around the first 3 cm of shaft next to washer.

** Ensure end-gap of spacer is opposite slot in lower support.

*** Push spacer (Item 5) into lower support using shoulder on shaft.

Note:

When replacing the display arm, loosen the mounting screws (**Item 7**) for the bottom shaft support (Item 6) to ease alignment. Retighten the screws before replacing the shoulder washer (Item 12).

10.42.1 Display arm shroud and covers



ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Cover, display arm	1011-3629-000	
2	Screw, M4x12 captive	1504-3001-000	5
3	Washer, M4 retaining Nylon	1009-3178-000	5
4	Cover, base	1011-3631-000	
5	Strain relief, sponge	1011-3642-000	
6	Screw, M4x20 SKT HD CAP	0144-2124-218	4
7	Handle, display arm clamping	1011-3915-000	
8	Shroud, display arm	1011-3293-000	
9	Screw, M4x12 Pan HD	0140-6226-111	5
10	Cover, sliding locking handle	1011-3296-000	
11	Bumper, display arm	1011-3814-000	
12	Cover, base display arm rear	1011-3630-000	
13	Button, retaining spring	1602-3010-000	4
14	Spring, 6.1 OD	1602-3022-000	2
15	Swivel, display arm shroud	1602-3011-000	2

* Attach a button at one end of the spring; from the other side, hook the spring and extend it through the swivel; hold the spring with needle nose pliers and attach the second button to the spring to hold the swivel in place.

10.43 Wrist casting assembly mounting



ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Nut, 1/2-13 Hex Nyloc	1006-4595-000	
2	Washer, 13.5 ID 25.4 OD	1006-3828-000	2
3	Washer, bearing 0.5 inch ID	1006-4593-000	2
4*	Bearing, thrust 0.5 inch ID	1006-4594-000	
5	Wrist casting assembly	Refer to 10.43.1	
6	Display arm assembly	Refer to 10.42	

* Lubricate both sides sparingly with Krytox.

** Lubricate surface of friction washer sparingly with Krytox

10.43.1 Wrist casting assembly



Item	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Wrist casting with friction washer	M1056169	
2	Washer, thrust - plastic	1602-3017-000	2
3	Axle bearing	1602-3021-000	2
4	Screw, M4x16 SKT HD CAP	1011-3893-000	6
5	Lockwasher, M4 internal	0144-1118-128	6
6	Housing, bearing	1011-3391-000	2
7*	Spacer, slip - plastic	1602-3015-000	2
8**	Bearing assembly	M1055689	2

* Ensure end-gap of spacer is opposite slot in housing.

** Insert the bearing assembly into the bearing housing with writing on side of bearing facing up (same side as relief on bearing housing.

*** Lubricate axle bearing and thrust washer sparingly with Krytox. On right-side axle bearing, align relieved area on bearing housing with pin on wrist casting. On left-side axle bearing, the relieved area faces away from the wrist casting.

10.43.2 Wrist casting bearing caps



ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1*	Washer, thrust - plastic	1602-3017-000	2
2	Cap, arm bearing inner	1011-3392-000	2
3**	Screw, M4x12 SKT HD CAP	1102-3006-000	6
4	Spring, extension 6.1 OD	1602-3022-000	2
5	Cap, arm bearing outer	1011-3600-000	2

 \ast Lubricate the bearing facing thrust washer sparingly with Krytox.

** Apply Loctite 242.

10.44 Display mounting solutions

10.44.1 Default mounting (DU only - no monitors)



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Counterweight	1011-3295-000
2*	Screw, M6x20 SKT HD CAP	0144-2131-921
3	Screw, M4x30 CAP HD	9211-0640-304
4	Lockwasher, M4 internal	0144-1118-128

* Apply Loctite 242.

** Orient unused holes toward breathing system side.

10.44.2 DU with 12-inch monitor (horizontal) option 1011-8361-000



Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Bracket, horizontal 12-inch	1011-3300-000
2*	Screw, M6x16 SKT HD CAP	1011-3894-000
3	Screw, M4x12 SKT HD CAP	1102-3006-000
4	Lockwasher, M4 internal	0144-1118-128

* Apply Loctite 242.

10.44.3 DU with 15- or 17-inch monitor (horizontal) option 1011-8363-000



ltem	Description	Stock Number
1	Bracket, horizontal 15/17- inch	1011-3302-000
2*	Screw, M6x16 SKT HD CAP	1011-3894-000
3	Screw, M4x12 SKT HD CAP	1102-3006-000
4	Lockwasher, M4 internal	0144-1118-128
Not show	n: (additional parts to mount 15-inch mo	onitor display)
	Plate	1006-4395-000
	Screws (4), M4x16 PAN HD	9211-0440-163
	Screw (2), M4x8 Flat HD	0140-6226-107
	Bumper (2)	1006-4665-000
	Holder (2), cable tie	1011-3607-000
	Cable tie (2), 4-inch	0203-5915-300
	Screw, M4x12 SKT HD CAP (4)	1102-3006-000
	Lockwasher, M4 internal (4)	0144-1118-128

10.44.4 DU with 12-, 15-, or 17-inch monitor (vertical) option 1011-8367-000



Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Bracket, vertical 12/15/17-inch	1011-3301-000
2*	Screw, M6x16 SKT HD CAP	1011-3894-000
3	Screw, M4x12 SKT HD CAP	1102-3006-000
4	Lockwasher, M4 internal	0144-1118-128
Not show	n: (additional parts to mount 15-inch m	onitor display)
	Plate	1006-4395-000
	Screws (4), M4x16 PAN HD	9211-0440-163
	Screw (2), M4x8 Flat HD	0140-6226-107
	Bumper (2)	1006-4665-000
	Holder (2), cable tie	1011-3607-000
	Cable tie (2), 4-inch	0203-5915-300
	Screw, M4x12 SKT HD CAP (4)	1102-3006-000
	Lockwasher, M4 internal (4)	0144-1118-128

* Apply Loctite 242.

10.45 Components - upper bay



Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Bay, upper cassette storage	1011-3628-000
2	Screw, M4x6 PAN	1009-3283-000
3	Bracket	1011-3635-000
4	Screw, M4x8 DIN84	1006-3178-000
5	Bezel, cassette storage	1011-3618-000
6	Ramp, module rack	1011-3334-000
7*	Ballstud	1202-3272-000
8	Panel, cosmetic upper rear	1011-3228-000
9	Bezel, upper module rack	1011-3356-000
10	Bezel, upper module rack (for cable raceway)	1011-3382-000
11	Raceway, upper cable manage	1011-3383-000
12	Screw, M4x20 PAN HD	0140-6226-121

* Apply Loctite 242.

10.46 Drawer packs













Description	Stock Number
Drawer. 105 with lock	Refer to Section 10.46.2
Drawer, 105 without lock	Refer to Section 10.46.2
Drawer, 150	Refer to Section 10.46.2
Bay, lower cassette storage	Refer to Section 10.46.3
Shelf, clipboard	Refer to Section 10.46.4
Shelf, module rack low	Refer to Section 10.46.3
Raceway, cable management	Refer to Section 10.46.5
	Description Drawer. 105 with lock Drawer, 105 without lock Drawer, 150 Bay, lower cassette storage Shelf, clipboard Shelf, module rack low Raceway, cable management

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10.46.1 Drawer pack hardware



Item	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Cabinet, drawer pack	1011-3274-000	
2	Screw, M4x16 SKT HD CAP	1011-3893-000	(3)
3	Lockwasher, M4 internal	0144-1118-128	(3)
4	Screw, M4x12 PAN HD	1009-3341-000	(4)
5	Panel, cosmetic bottom	1011-3367-000	
6	Screw, M4x8 FLAT HD	0140-6226-107	(3)

10.46.2 Drawers







Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Drawer, 105 locking (lock not included) Drawer, 105 non-locking Drawer, 150	1011-3620-000 1011-3273-000 1011-3281-000
2	Handle, drawer	1011-3288-000
3	Screw, M4x8 FLAT HD	0140-6226-107
4	Label Set, drawer	1006-4524-000
5	Lock, assembly	1006-3184-000
6	Slide, drawer	1006-4549-000
7	Screw, M4x8 DIN84	1006-3178-000

01/00	M10/6092
04/08	1040903

10.46.3 Storage bay and lower rack



Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Bay, lower cassette storage	1011-3617-000
2	Bracket, cassette storage	1011-3637-000
3	Screw, M4x8 DIN84	1006-3178-000
4*	Screw, M6x35 SKT HD CAP	0144-2131-912
5	Washer, flat 0.25 inch	0144-1014-168
6	Shelf, rack low	1011-3633-000
7	Bracket, rack and clipboard	1011-3635-000
* Apply Loctite 242.		

10.46.4 Clipboard



Item	Description	Stock Number
1*	Shelf, clipboard storage	1011-3636-000
2	Bracket, rack and clipboard	1011-3635-000
3	Screw, M4x8 DIN84	1006-3178-000
4	Cover, clipboard storage	1011-3248-000
5	Seal, PE Foam	1011-3820-000
6	Tape, Acrylic Foam	1009-3272-000

* Below a cassette bay, use clipboard shelf with a cover (**Item 4**). Below a module rack, use clipboard shelf without a cover.

10.46.5 Cable raceway



Item	Description	Stock Number
1	Raceway, lower cable manage	1011-3853-000
2	Support, lower cable manage retainer	1011-3854-000
3	Screw, M4x8 DIN84	1006-3178-000
4	Retainer, lower cable manage	1011-3856-000
5	Plate, cable manage retainer	1011-3855-000
6	Screw, M4x12 FL HD	0140-6226-112
7	Support, cable manage raceway	1011-3839-000



10.47 Side handle and flip-up shelf.



ltem	Description	Stock Number	Qty
1	Handle, side rail	1011-3231-000	
2	Rail, side handle	1011-3616-000	
3	Screw, M6x12 Sems	0144-2436-106	
4*	Screw, M6x40 CUP PT SET	1011-3204-000	(2)(3)
5	Nut, M6 Keps	0144-3717-330	(3)(3)
6	Standoff, 45.5	1011-3649-000	
7	Screw, M6x80 SKT HD CAP	0144-2131-913	
8	Screw, M6x90 SKT HD CAP	1504-3004-000	
9	Lockwasher, M6 internal	0144-1118-130	
10	Standoff , 80.9	1011-3648-000	
11**	Shelf, flip-up	1011-3377-000	
12	Rod, locking	1006-5040-000	
13***	0-ring, OD 10.47	1006-3613-000	(2)
14	Bracket, flip-up shelf RH (one mounting hole)	1011-3647-000	
15	Pin, hinge side shelf	1006-5041-000	(2)
16	Bracket, flip-up shelf LH (two mounting holes)	1011-3646-000	
17	Plug, cap	1006-3654-000	(2)
18	Spring	0203-3510-300	(2)
19	Plate	1006-3013-000	
20	Screw, M8x1	1006-3243-000	(14)
21	Label, 12 kg (25 lb) MAX	1006-4656-000	(2)

* Apply Loctite 242 to handle/shelf bracket end.

** Apply a weight label (Item x) to each side of the shelf.*** O-ring should contact rib when rod is in forward position.



10.48 Outboard cylinder mount

Item	Description	Stock Number
	Outboard cylinder mount kit for Aisys	1011-8090-000
	(includes items 1 through 9)	
	Outboard cylinder mount kit for Aespire	1011-8091-000
	(includes items 1 through 12)	
1	Shroud, Auxiliary Cylinder	1011-3908-000
2	Screw, M5X25 Pan Head Pozidriv	0144-2531-916
3	Lockwasher, M5 External	0144-1118-220
4	Сар	1011-3906-000
5	Bumper	1011-3909-000
6	Retainer	1011-3924-000
7	Screw, M4x8 Sems Pozidriv	0140-6226-113
8	Base, Auxiliary Cylinder	1011-3907-000
9	Pad, Auxiliary Cylinder	1011-3911-000
10	Bracket, Auxiliary Cylinder	1011-3372-000

11

12

Notes

In this section Schematics are subject to change without notice.

Circuit boards are available only as complete assemblies.

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11 Schematics and Diagrams



Figure 11-1 • System circuit diagram



Key to Symbols

- \times = Plugged port (1/8 inch) for sample gas return.
- = Plugged port (30 mm) for auxiliary breathing system scavenging.
- O = Open port (30 mm) for auxiliary breathing system scavenging.
- ***** = Zero to 10 l/min drive gas; zero to 10 l/min patient and fresh gas; zero to 20 l/min total typical flow.

Note: Active AGSS systems with a 12.7 mm connector do not include the Flow Orifice and the Flow Indicator.

Figure 11-2 • Gas scavenging circuits

Key to Numbered Components

- 1. Pipeline inlet
- 2. Pipeline pressure transducer
- 3. High-pressure relief valve (758 kPa / 110 psi)*
- 4. Supply connections for the ventilator and pilot pressure for SCGO
- a. O_2 drive gas
- b. Air drive gas
- 5. Venturi suction supply connection
 - a. O_2 drive gas
- b. Air drive gas
- 6. Cylinder inlet
- 7. Cylinder pressure transducer
- 8. Primary regulator (cylinder pressure)
- 9. Test port (primary regulator)
- 10. System switch
- 11. Selector valve
 - $a = 0_2$; b = Air; $c = N_2 0$
- 12. Flow controller
 - $a = 0_2$; b = balance gas
- 13. Alternate O_2 disable valve
- 14. Hot-wire anemometer
 - $a = O_2$ flow sensor channel; b = balance gas flow sensor channel
- 15. Mixed gas
- 16. Backpressure regulator
- 17. Low-pressure relief valve (38 kPa / 5.5 psi)*
- 18. 0₂ flush and auxiliary flowmeter regulator (241 kPa / 35 psi)*
- 19. 0₂ Flush valve
- 20. Pressure switch (used with the ventilator)
- 21. Breathing system pressure relief valve (SCGO only $-150 \text{ cmH}_2\text{O})^*$
- 22. To Port 3 of ABS interface (circle)
- 23. For SCGO, to Port 2 of ABS interface (non-circle Inspiratory port) For ACGO, to external 22-mm ACGO connector
- 24. Auxiliary O₂ flowmeter (optional)
- * Approximate values

Key to Symbols

- $\not\vdash \rightarrow \vdash$ Pneumatic Connection
- \Leftrightarrow Filter
- \triangleright **Direction of Flow**
- \Diamond **Check Valve**



29.Inflow valve 30.Outflow valve

28 Liquid Level

Sense

Figure 11-3 • Pneumatic circuit diagram

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- 26. Inflow flowmeter
- 27.Outflow flowmeter
- 28. Inflow check valve
- 31.Scavenge valve
- 32. Liquid prevention valve
- 33. Proportional valve





Figure 11-4 • Cabling block diagram



Figure 11-5 • System block diagram (sheet 1 of 3)





Figure 11-6 • System block diagram (sheet 2 of 3)

11 Schematics and Diagrams



Figure 11-7 • System block diagram (sheet 3 of 3)



Key to Symbols

ABS/FB = ABS/Filter Board ACGO = Auxiliary Common Gas Outlet SCGO = Switched Common Gas Outlet VECB = Vent Engine Connector Board

Figure 11-8 • Wiring harnesses



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Figure 11-9 • Electrical cabling block diagram

Auxiliary 0₂ Flowmeter





Figure 11-10 • Tubing

11 Schematics and Diagrams



Figure 11-11 • Schematic, AC Inlet module; 100–120 V (with isolated outlets)



Figure 11-12 • Schematic, AC Inlet module; 220–240 V (with isolated outlets)

11 Schematics and Diagrams

Notes

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12 Service Application

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12.1 Aisys Service Application (PC based)

This section documents the Aisys Service Application that runs on a Windows based computer and communicates with the high performance display unit (HPDU). It is compatible with Aisys system software 3.0 or greater.

To enable communication with the Service Application, the Aisys system must be in the Install/Service mode (or in a failed state provided the display unit is able to communicate).

The application can be used to diagnose electronically detectable failures in an Aisys system.

Note This program is for machine diagnosis. It cannot be used for machine checkout or acceptance tests.

12.1.1 PC Minimum requirements to run the application include:

Requirements

- · Personal computer using a Pentium 600 or higher microprocessor
- Windows 2000/XP
- 1024 by 768 resolution (or higher) video adapter
- Minimum of 128 MB of RAM, 256 MB recommended
- About 150 MB free hard disk space
- Microsoft-compatible mouse or equivalent device
- Serial Port or USB port with an RS-232 adapter

The PC used should meet the GE laptop standards. Screen resolution should be set to 96 dpi.

Port Setup The Service Application communicates with the system through the serial port on the display unit (refer to section 2.5.1).

By default, the communication is channeled through the COM1 port on the PC.

Note: Ensure that no other application (such as PDA hot-sync) is using this port while the Service Application is running.

If other ports are available, you can select an available port in "Preferences" on the File menu (Section 12.5.1).

Startup Screen Launching the Service Application opens the System Status screen. The startup screen establishes proper communications with the system.
12.2 Startup screen – System Status

If proper communication is established, the System Status screen displays the software and hardware revisions of various subsystems in the tested machine.

If there is a communication problem with the system, an error message is displayed and the connection is not completed.

Total Time: Software Release Hodel Code Hachine Serial Hual Option Fackage. Options Key Code:	39 D4 4 5er: 4% 0 G20	7371 Hinu 00-00%-x AKD0242 189CG	itee (sac 01	hine time from	en in Servic	e Hode) A
SUBSYSTEM		SW VER		EV VER	HV 5M	
Anesthesis Control Display Unit CFU B Display Unit BIOS Hixer Board Ventilator SIB Power Controller B Display Controls B Ges Hodule Vencrizer Interface	Board bard bard bard bard	03 50 04 07 02 09 01 29 01 10 01 38 03 33 4 4 n7 n1	1011-30 100%-59 1009-59 1011-30 1011-31 1011-35 XXXE-XX M-CALOW 1011-31	04-000 K 002 33-000105 000 33-000105 000 03-000 MEV X 55-000 MEV E XX-XXX MEV XX E N5-000 101000	OCD03501 OKD01479 XXXXXXXX OCD03451 OCD03451 OCD03478 OF300211 XXXXXXXX 0466510 O4686510 O6001467	
P	ower ematic	Gas I Sche	Delivery amatic	Vent Schematic	Vaporizer Bichemati	

A series of indicator lights at the bottom of the screen give an overall assessment of the system.

- a green bullet indicates proper operation of the subsystem.
- a red X indicates a failed condition in the subsystem.

Schematics The System Status screen includes three Softkeys that provide direct access to the schematical representation of a subsystem as shown in the following sections.

- The Power Schematic indicates the condition of power supplies throughout the system (Section 12.3.1).
- The Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2), the Vent Schematic (Section 12.3.3), and the Vaporizer Schematic (Section 12.3.4) include control devices that allow direct manipulation of components in the subsystem and displays the resulting output values for select downstream components.

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12.3 System Schematics

12.3.1 Power Schematic



12.3.2 Gas Delivery Schematic



The Softkeys at the bottom of the Gas Delivery schematic bring up related diagnostic screens that are also accessible from the Gas Delivery Subsystem menu.

- Gas Supplies (Section 12.8.1)
- Mixer Output (Section 12.8.2)
- *Mixer Press/Temp* (Section 12.8.5)

Notes

Settings	Remarks/Values
Flow/Concentration	Move slider to increase/decrease value. Use arrow keys to
	fine tune setting.
02 Concentration	0%, 21%, 25% to 100%.
(if O2 Concentration selected)	21% minimum for Air Balance Gas
	0% minimum for N20 Balance Gas
Total Flow	Off, 0.10 I/min to 0.50 I/min (in 10 mI/min increments)
(if O2 Concentration selected)	0.50 l/min to 15.0 l/min (in 0.25 l/min increments)
* 02 Flow	0.00 I/min to 15.00 I/min
(if Individual Flow selected)	
* Balance Gas Flow	Air = 0.00 l/min to 15.00 l/min
(if Individual Flow selected)	N20 = 0.00 I/min to 12.00 I/min
* Total Fresh Gas Flow limited to	o 15.00 l/min

12.3.3 Vent Schematic



The Softkeys at the top and bottom of the Vent schematic bring up related diagnostic screens that are also accessible from the Vent Subsystem menu.

- Vent Flow/Press (Section 12.9.2)
- Vent Status (Section 12.9.1)

Notes

Settings	Values	Units
Tidal Vol	200, 225, 250, 500, 700 (not settable if PCV selected)	mL
Pinsp	10, 15, 30 (not settable if VCV selected)	cmH2O
Rate	10, 13, 15, 20, 30, 35	breaths/min
I:E	2:1, 1:1, 1:2, 1:3	
PEEP	Off, 5, 10	cmH2O

12.3.4 Vaporizer Schematic



The Softkey at the bottom of the Vaporizer schematic brings up a related diagnostic screen that is also accessible from the Vaporizer Subsystem menu.

• Vaporizer Output - (Section 12.10.1)

Notes

Settings	Remarks
Manual Control	Set "Agent Concentration" to "Off" to enable Manual Control
Agent Concentration or	Move slider to increase/decrease value. Use arrow keys to fine tune setting
Prop Flow Valve DAC Value	
Zero Valves Auto	Select "Zero Valves Auto" for best accuracy flow measurements.
Inflow Zero Outflow Zero	Not settable if "Zero Valves Auto" is checked.
	Outflow Meter reading are compensated by ambient pressure stored at machine start-up.

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12.4 Menu Items

In addition to the schematic representations, the Service Application provides access to diagnostic screens through the following menu item structure.

File

Tools

Preferences (Section 12.5.1)

Exit

(Section 12.5)

- Communication Status (Section 12.6.1)
- (Section 12.6)
- System Calibrations (Section 12.6.2) Transfer Logs (Section 12.6.3)

Power Diagnostics

- (Section 12.7)
- Power Schematic (Section 12.3)
- Power Board (Section 12.7.1)
- Anesthesia Control Board Power (Section 12.7.2)
- Mixer Board Power (Section 12.7.3)
- Vent Interface Board Power (Section 12.7.4)
- Display Unit Power (Section 12.7.5)
- Vaporizer Power (Section 12.7.6)

Gas Delivery Subsystem

(Section 12.8)

- Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2)
- Gas Supply Status (Section 12.8.1)
- Mixer Output (Section 12.8.2)
- Mixer Pressure and Temperature (Section 12.8.3)
- Gas Delivery Status (Section 12.8.4)
- Mixer Post/Checkout Test Results (Section 12.8.5)
- Perform Mixer Tests (Section 12.8.6)

Vent Subsystem

- Vent Schematic (Section 12.3.3) (Section 12.9)
 - Vent Status (Section 12.9.1)
 - Vent Flow and Pressure (Section 12.9.2)

Vaporizer Subsystem

(Section 12.10)

- - Perform Vaporizer Test (Section 12.10.2)

Window

- standard "Window" manipulation items (Section 12.11)
 - (list of all open windows)

About

Help (Section 12.12)

- Vaporizer Schematic (Section 12.3.4) Vaporizer Output (Section 12.10.1)

12.5 File menu

The File menu includes the following menu items:

- Preferences (Section 12.5.1)
- Exit (quits the application)

12.5.1 File — Preferences

Selections on this screen affect the format of applicable values displayed on several of the diagnostic screens.

Unit Selection	
Label	Value
Gas Supply Pressure	kPa psi bar
Airway Pressure Units	cmH2O kPa hPa mmHg mbar
Temperature Units	Celsius Fahrenheit
Gas Color Code	ANSI ISO

Serial Port Selection

If the COM1 port is in use by another application, use the **COM Port** drop-down list on the **Serial Port Selection** screen to select an alternate COM port to use with the Service Application.

Port Selection		
COM Port:	: COM1	
	COM6	

12.6 Tools menu

The Tools menu includes the following menu items:

- Communication Status (Section 12.6.1)
- System Calibration (Section 12.6.2)
- Transfer Logs (Section 12.6.3)

12.6.1 Tools — Communication Status

Communications Status					
Label	Value				
Anesthesia Control Board	OK, Fail,				
Mixer Board	OK, Fail,				
Ventilator Interface Board	OK, Fail,				
Power Controller Board	OK, Fail,				
Controls (Front Panel) Board	OK, Fail,				
Gas Module (MGas)	OK, Fail, not detected,				
Agent Delivery Board	OK, Fail,				
Link Status	Good Link, Established Link, Re-established Link, Lost Link, No Link				

12.6.2 Tools — System Calibrations

The System Calibrations screen displays the most recent date that the system passed a User or Service calibration or test.

		Most Recent Date Test Passed	
ser calibrations/texts			
Flow and Pressure Zero	, Fee		
Circuit O2 Cell 21% Cal	-		
Circuit O2 Cell 100% Cal	F		
Backlight Test	F		
Arway Gas Cal	Æ		
ionice calibrations/tests			
Manifold P Span	1.		
Insp Flow Valve Stage I	14		11
Insp Flow Valve Stage II	1-		
Inspiratory Flow Zero	F		
Bleed Resoutar	1		- 11
Paw Span	Jan		11
Zers Gas Transdocers	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Moter P Zero	Ļ.		

12.6.3 Tools — Transfer Logs



12.7 Power Diagnostics menu

The Power Diagnostics menu includes the following menu items:

- Power Schematic (Section 12.3)
- Power Board (Section 12.7.1)
- Anesthesia Control Board Power (Section 12.7.2)
- Mixer Board Power (Section 12.7.3)
- Vent Interface Board Power (Section 12.7.4)
- Display Unit Power (Section 12.7.5)
- Vaporizer Power (Section 12.7.6)

12.7.1 Power Diagnostics — Power Board

	Power Board			
	Label	Value Format	Units	Range
	12Vdc Supply	XX.XX	Vdc	11.70 to 12.30
	3.3Vdc Supply	X.XXX	Vdc	3.201 to 3.399
	1.5 Vdc Supply	X.XXX	Vdc	1.450 to 1.550
	Battery Connected	Yes, No		
	Calc Battery Time	XX	Min	00 to 30
	Battery 1 Volts	XX.X	Vdc	10.00 to 16.50
	Battery 2 Volts	10.00 to 16.50 (black) <10.00 (red)		
	Pottory Curront	> 10.50 (ieu)	٨	11 000 to 4 000
	Battery Status	A.AAA Eail	A	- 11.000 (0 4.000
	Dallery Status	Fall Bulk Cha		
		Over Chg		
		Float Chg		
		Trickle Chg On		
		Discharge		
:*>	Date battery Tested	//		
	Last Full Discharge	XX	Min	
	Board Temperature	≤75C OK (black)	С	max 64
		>75C Fail (red)	F	max 147
	Fan Speed	Slow, Fast		
	Fan 1 Voltage	XX.XX	Vdc	Fast 11.52 - 12.48
				Slow10.08 - 10.92
	Fan 1 Status	OK, Fail		
	Fan 2 Voltage	XX.XX	Vdc	Fast 11.52 - 12.48
				Slow10.08 - 10.92
	Fan 2 Status	OK, Fail		

<*> Date battery Tested = date of Last Full Discharge (refer to section 6.10).

12.7.2 Power Diagnostics — Anesthesia Control Board Power

Anesthesia Contr	ol Board I	Power			
Label	Value	Units	Normal range		
12 Vdc Supply	XX.XX	Vdc	11.90 to 12.90		
ADC Ref	X.XXX	Vdc	4.018 to 4.176		
Label			Value	Label	Value
Gas Select 10VA V	/olts		OK, Fail	Periph1 10VA Volts	OK, Fail
Gas Select 10VA A	\mps		OK, Fail	Periph1 10VA Amps	OK, Fail
Press Transducer	10VA Amp	S	OK, Fail		
				Periph2 10VA Volts	OK, Fail
Vent Interface Boa	ard 10VA V	/olts	OK, Fail	Periph2 10VA Amps	OK, Fail
Vent Interface Boa	ard 10VA A	mps	OK, Fail		
Vent Valves 10VA	Volts		OK, Fail	Agent Delivery 10VA Volts	OK, Fail
Vent Valves 10VA	Amps		OK, Fail	Agent Delivery 10VA Amps	OK, Fail
Acces 1 10VA Volts			OK, Fail	Agent Deliv Prop Valve 10VA Volts	OK, Fail
Acces 1 10VA Am	ps		OK, Fail	Agent Deliv Prop Valve 10VA Amps	OK, Fail
Gas Unit 10VA Vol	ts		OK, Fail	Agent Deliv Inflow and Zero 10VA Volts	OK, Fail
Gas Unit 10VA Am	ps		OK, Fail	Agent Deliv Inflow and Zero 10VA Amps	OK, Fail
Mixer 10VA Volts			OK, Fail	Agent Deliv Outflow and Scav 10VA Volts	OK, Fail
Mixer 10VA Amps			OK, Fail	Agent Deliv Outflow and Scav 10VA Amps	OK, Fail
Alt O2 10VA Volts			OK, Fail	Mini AA 10VA Volts	OK, Fail
Alt O2 10VA Amps	;		OK, Fail	Mini AA 10VA Amps	OK, Fail
				Bellows Position Sensor 10VA Volts	OK, Fail
				Bellows Position Sensor 10VA Amps	OK, Fail

12.7.3 Power Diagnostics — Mixer Board Power

Mixer Board Power						
Label	Value Format	Units	Range			
Mixer 10VA Volts	OK, Fail					
12.5 V	XX.X	Vdc	11.8 to 13.0			
5.5V	X.XX	Vdc	5.39 to 5.61			
3.3V CPU	X.XX	Vdc	3.22 to 3.38			
2.5V ADC Ref	X.XX	Vdc	2.47 to 2.53			

12.7.4 Power Diagnostics — Vent Interface Board Power

Vent Interface Board Power				
Label	Value Format	Units	Range	
Vent Board 10VA Volts	OK, Fail			
Vent Valves 10VA Volts	OK, Fail			
Vent Board 12.5V	XX.XX	Vdc	11.30 to 13.13	
Vent Valves 12.5V	XX.XX	Vdc	11.30 to 13.13	
3.2 Vdc (12bit Vref)	X.XXX XXXX	Vdc Counts	3.179 to 3.221	
1.22 Vdc (10bit Vref)	X.XXX XXXX	Vdc Counts	1.074 to 1.367	
+6.0Vdc	X.XX	Vdc	5.51 to 6.50	
-6.0Vdc	-X.XX	Vdc	-6.72 to -5.28	

12.7.5 Power Diagnostics — Display Unit Power

High Performance

Display Unit (HPDU)

Display Unit Power				
Label	Value Format	Units	Range	
LCD backlight 12.5V	XX.XX	Vdc	10.54 to 14.87	
Audio 5V	X.XX	Vdc	4.39 to 5.72	
Digital 3.3V	X.XX	Vdc	2.86 to 3.81	
LCD 3.3V	X.XX	Vdc	2.86 to 3.81	
LCD Inverter B output	X.XX	Vdc	0.00 to 1.09	
LCD Inverter A output	XX.XX	Vdc	0.00 to 1.09	

12.7.6 Vaporizer Power

Vaporizer Power			
Label	Value Format	Units	Range
ADB +12.0V	X.XX	Vdc	11.1 - 12.9
ADC Ref 1	X.XX	Vdc	3.99 - 4.20
ADC Ref 2	X.XX	Vdc	3.99 - 4.20
ADB +5V Vcc	X.XX	Vdc	4.625 - 5.375
Agent Delivery 10VA Volts	OK, Fail		
Agent Deliv Prop Valve 10VA Volts	OK, Fail		
Agent Deliv Inflow and Zero 10VA Volts	OK, Fail		
Agent Deliv Outflow and Scav 10VA Volts	OK, Fail		

12.8 Gas Delivery Subsystem menu

The Gas Delivery Subsystem menu includes the following menu items:

- Gas Delivery Schematic (Section 12.3.2)
- Gas Supply Status (Section 12.8.1)
- Mixer Output (Section 12.8.2)
- Mixer Pressure and Temperature (Section 12.8.3)
- Gas Delivery Status (Section 12.8.4)
- Mixer Post/Checkout Test Results (Section 12.8.5)
- Perform Mixer Tests (Section 12.8.6)

12.8.1 Gas Delivery Subsystem — Gas Supply Status

Gas Supply Status					
Label	Value Format	Range (kPa)	Range (psi)	Range (bar)	
O2 Cylinder 1	XXXXX.XX	0.00 to 27580.00	0.00 to 40000.14	0.00 to 275.80	
02 Cylinder 2	XXXXX.XX	0.00 to 27580.00	0.00 to 40000.14	0.00 to 275.80	
Air Cylinder	XXXXX.XX	0.00 to 27580.00	0.00 to 40000.14	0.00 to 275.80	
N20 Cylinder	XXXX.XX	0.00 to 9805.00	0.00 to 1422.10	0.00 to 98.05	
02 Pipeline	XXX.XX	0.00 to 697.00	0.00 to 101.09	0.00 to 6.97	
Air Pipeline	XXX.XX	0.00 to 697.00	0.00 to 101.09	0.00 to 6.97	
N20 Pipeline	XXX.XX	0.00 to 697.00	0.00 to 101.09	0.00 to 6.97	
02 Select Valve	Open, Closed (Open = connecte	d to Mixer)			
Air Select Valve	Open, Closed (Open = connected to Mixer)				
N20 Select Valve	Open, Closed (Open = connected to Mixer)				
Alt O2 Valve	Open, Closed (Open = O2 bypass)				
Alt 02 Button	Not Pressed, Pressed				
02 Flush	Not Pressed, Pressed				
Gas Outlet Config.	SCGO or ACGO				

12.8.2 Gas Delivery Subsystem — Mixer Output

Mixer Output					
Label	Value	Units	Range		
02 Flow	XX.XX	l/min	0.00, 0.10 to 15.75		
O2 Flow Verify	XX.XX	l/min	2.00 - 18.00		
02 Flow Signal	X.XXXX	Vdc	0.0986 to 4.0100		
02 Prop Valve Drive	XXX	mA	0, 29 to 138		
Balance Gas ID	None, Air, N2O				
Balance Flow	XX.X	l/min	0.1 - 15 for Air 0.1 - 12 for N20		
Balance Flow Verify	XX.X	l/min	2 - 18 for Air 2 - 14.4 for N2O		
Balance Flow Signal	X.XXX	Vdc	0.050 to 4.045 Vdc		
Balance Prop Valve Drive	XXX	mA	0, 29 to 138		
Balance Prop Valve Drive	XXX	mA	0, 29 to 138		
02 Select Valve	Open, Closed				
Air Select Valve	Open, Closed				
N2O Select Valve	Open, Closed				
ADC Ref Voltage	X.XX	Vdc	2.47 to 2.53		

Mixer Pressure and Temperature					
Label	Value	Units	Range (kpa/C)	Range (psi/F)	Range (bar/C)
02 Pressure	XX.XX		62.05 to 220.63	9.00 to 32.00	0.62 to 2.21
02 Pressure Cal	X.XXX	Vdc	0.55 to 2.90	0.55 to 2.90	0.55 to 2.90
Balance Pressure	XX.XX		62.05 to 220.63	9.00 to 32.00	0.62 to 2.21
Balance Pres Cal	X.XXX	Vdc	0.55 to 2.90	0.55 to 2.90	0.55 to 2.90
Mixer Output Pres	XX.XX		62.05 to 199.95	9.00 to 29.00	0.62 to 2.00
Mixer Output Pres Cal	X.XXX	Vdc	0.55 to 2.90	0.55 to 2.90	0.55 to 2.90
O2 Temp	XX.X		5.00 to 50.00	41.00 to 122.00	5.00 to 50.00
O2 Temp Volts	X.XXX	Vdc	0.25 to 3.00	0.25 to 3.00	0.25 to 3.00
Balance Temp	XX.X		5.0 to 50.0	41.0 to 122.0	5.0 to 50.0
Balance Temp Volts	X.XXX	Vdc	0.25 to 3.00	0.25 to 3.00	0.25 to 3.00

12.8.3 Gas Delivery Subsystem — Mixer Pressure and Temperature

12.8.4 Gas Delivery Subsystem — Gas Delivery Status

Gas Delivery Status			
Label	Value	Units	Range
O2 Flow	XX.XX	l/min	0.00, 0.10 to 15.75
Air Flow	XX.XX	l/min	0.00, 0.10 to 15.75
N20 Flow	XX.XX	l/min	0.00, 0.10 to 12.60

12.8.5 Gas Delivery Subsystem — Mixer Post/Checkout Test Results

Mixer Post/Checkout Test Results			
Label	Test Results		
Alt O2 Valve Leak	Pass not performed (if O2 Valve Leak fails) Not done. No supply pressure Not done. Selector valve incorrect state Fail. Selector valve leaks Fail. Proportional valve leaks		
O2 Valve Leak	Pass Fail. O2 Bypass valve leaks		
Balance Gas Valve Leak (Mixer)	Pass Not done. No supply pressure Not done. Selector valve incorrect state Fail. Selector valve leaks Fail. Proportional valve leaks		
02 Flow Test	Pass Not done. No supply pressure Not done. Selector valve incorrect state Fail, 3 LPM test failed Fail, 10 LPM test failed		
Balance Flow Test	Pass Not done. No supply pressure Not done. Selector valve incorrect state Fail, 3 LPM test failed Fail, 10 LPM test failed		

12.8.6 Gas Delivery Subsystem — Perform Mixer Tests

Selecting **Perform Mixer Tests** brings up the following screen. This screen includes and automatic and a manual leak test of the Mixer's balance gas inlet check valves.

Perform Mixer Tests		×
Service Daneased	Ted Statu	
⁴⁷ Ballias DeckValve Look Test Auto ⁴⁷ Ballias DeckValve Look Test Nensal		
Stat Tear		

Automatic The BalGas Check Valve Leak Test Auto does not require disassembly of the system. It is a sensitive test that will Pass check valve that have leak rates within specifications; however, it may Fail some Mixers with marginal but acceptable leak rates. Mixers that Pass the auto leak test do not require further testing and can be left in service. Mixers that Fail the auto leak test should be further tested using the manual leak test. Manual The BalGas Check Valve Leak Test Manual requires disassembly of the system. Mixers that Pass the manual leak test have acceptable leak rates and can be left in service. • Mixers that Fail the manual leak test should be replaced. **Automatic leak test** 1. Connect an O₂ supply. 2. Select Start Test to perform the BalGas Check Valve Leak Test Auto. If Pass, balance gas check valve leak rate is acceptable.

• If Fail, verify leak rate using the manual leak test.

Manual leak test Selecting BalGas Check Valve Leak Test Manual brings up the manual leak test setup instructions.

Flow	Flow Balance Gas Check Valve Manual Leak Test 🛛 🛛 🔀				
	Test Status				
1)	Disconnect gas supplies from system.				
2)	Remove the rear cover.				
3)	Disconnect the Mixer outlet tube at the inlet to the Vaporizer manifold (MIXER VAP IN) and plug the Mixer outlet.				
4)	Disconnect the Mixer Alt O2 inlet tube at the On/Standby switch (SVV4 - ALT O2 IN).				
5)	Tee in the pressurization device and gauge to the Mixer Alt-O2 inlet tubing. Minimize the tubing length as additional volumes will affect the leak rate.				
	Start Test Cancel				

Select Start Test to perform the manual leak test as follows.

- 1. Slowly pressurize the Mixer to 400 mmHg (over a 5-second period), as read on the test device.
- 2. The pressure shown on the test gauge should not decrese to zero in less than 10 seconds.
- 3. Select 'End Test' when done.

After completing the test:

- 1. Remove all test fixtures.
- 2. Re-assemble Mixer pneumtics and remove plugs from Mixer assembly.
- 3. Re-attach Oxygen supply and activate 'Confirm'.

12.9 Vent Subsystem menu

The Vent Subsystem menu includes the following menu items:

- Vent Schematic (Section 12.3.3)
- Vent Status (Section 12.9.1)
- Vent Flow and Pressure (Section 12.9.2)

12.9.1 Vent Subsystem — Vent Status

	Vent Status				
	Label	Value			
	Vent Drive Gas	Air or O2			
	ABS Installed	Installed or Not Installed			
	Flush Valve	Not Pressed or Pressed			
<*>	CO2 Bypass	Closed or Open			
	O2 Cell Status	Connected or None			
	Bag/Vent Switch	Bag or Vent			
	Circuit Feedback	Circle, Non-circle, or fault			
	Over Pressure Circuit	OK or High-Pressure			
	ACGO/SCGO Config	ACGO or SCGO			
	Gas Inlet Valve Feedback	Open or Closed			

<*> This refers to the Canister Release switch. The value defaults to Closed if the switch kit is not installed (refer to section 10.39).

12.9.2 Vent Subsystem — Vent Flow and Pressure

	Vent Flow and Pressure						
	Menu Item	Value	Units	Range	Counts (0-4095)		
	Inspiratory Flow	XXX.X	l/min	-120.0 to 120.0	XXXX		
	Expiratory Flow	XXX.X	I/min	-120.0 to 120.0	XXXX		
<*>	Airway Pressure	XX X	cmH ₂ O	-20.0 to 120.0	XXXX		
<*>	Manifold Pressure	XXX	cmH ₂ O	-20.0 to 120.0	XXXX		
	02 Cell	XXX	%	5 to 110 %	XXXX		
	ADC Ref Voltage	X.XXX	Vdc	3.179 to 3.221			
	Flow Valve Setting	XXX.X	l/min	0.00 to 140.00	XXXX		
	Flow Valve Feedback	XXXX	mV	0 to 4095	XXXX		
	Flow Valve Current	XXXX	mA	0.0 to 102.4	XXXX		

<*>	kPA	-2.0 to 11.8
	hPA	-19.6 to 117.7
	mmHg	-14.7 to 88.3
	mBar	-19.6 to 117.7

12.10 Vaporizer Subsystem menu

The Vaporizer menu includes the following menu items:

- Vaporizer Schematic (Section 12.3.4)
- Vaporizer Output (Section 12.10.1)
- Perform Vaporizer Test (Section 12.10.2)

12.10.1 Vaporizer Subsystem — Vaporizer Output

Vaporizer Output								
Label	Value	Units	Range					
Cassette Temp 1	XX.X	C F	-2.5 to 50.0 27.5to 122.0					
Cassette Temp 2	XX.X	C F	-2.5 to 50.0 27.5to 122.0					
Manifold Temp 1	XX.X	C F	2.5 to 50.0 27.5to 122.0					
Manifold Temp 2	XX.X	C F	2.5 to 50.0 27.5to 122.0					
Input Flow	XX.X	ml/min	-200 to 6500					
Output Flow	XX.X	ml/min	-200 to 6500					
Valve Drive Sense	XX.X	mA	N/A					
Cassette Pressure	XX	kPa psi bar	77.89 to 192.51 11.30 to 27.92 0.78 to 1.93					
Agent ID	None, ENF, DES, HAL, ISO, SEV, TEST, INVALID							
Agent %	XXX		ENF, ISO, HAL • 0.0%, 0.2% to 5% SEV • 0.0%, 0.2% to 8% DES • 0.0%, 1% to 18%					
Agent Level	Full, 3/4 Full*, 1/2 Full, 1/4 Full, Empty, Overfilled, Not Available * System software	e 3.X only						

12.10.2 Vaporizer Subsystem — Perform Vaporizer Test



Checkout Progress: Complete					
FAILED: Fault detected. No Multiple possibilities: 1. Inf Measured Values Used In Tr ResultCode: 58 InitialCastPress: 741 OutflowZeroNoFlow:14103 OutflowZeroNoFlow:13353 InforeZeroNoFlow:13353 InforeZeroNoFlow:13353 InforeZeroNoFlow:13353 InforeZeroNoFlow:13353 InforeZeroNoFlow:13353 InforeZeroNoFlow:13353 InforeZeroNoFlow:13353 InforeZeroNoFlow:13352 MiserFlow:4500m/Check: 0 InputFlow:4500m/Check: 0 MiserFlow:430Check: 0 OutputFlow:430Check: 0 MiserFlow:430Check: 0 MiserFlow:430Check: 0 MiserFlow:430Check: 20 InputFlow:430Check: 20 InputFlow:PropClosed [Case OutputFlow:PropClosed [Case OutputFlow:PropClosed] 0 Dack/PressA200m/ 0 OutputFlow:PropClosed (C Check/ValveLeak: 0 PropValveSmallSignalFlowe: PropValveSmallSignalFlowe: PropValveSmallSignalFlowe:	cassette press ow Valve 2. Inf st 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ure rise. low Check Valve 3. Back sak):0 00000000000000000000000000000000000	pressure Valve	4. Flow Meter Block	
<u>s</u>					2
	Danks	Start Charlenat	Car	for H land	

12.11 Window menu

The Window menu includes the following menu items:

- Cascade
- Tile Horizontal
- Tile Vertical
- Close
- Close All
- (list of all open windows)

12.12 Help menu

The Help menu includes the following menu items: About...

About



Aisys Anesthesia System Technical Reference Manual

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